ACADEMIC YEAR 2015 – 2016

SYLLABUS

CSE

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable learners of Engineering and Technology develop their basic communication skills in English.
- To emphasize specially the development of speaking skills amongst learners of Engineering and Technology.
- To ensure that learners use the electronic media such as internet and supplement the learning materials used in the classroom.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and writing leading to effective and efficient communication.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening to audio (verbal & sounds); Speaking - Speaking about one splace, important festivals etc. - Introducing oneself, one sfamily / friend; Reading - Skimming a reading passage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing - Free writing on any given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.) - Sentence completion - Autobiographical writing (writing about one leisure time activities, hometown, etc.); Grammar - Prepositions - Reference words - Wh-questions - Tenses (Simple); Vocabulary - Word formation - Word expansion (root words / etymology); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar & Vocabulary - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to audio files and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening and responding to video lectures / talks; Speaking - Describing a simple process (filling a form, etc.) - Asking and answering questions - Telephone skills - Telephone etiquette; Reading - Critical reading - Finding key information in a given text - Sifting facts from opinions; Writing - Biographical writing (place, people) - Process descriptions (general/specific) - Definitions - Recommendations - Instructions; Grammar - Use of imperatives - Subject-verb agreement; Vocabulary - Compound words - Word Association (connotation); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening exercises with sample telephone conversations / lectures - Picture-based activities.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to specific task - focused audio tracks; Speaking - Role-play - Simulation - Group interaction - Speaking in formal situations (teachers, officials, foreigners); Reading - Reading and interpreting visual material; Writing - Jumbled sentences - Coherence and cohesion in writing - Channel conversion (flowchart into process) - Types of paragraph (cause and effect / compare and contrast / narrative / analytical) - Informal writing (letter/e-mail/blogs) - Paraphrasing; Grammar - Tenses (Past) - Use of sequence words - Adjectives; Vocabulary - Different forms and uses of words, Cause and effect words; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Excerpts from films related to the theme and follow up exercises - Pictures of flow charts and tables for interpretations.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Watching videos / documentaries and responding to questions based on them; Speaking - Responding to questions - Different forms of interviews - Speaking at different types of interviews;

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Reading - Making inference from the reading passage - Predicting the content of a reading passage; Writing - Interpreting visual materials (line graphs, pie charts etc.) - Essay writing - Different types of essays; Grammar - Adverbs - Tenses - future time reference; Vocabulary - Single word substitutes - Use of abbreviations and acronyms; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sample interviews - film scenes - dialogue writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Listening to different accents, Listening to Speeches/Presentations, Listening to broadcast and telecast from Radio and TV; Speaking - Giving impromptu talks, Making presentations on given topics; Reading - Email communication - Reading the attachment files having a poem/joke/proverb - Sending their responses through email; Writing - Creative writing, Poster making; Grammar - Direct and indirect speech; Vocabulary - Lexical items (fixed / semi fixed expressions); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sending emails with attachment - Audio / video excerpts of different accents - Interpreting posters.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to:

- Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012.
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Raman, Meenakshi & Sangeetha Sharma. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press, New Delhi. 2011
- 2. Regional Institute of English. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi. 2006
- 3. Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2005.
- 4. Rutherford, Andrea. J Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson, New Delhi. 2001
- 5. Viswamohan, Aysha. English for Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2008

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Kalam, Abdul. Wings of Fire. Universities Press, Hyderabad. 1999.

WEBSITES:

- 1. http://www.usingenglish.com
- 2. http://www.uefap.com

TEACHING METHODS:



- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like self introduction, peer introduction, group poster making, grammar and vocabulary games, etc.
- Discussions
- Role play activities
- Short presentations
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussion, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc.

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Reviews
- Creative writing
- Poster making, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual speaking activities, Pair work activities like role play, Interview, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded from simple to complex, from direct to inferential
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing paragraphs, essays etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6151 MATHEMATICS – I

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques this is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To make the student knowledgeable in the area of infinite series and their convergence so that he/ she will be familiar with limitations of using infinite series approximations for solutions arising in mathematical modeling.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches
 of engineering.
- To introduce the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in engineering applications.

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 To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

UNIT I MATRICES 9+3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix - Characteristic equation - Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors - Statement and applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem - Diagonalization of matrices - Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation - Nature of quadratic forms.

UNIT II SEQUENCES AND SERIES

9+3

Sequences: Definition and examples - Series: Types and Convergence - Series of positive terms - Tests of convergence: Comparison test, Integral test and D"Alembert"s ratio test - Alternating series - Leibnitz"s test - Series of positive and negative terms - Absolute and conditional convergence.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

9+3

Curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates - Centre and radius of curvature - Circle of curvature - Evolutes - Envelopes - Evolute as envelope of normals.

UNIT IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

9+3

Limits and Continuity - Partial derivatives - Total derivative - Differentiation of implicit functions - Jacobian and properties - Taylor's series for functions of two variables - Maxima and minima of functions of two variables - Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9+3

Double integrals in cartesian and polar coordinates - Change of order of integration - Area enclosed by plane curves - Change of variables in double integrals - Area of a curved surface - Triple integrals - Volume of Solids.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 This course equips students to have basic knowledge and understanding in one fields of materials, integral and differential calculus.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O"Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, (2012).
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I,

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PH6151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

 To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.

UNIT I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

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Lattice – Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Lattice planes – Miller indices – d spacing in cubic lattice – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell - Atomic radius - Coordination number - Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures - Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment)-Crystal growth techniques -solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)

UNIT II PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS

9

Elasticity- Hooke's law - Relationship between three modulii of elasticity (qualitative) - stress -strain diagram - Poisson's ratio -Factors affecting elasticity -Bending moment - Depression of a cantilever -Young's modulus by uniform bending - I-shaped girders

Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton's law of cooling - Linear heat flow - Lee's disc method - Radial heat flow - Rubber tube method - conduction through compound media (series and parallel)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation - Planck's theory (derivation) - Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh - Jeans' Law from Planck's theory - Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification - Properties of Matter waves - G.P Thomson experiment -Schrödinger's wave equation - Time independent and time dependent equations - Physical significance of wave function - Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope - Transmission electron microscope.

UNIT IV ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS

9

Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber-Fechner law - Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method - Absorption Coefficient and its determination -factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing - pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C - scan displays, Medical applications - Sonogram

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UNIT V PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS

9

2

Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion -Einstein's A and B coefficients - derivation. Types of lasers - Nd:YAG, CO

Industrial and Medical Applications., Semiconductor lasers (homojunction & heterojunction)-

Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres - Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) - attenuation, dispersion, bending - Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will have knowledge on the basics of physics related to properties of matter, optics, acoustics etc., and they will apply these fundamental principles to solve practical problems related to materials used for engineering applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M. Engineering Physics. Anuradha publishers, 2010.
- 2. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L. Engineering Physics. Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2009
- 3. Mani Naidu S. Engineering Physics, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Searls and Zemansky. University Physics, 2009
- 2. Mani P. Engineering Physics I. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- 3. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009.
- 4. Palanisamy P.K. Engineering Physics. SCITECH Publications, 2011.
- 5. Rajagopal K. Engineering Physics. PHI, New Delhi, 2011.
- 6. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics I. VRB Publishers, 2011.

CY6151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - I

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with basics of polymer chemistry.
- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of second law of thermodynamics and second law based derivations of importance in engineering applications in all disciplines.
- To acquaint the student with concepts of important photophysical and photochemical processes and spectroscopy.
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.
- To acquaint the students with the basics of nano materials, their properties and applications.

UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction: Classification of polymers – Natural and synthetic; Thermoplastic and Thermosetting. Functionality – Degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization: Addition (Free Radical, cationic and anionic); condensation and copolymerization. Properties of polymers: Tg, Tacticity, Molecular weight - weight average, number average and polydispersity index. Techniques of polymerization: Bulk, emulsion, solution and suspension. Preparation, properties and uses of Nylon

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UNIT II CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS

9

Terminology of thermodynamics - Second law: Entropy - entropy change for an ideal gas, reversible and irreversible processes; entropy of phase transitions; Clausius inequality. Free energy and work function: Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy functions (problems); Criteria of spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation (problems); Clausius-Clapeyron equation; Maxwell relations - Van't Hoff isotherm and isochore(problems).

UNIT III PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY

9

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Quantum efficiency - determination- Photo processes - Internal Conversion, Inter-system crossing, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescence and Photo-sensitization. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - Absorption of radiation - Electronic, Vibrational and rotational transitions. UV-visible and IR spectroscopy - principles, instrumentation (Block diagram only).

UNIT IV PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS

9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, One Component System- water system - Reduced phase rule - Two Component Systems- classification - lead-silver system, zinc-magnesium system. Alloys: Introduction- Definition- Properties of alloys- Significance of alloying, Functions and effect of alloying elements- Ferrous alloys- Nichrome and Stainless steel - heat treatment of steel; Non-ferrous alloys - brass and bronze.

UNIT V NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Basics - distinction between molecules, nanoparticles and bulk materials; size-dependent properties. nanoparticles: nano cluster, nano rod, nanotube(CNT) and nanowire. Synthesis: precipitation, thermolysis, hydrothermal, solvothermal, electrodeposition, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation; Properties and applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• The knowledge gained on polymer chemistry, thermodynamics. spectroscopy, phase rule and nano materials will provide a strong platform to understand the concepts on these subjects for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain P.C. and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Kannan P., Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dara S.S, Umare S.S, "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi 2010
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Gowariker V.R., Viswanathan N.V. and Jayadev Sreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International P (Ltd.,), Chennai, 2006.
- 4. Ozin G. A. and Arsenault A. C., "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials",

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GE6151

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

L T PC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Learn the organization of a digital computer.
- Be exposed to the number systems.
- Learn to think logically and write pseudo code or draw flow charts for problems.
- Be exposed to the syntax of C.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use arrays, strings, functions, pointers, structures and unions in C.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Generation and Classification of Computers- Basic Organization of a Computer -Number System - Binary - Decimal - Conversion - Problems. Need for logical analysis and thinking - Algorithm - Pseudo code - Flow Chart.

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING BASICS

10

Problem formulation – Problem Solving - Introduction to "C" programming -fundamentals – structure of a "C" program – compilation and linking processes – Constants, Variables – Data Types – Expressions using operators in "C" – Managing Input and Output operations – Decision Making and Branching – Looping statements – solving simple scientific and statistical problems.

UNIT III ARRAYS AND STRINGS

9

Arrays - Initialization - Declaration - One dimensional and Two dimensional arrays. String- String operations - String Arrays. Simple programs- sorting- searching - matrix operations.

UNIT IV FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS

9

Function – definition of function – Declaration of function – Pass by value – Pass by reference – Recursion - Pointers - Definition - Initialization - Pointers arithmetic - Pointers and arrays- Example Problems.

UNIT V STRUCTURES AND UNIONS

9

Introduction - need for structure data type - structure definition - Structure declaration - Structure within a structure - Union - Programs using structures and Unions - Storage classes, Pre-processor directives.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design C Programs for problems.
- Write and execute C programs for simple applications

TEXTBOOKS:

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GRIPERLIMBUDUR - 631004

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, 2011.
- 2. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Fundamentals of Computing and Programming in C", First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 3. Yashavant P. Kanetkar. "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum"s Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006
- 2. Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007.
- 3. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie, D.M, "The C Programming language", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

GE6152

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

L T P C 2 0 34

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in students, graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of Engineering products
- To expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

1

Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments – BIS conventions and specifications – Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets – Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING

5+9

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method – Construction of cycloid – construction of involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves, Scales: Construction of Diagonal and Vernier scales.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles -Representation of Three Dimensional objects - Layout of views- Free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

5+9

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

5+9

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.



UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

5+9

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other - obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids - Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS

6+9

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale -Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions and miscellaneous problems. Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method .

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (Demonstration Only)

3

Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration of their use.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Perform free hand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of objects.
- Do orthographic projection of lines and plane surfaces.
- Draw projections and solids and development of surfaces.
- Prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.
- Demonstrate computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 50th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2007.
- 2. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.
- 5. Natrajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 6. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- 2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- 3. IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- 4. IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- 5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001: Technical drawings Projection Methods.

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Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- 1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- 3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
- 4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

GE6161

COMPUTER PRACTICES LABORATORY

LTP C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with the use of Office software.
- Be exposed to presentation and visualization tools.
- Be exposed to problem solving techniques and flow charts.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use Arrays, strings, functions, structures and unions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Search, generate, manipulate data using MS office/ Open Office
- 2. Presentation and Visualization graphs, charts, 2D, 3D
- 3. Problem formulation, Problem Solving and Flowcharts
- 4. C Programming using Simple statements and expressions
- 5. Scientific problem solving using decision making and looping.
- 6. Simple programming for one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.
- 7. Solving problems using String functions
- 8. Programs with user defined functions Includes Parameter Passing
- 9. Program using Recursive Function and conversion from given program to flow chart.
- 10. Program using structures and unions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Design and implement C programs for simple applications.
- Develop recursive programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

(or)

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

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GE6162

ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

LTP C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

• To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

9

Buildings:

(a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:
 - Basic pipe connections Mixed pipe material connection Pipe connections with different joining components.
- (e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.
- (b) Gas welding practice

Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making Trays, funnels, etc.
- (c) Different type of joints.

Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

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- (a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example Exercise Production of hexagonal headed bolt.
- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and vee fitting models.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

III ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

10

- 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.
- 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

IV ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

- 1. Study of Electronic components and equipments Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.
- 2. Study of logic gates AND, OR, EOR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- 5. Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- Ability to use welding equipments to join the structures.
- Ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

CIVIL

 Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs and other fittings.

2. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench)3. Standard woodworking tools15 Nos.15 Sets.

4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints 5 each

5. Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer 2 Nos

(b) Demolition Hammer 2 Nos

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(c) Circular Saw(d) Planer(e) Hand Drilling Machine(f) Jigsaw	2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos
MECHANICAL	
 Arc welding transformer with cables and holders Welding booth with exhaust facility Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer, 	5 Nos. 5 Nos.
wire brush, etc. 4. Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other	5 Sets.
welding outfit.	2 Nos.
5. Centre lathe	2 Nos.
6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools7. Moulding table, foundry tools8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder	2 Sets. 2 Sets. 2 Nos
<u> </u>	ne each.
ELECTRICAL	
 Assorted electrical components for house wiring Electrical measuring instruments Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergency la Megger (250V/500V) Power Tools: (a) Range Finder (b) Digital Live-wire detector 	15 Sets 10 Sets mp 1 each 1 No. 2 Nos 2 Nos
ELECTRONICS	
Soldering guns Assorted electronic components for making circuits	10 Nos. 50 Nos.

REFERENCES:

3. Small PCBs

4. Multimeters

supply

1. Jeyachandran K., Natarajan S. & Balasubramanian S., "A Primer on Engineering Practices Laboratory", Anuradha Publications, (2007).

10 Nos.

10 Nos.

- 2. Jeyapoovan T., Saravanapandian M. & Pranitha S., "Engineering Practices Lab Manual", Vikas Puplishing House Pvt.Ltd, (2006)
- 3. Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, (2007).
- 4. Rajendra Prasad A. & Sarma P.M.M.S., "Workshop Practice", Sree Sai Publication, (2002).
- 5. Kannaiah P. & Narayana K.L., "Manual on Workshop Practice", Scitech Publications, (1999).

GE6163 PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY – I

5. Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage power

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LTPC

PHYSICS LABORATORY - I

OBJECTIVES:

To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1 (a) Determination of Wavelength, and particle size using Laser
 - (b) Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.
- 2. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic interferometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum spectrometer grating
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Lee's Disc method
- 5. Determination of Young's modulus by Non uniform bending method
- 6. Determination of specific resistance of a given coil of wire Carey Foster"s Bridge

OUTCOMES:

The hands on exercises undergone by the students will help them to apply physics principles of optics and thermal physics to evaluate engineering properties of materials.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Diode laser, lycopodium powder, glass plate, optical fiber.
- 2. Ultrasonic interferometer
- 3. Spectrometer, mercury lamp, grating
- 4. Lee"s Disc experimental set up
- 5. Traveling microscope, meter scale, knife edge, weights
- 6. Carey foster"s bridge set up

(vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY-I LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

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- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric and instrumental analysis.
- To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by vacometry.
- 1. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler"s method.
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method
- 3. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter
- 4. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter
- 5. Estimation of iron content of the water sample using spectrophotometer
- 6. (1,10- phenanthroline / thiocyanate method)
- 7. Determination of molecular weight of polyvinylalcohol using Ostwald viscometer
- 8. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Yor (2001).
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel"s Textbook of practical organic chemistry", LBS Singapore (1994).
- 3. Jeffery G.H., Bassett J., Mendham J.and Denny vogel's R.C, "Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M., Sandell E.B. et al. "Quantitative chemical analysis", Mcmillan, Madras 1980.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

lodine flask - 30 Nos
 pH meter - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos
 Spectrophotometer - 5 Nos
 Ostwald Viscometer - 10 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (each 30 Nos.)

HS6251 TECHNICAL ENGLISH II

LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To make learners acquire listening and speaking skills in both formal and informal contexts.
- To help them develop their reading skills by familiarizing them with different types of reading strategies.
- To equip them with writing skills needed for academic as well as workplace contexts.
- To make them acquire language skills at their own pace by using e-materials and language lab components

UNIT I 9+3

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Listening - Listening to informal conversations and participating; Speaking - Opening a conversation (greetings, comments on topics like weather) - Turn taking - Closing a conversation (excuses, general wish, positive comment, thanks); Reading - Developing analytical skills, Deductive and inductive reasoning - Extensive reading; Writing - Effective use of SMS for sending short notes and messages - Using "emoticons" as symbols in email messages; Grammar - Regular and irregular verbs - Active and passive voice; Vocabulary - Homonyms (e.g. "can") - Homophones (e.g. "some", "sum"); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - blogging; Language Lab - Listening to different types of conversation and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening to situation based dialogues; Speaking - Conversation practice in real life situations, asking for directions (using polite expressions), giving directions (using imperative sentences), Purchasing goods from a shop, Discussing various aspects of a film (they have already seen) or a book (they have already read); Reading - Reading a short story or an article from newspaper, Critical reading, Comprehension skills; Writing - Writing a review / summary of a story / article, Personal letter (Inviting your friend to a function, congratulating someone for his / her success, thanking one"s friends / relatives); Grammar - modal verbs, Purpose expressions; Vocabulary - Phrasal verbs and their meanings, Using phrasal verbs in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and vocabulary, Extensive reading activity (reading stories / novels), Posting reviews in blogs - Language Lab - Dialogues (Fill up exercises), Recording students" dialogues.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to the conversation - Understanding the structure of conversations; Speaking - Conversation skills with a sense of stress, intonation, pronunciation and meaning - Seeking information - expressing feelings (affection, anger, regret, etc.); Reading - Speed reading - reading passages with time limit - Skimming; Writing - Minutes of meeting - format and practice in the preparation of minutes - Writing summary after reading articles from journals - Format for journal articles - elements of technical articles (abstract, introduction, methodology, results, discussion, conclusion, appendices, references) - Writing strategies; Grammar - Conditional clauses - Cause and effect expressions; Vocabulary - Words used as nouns and verbs without any change in the spelling (e.g. "rock", "train", "ring"); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - Speed Reading practice exercises; Language Lab - Intonation practice using EFLU and RIE materials - Attending a meeting and writing minutes.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Listening to a telephone conversation, Viewing model interviews (face-to-face, telephonic and video conferencing); Speaking - Role play practice in telephone skills - listening and responding, -asking questions, -note taking - passing on messages, Role play and mock interview for grasping interview skills; Reading - Reading the job advertisements and the profile of the company concerned - scanning; Writing - Applying for a job - cover letter - résumé preparation - vision, mission and goals of the candidate; Grammar - Numerical expressions - Connectives (discourse markers); Vocabulary - Idioms and their meanings - using idioms in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and Vocabulary - Different forms of résumés- Filling up a résumé / cover letter; Language Lab - Telephonic interview - recording the responses - e-résumé writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Viewing a model group discussion and reviewing the performance of each participant - Identifying the characteristics of a good listener; Speaking - Group discussion skills - initiating the discussion - exchanging suggestions and proposals - expressing dissent/agreement - assertiveness

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in expressing opinions - mind mapping technique; Reading - Note making skills - making notes from books, or any form of written materials - Intensive reading; Writing - Checklist - Types of reports - Feasibility / Project report - report format - recommendations / suggestions - interpretation of data (using charts for effective presentation); Grammar - Use of clauses; Vocabulary - Collocation; E-materials - Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises - Sample GD - Pictures for discussion, Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises; Language Lab - Different models of group discussion.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to:

- Speak convincingly, express their opinions clearly, initiate a discussion, negotiate, argue using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write effectively and persuasively and produce different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- Read different genres of texts, infer implied meanings and critically analyse and evaluate them for ideas as well as for method of presentation.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken excerpts critically and infer unspoken and implied meanings.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- Anderson, Paul V. Technical Communication: A Reader-Centered Approach. Cengage. New Delhi. 2008
- 2. Muralikrishna, & Sunita Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers. Pearson, New Delhi. 2011
- 3. Riordan, Daniel. G. Technical Communication. Cengage Learning, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Sharma, Sangeetha & Binod Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists. PHI Learning, New Delhi. 2009
- 5. Smith-Worthington, Darlene & Sue Jefferson. Technical Writing for Success. Cengage, Mason USA. 2007

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

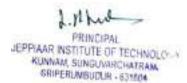
1. Khera, Shiv. You can Win. Macmillan, Delhi. 1998.

Websites

- 1. http://www.englishclub.com
- 2. http://owl.english.purdue.edu

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like individual writing and presentations, group discussions, interviews, reporting, etc



- Long presentations using visual aids
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussions, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc
- Projects like group reports, mock interviews etc using a combination of two or more of the language skills

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Report
- Creative writing, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- Speaking assessment: Individual presentations, Group discussions
- Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded following Bloom's taxonomy
- Writing assessment: Writing essays, CVs, reports etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content graded following Bloom"s taxonomy.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6251 MATHEMATICS – II

LT P C 31 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential equations that model engineering problems.
- To acquaint the student with the concepts of vector calculus, needed for problems in all engineering disciplines.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory so as to enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow the of electric current.
- To make the student appreciate the purpose of using transforms to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.

UNIT I VECTOR CALCULUS

9+3

Gradient, divergence and curl - Directional derivative - Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields - Vector integration - Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes' theorem (excluding proofs) - Simple applications involving cubes and rectangular parallelopipeds.

UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

9+3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients - Method of variation of

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parameters - Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations - Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT III LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Laplace transform - Sufficient condition for existence - Transform of elementary functions - Basic properties - Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse functions - Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform -Statement of Convolution theorem - Initial and final value theorems - Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients using Laplace transformation techniques.

UNIT IV ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions of a complex variable - Analytic functions: Necessary conditions - Cauchy-Riemann equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs) - Harmonic and orthogonal properties of analytic function - Harmonic conjugate - Construction of analytic functions - Conformal mapping: w = z+k, kz, 1/z, z², e² and bilinear transformation.

UNIT V COMPLEX INTEGRATION

9+3

Complex integration - Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula - Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions - Singular points - Residues - Cauchy's residue theorem - Evaluation of real definite integrals as contour integrals around unit circle and semi-circle (excluding poles on the real axis).

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

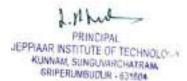
The subject helps the students to develop the fundamentals and basic concepts in vector calculus, ODE, Laplace transform and complex functions. Students will be able to solve problems related to engineering applications by using these techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd.,2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O"Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, (2012).
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics" Volume II, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing 2011.



PH6251

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - II

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

 To enrich the understanding of various types of materials and their applications in engineering and technology.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Conductors – classical free electron theory of metals – Electrical and thermal conductivity – Wiedemann – Franz law – Lorentz number – Draw backs of classical theory – Quantum theory – Fermi distribution function – Effect of temperature on Fermi Function – Density of energy states – carrier concentration in metals.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Intrinsic semiconductor - carrier concentration derivation - Fermi level - Variation of Fermi level with temperature - electrical conductivity - band gap determination - compound semiconductors -direct and indirect band gap- derivation of carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor - variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration — Hall effect -Determination of Hall coefficient – Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Origin of magnetic moment - Bohr magneton - comparison of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism - Domain theory - Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials - antiferromagnetic materials - Ferrites and its applications Superconductivity : properties - Type I and Type II superconductors - BCS theory of superconductivity(Qualitative) - High $T_{\rm c}$ superconductors - Applications of superconductors - SQUID, cryotron, magnetic levitation.

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

9

Electrical susceptibility - dielectric constant - electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization - frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation - internal field - Claussius - Mosotti relation (derivation) - dielectric loss - dielectric breakdown - uses of dielectric materials (capacitor and transformer) - ferroelectricity and applications.

UNIT V ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Metallic glasses: preparation, properties and applications. Shape memory alloys (SMA): Characteristics, properties of NiTi alloy, application, Nanomaterials- Preparation -pulsed laser deposition - chemical vapour deposition - Applications - NLO materials -Birefringence- optical Kerr effect - Classification of Biomaterials and its applications

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

The students will have the knowledge on physics of materials and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M., Materials Science. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics. New Age International(P) Ltd., publishers, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Palanisamy P.K. Materials Science. SCITECH Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2011.

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- 3. Mani P. Engineering Physics II. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- 4. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009.

CY6251

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY-II

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.
- Principles of electrochemical reactions, redox reactions in corrosion of materials and methods for corrosion prevention and protection of materials.
- Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.
- Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

9

Introduction to boiler feed water-requirements-formation of deposits in steam boilers and heat exchangers- disadvantages (wastage of fuels, decrease in efficiency, boiler explosion) prevention of scale formation -softening of hard water -external treatment zeolite and demineralization - internal treatment- boiler compounds (phosphate, calgon, carbonate, colloidal) - caustic embrittlement-boiler corrosion-priming and foaming- desalination of brackish water -reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION

9

Electrochemical cell - redox reaction, electrode potential- origin of electrode potential- oxidation potential- reduction potential, measurement and applications - electrochemical series and its significance - Nernst equation (derivation and problems). Corrosion- causes- factors- types-chemical, electrochemical corrosion (galvanic, differential aeration), corrosion control - material selection and design aspects - electrochemical protection – sacrificial anode method and impressed current cathodic method. Paints- constituents and function. Electroplating of Copper and electroless plating of nickel.

UNIT III ENERGY SOURCES

9

Introduction- nuclear energy- nuclear fission- controlled nuclear fission- nuclear fusion- differences between nuclear fission and fusion- nuclear chain reactions- nuclear reactor power generator-classification of nuclear reactor- light water reactor- breeder reactor- solar energy conversion- solar cells- wind energy. Batteries and fuel cells: Types of batteries- alkaline battery- lead storage battery-nickel-cadmium battery- lithium battery- fuel cell H_2 - O_2 fuel cell- applications.

UNIT IV ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Abrasives: definition, classification or types, grinding wheel, abrasive paper and cloth. Refractories: definition, characteristics, classification, properties - refractoriness and RUL, dimensional stability, thermal spalling, thermal expansion, porosity; Manufacture of alumina, magnesite and silicon carbide, Portland cement- manufacture and properties - setting and hardening of cement, special cement-waterproof and white cement-properties and uses. Glass - manufacture, types, properties and uses.

UNIT V FUELS AND COMBUSTION

9

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Fuel: Introduction- classification of fuels- calorific value- higher and lower calorific values- coalanalysis of coal (proximate and ultimate)- carbonization- manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum- manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process)- knocking- octane number - diesel oil- cetane number - natural gas- compressed natural gas(CNG)- liquefied petroleum gases(LPG)- producer gas- water gas. Power alcohol and bio diesel. Combustion of fuels: introduction- theoretical calculation of calorific value- calculation of stoichiometry of fuel and air ratioignition temperature- explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Vairam S, Kalyani P and SubaRamesh., "Engineering Chemistry"., Wiley India PvtLtd., New Delhi., 2011
- 2. Dara S.S and Umare S.S. "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2010

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kannan P. and Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009.
- 2. AshimaSrivastava and Janhavi N N., "Concepts of Engineering Chemistry", ACME Learning Private Limited., New Delhi., 2010.
- 3. RenuBapna and Renu Gupta., "Engineering Chemistry", Macmillan India Publisher Ltd., 2010.
- 4. Pahari A and Chauhan B., "Engineering Chemistry"., Firewall Media., New Delhi., 2010

CS6201

DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND SYSTEM DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the various number systems.
- Learn Boolean Algebra
- Understand the various logic gates.
- Be familiar with various combinational circuits.
- Be familiar with designing synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits.
- Be exposed to designing using PLD

UNIT I BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC GATES

9

Review of Number Systems - Arithmetic Operations - Binary Codes - Boolean Algebra and Theorems - Boolean Functions - Simplification of Boolean Functions using Karnaugh Map and Tabulation Methods - Logic Gates - NAND and NOR Implementations.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL LOGIC

9

Combinational Circuits - Analysis and Design Procedures - Circuits for Arithmetic Operations, Code

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Conversion - Decoders and Encoders - Multiplexers and Demultiplexers - Introduction to HDL - HDL Models of Combinational circuits.

UNIT III SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

9

Sequential Circuits - Latches and Flip Flops - Analysis and Design Procedures - State Reduction and State Assignment - Shift Registers - Counters - HDL for Sequential Logic Circuits.

UNIT IV ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

9

Analysis and Design of Asynchronous Sequential Circuits - Reduction of State and Flow Tables - Race-free State Assignment – Hazards.

UNIT V MEMORY AND PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

RAM and ROM - Memory Decoding - Error Detection and Correction - Programmable Logic Array - Programmable Array Logic - Sequential Programmable Devices - Application Specific Integrated Circuits.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

- Perform arithmetic operations in any number system.
- Simplify the Boolean expression using K-Map and Tabulation techniques.
- Use boolean simplification techniques to design a combinational hardware circuit.
- Design and Analysis of a given digital circuit combinational and sequential.
- Design using PLD.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Morris Mano M. and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", IV Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Charles H. Roth Jr, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", Fifth Edition Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, 2003.
- 3. Donald D. Givone, "Digital Principles and Design", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2003.
- 4. Kharate G. K., "Digital Electronics", Oxford University Press, 2010.

CS6202

PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES I

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with the basics of C programming language.
- Be exposed to the concepts of ADTs
- Learn linear data structures list, stack, and gueue.
- Be exposed to sorting, searching, hashing algorithms

UNIT I C PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS- A REVIEW

9

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Conditional statements - Control statements - Functions - Arrays - Preprocessor - Pointers - Variation in pointer declarations - Function Pointers - Function with Variable number of arguments

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING ADVANCED FEATURES

9

Structures and Unions - File handling concepts - File read - write - binary and Stdio - File Manipulations

UNIT III LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – LIST

9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) - List ADT - array-based implementation - linked list implementation - singly linked lists- circularly linked lists- doubly-linked lists - applications of lists -Polynomial Manipulation - All operation (Insertion, Deletion, Merge, Traversal)

UNIT IV LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – STACKS, QUEUES

9

Stack ADT - Evaluating arithmetic expressions- other applications- Queue ADT - circular queue implementation - Double ended Queues - applications of queues

UNIT V SORTING, SEARCHING AND HASH TECHNIQUES

9

Sorting algorithms: Insertion sort - Selection sort - Shell sort - Bubble sort - Quick sort - Merge sort - Radix sort - Searching: Linear search -Binary Search Hashing: Hash Functions - Separate Chaining - Open Addressing - Rehashing - Extendible Hashing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Use the control structures of C appropriately for problems.
- Implement abstract data types for linear data structures.
- Apply the different linear data structures to problem solutions.
- Critically analyse the various algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 1988.
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 1997.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L.Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Second Edition, Mcgraw Hill, 2002.
- 2. Reema Thareja, "Data Structures Using C", Oxford University Press, 2011
- 3. Aho, Hopcroft and Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, 1983.
- 4. Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", 3rd edition, Pearson Ed.,

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PHYSICS LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

• To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

(Any FIVE Experiments)

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method
- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor
- 3. Determination of Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid -Poiseuille"s method
- 4. Determination of Dispersive power of a prism Spectrometer
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire Air wedge method
- 6. Determination of Rigidity modulus Torsion pendulum

OUTCOMES:

• The students will have the ability to test materials by using their knowledge of applied physics principles in optics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Traveling microscope, meter scale, Knife edge, weights
- 2. Band gap experimental set up
- 3. Burette, Capillary tube, rubber tube, stop clock, beaker and weighing balance
- 4. spectrometer, prism, sodium vapour lamp.
- 5. Air-wedge experimental set up.
- 6. Torsion pendulum set up.

(vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY -II

OBJECTIVES:

 To make the student acquire practical skills in the wet chemical and instrumental methods for quantitative estimation of hardness, alkalinity, metal ion content, corrosion in metals and cement analysis.

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. Determination of alkalinity in water sample
- 2. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method
- 3. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by EDTA method
- 4. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 5. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 6. Estimation of sodium present in water using flame photometer
- 7. Corrosion experiment weight loss method
- 8. Conductometric precipitation titration using BaCl₂ and Na₂SO₄
- 9. Determination of CaO in Cement.

OUTCOMES:

The students will be conversant with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of

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TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

water quality related parameters, corrosion measurement and cement analysis.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York (2001).
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel"s Textbook of practical organic chemistry, LBS Singapore (1994).
- 3. Jeffery G.H, Bassett J., Mendham J. and Denny R.C., "Vogel"s Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M. and Sandell E.B. et al. Quantitative chemical analysis, Mcmillan, Madras 1980
- Laboratory classes on alternate weeks for Physics and Chemistry.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Potentiometer - 5 Nos
 Flame photo meter - 5 Nos
 Weighing Balance - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (30 Nos each)

CS6211

DIGITAL LABORATORY

LT P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the various logic gates.
- Be familiar with various combinational circuits.
- Understand the various components used in the design of digital computers.
- Be exposed to sequential circuits
- Learn to use HDL

ST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Verification of Boolean Theorems using basic gates.
- 2. Design and implementation of combinational circuits using basic gates for arbitrary functions, code converters.
- 3. Design and implementation of combinational circuits using MSI devices:
 - 4 bit binary adder / subtractor
 - Parity generator / checker
 - Magnitude Comparator
 - Application using multiplexers
- 4. Design and implementation of sequential circuits:
 - Shift -registers
 - Synchronous and asynchronous counters
- 5. Coding combinational / sequential circuits using HDL.
- 6. Design and implementation of a simple digital system (Mini Project).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

- Use boolean simplification techniques to design a combinational hardware circuit.
- Design and Implement combinational and sequential circuits.
- Analyze a given digital circuit combinational and sequential.
- Design the different functional units in a digital computer system.
- Design and Implement a simple digital system.

LABORATORY REQUIREMENT FOR BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS HARDWARE:

- 1. Digital trainer kits 30
- 2. Digital ICs required for the experiments in sufficient numbers 96

SOFTWARE:

1. HDL simulator.

CS6212 PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY I

L T P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Be familiar with c programming
- Be exposed to implementing abstract data types
- Learn to use files
- Learn to implement sorting and searching algorithms.
- 1. C Programs using Conditional and Control Statements
- 2. C Programs using Arrays, Strings and Pointers and Functions
- 3. Representation of records using Structures in C Creation of Linked List Manipulation of records in a Linked List
- 4. File Handling in C Sequential access Random Access
- 5. Operations on a Stack and Queue infix to postfix simple expression evaluation using stacks Linked Stack Implementation Linked Queue Implementation
- 6. Implementation of Sorting algorithms
- 7. Implementation of Linear search and Binary Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and implement C programs for implementing stacks, queues, linked lists.
- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Apply the different data structures for implementing solutions to practical problems.
- Develop searching and sorting programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

(or)

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Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

MA6566

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

To extend student's Logical and Mathematical maturity and ability to deal with abstraction and to introduce most of the basic terminologies used in computer science courses and application of ideas to solve practical problems.

UNIT I LOGIC AND PROOFS

9+3

Propositional Logic - Propositional equivalences - Predicates and Quantifiers - Nested Quantifiers - Rules of inference - Introduction to proofs - Proof methods and strategy.

UNIT II COMBINATORICS

9+3

Mathematical induction – Strong induction and well ordering – The basics of counting – The pigeonhole principle - Permutations and combinations - Recurrence relations - Solving linear recurrence relations - Generating functions - Inclusion and exclusion principle and its applications.

UNIT III GRAPHS 9+3

Graphs and graph models - Graph terminology and special types of graphs - Matrix representation of graphs and graph isomorphism - Connectivity - Euler and Hamilton paths.

UNIT IV ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES

9+3

Algebraic systems - Semi groups and monoids - Groups - Subgroups - Homomorphism's - Normal subgroup and cosets - Lagrange's theorem - Definitions and examples of Rings and Fields.

UNIT V LATTICES AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

9+3

Partial ordering - Posets - Lattices as posets - Properties of lattices - Lattices as algebraic systems - Sub lattices - Direct product and homomorphism - Some special lattices - Boolean algebra.

TOTAL (L: 45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students would:

- Have knowledge of the concepts needed to test the logic of a program.
- Have an understanding in identifying structures on many levels.
- Be aware of a class of functions which transform a finite set into another finite set which relates to input and output functions in computer science.
- Be aware of the counting principles.
- Be exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as groups, rings and fields.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kenneth H.Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", 7th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2011.
- 2. Tremblay J.P. and Manohar R, "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 30th Reprint, 2011.

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Ralph.P.Grimaldi., "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction", 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Thomas Koshy., "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", Elsevier Publications. 2006.
- 3. Seymour Lipschutz and Mark Lipson., "Discrete Mathematics", Schaum"s Outlines, Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2010.

CS6501

INTERNET PROGRAMMING

LTPC 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn Java Programming.
- Understand different Internet Technologies.
- Be exposed to java specific web services architecture.

UNIT I JAVA PROGRAMMING

9

An overview of Java – Data Types – Variables and Arrays – Operators – Control Statements – Classes – Objects – Methods – Inheritance – Packages – Abstract classes – Interfaces and Inner classes – Exception handling - Introduction to Threads – Multithreading - String handling – Streams and I/O – Applets.

UNIT II WEBSITES BASICS, HTML 5, CSS 3, WEB 2.0

8

Web 2.0: Basics-RIA Rich Internet Applications - Collaborations tools - **Understanding websites and web servers:** Understanding Internet – Difference between websites and web server- Internet technologies Overview -Understanding the difference between internet and intranet; **HTML and CSS:** HTML 5.0, XHTML, CSS 3.

UNIT III CLIENT SIDE AND SERVER SIDE PROGRAMMING

11

Java Script: An introduction to JavaScript-JavaScript DOM Model-Date and Objects,-Regular Expressions- Exception Handling-Validation-Built-in objects-Event Handling- DHTML with JavaScript. **Servlets:** Java Servlet Architecture- Servlet Life Cycle- Form GET and POST actions- Session Handling- Understanding Cookies- Installing and Configuring Apache Tomcat Web Server;-DATABASE CONNECTIVITY: JDBC perspectives, JDBC program example **- JSP:** Understanding Java Server Pages-JSP Standard Tag Library(JSTL)-Creating HTML forms by embedding JSP code.

UNIT IV PHP and XML

8

An introduction to PHP: PHP- Using PHP- Variables- Program control- Built-in functions-Connecting to Database – Using Cookies-Regular Expressions; XML: Basic XML- Document Type Definition-XML Schema DOM and Presenting XML, XML Parsers and Validation, XSL and XSLT Transformation, News Feed (RSS and ATOM).

UNIT V INTRODUCTION TO AJAX and WEB SERVICES

9

AJAX: Ajax Client Server Architecture-XML Http Request Object-Call Back Methods; **Web Services:** Introduction- Java web services Basics – Creating, Publishing ,Testing and Describing a Web services (WSDL)-Consuming a web service, Database Driven web service from an application – SOAP.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Implement Java programs.
- Create a basic website using HTML and Cascading Style Sheets.
- Design and implement dynamic web page with validation using JavaScript objects and by applying different event handling mechanisms.
- Design rich client presentation using AJAX.
- Design and implement simple web page in PHP, and to present data in XML format.
- Design and implement server side programs using Servlets and JSP.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Deitel and Deitel and Nieto, "Internet and World Wide Web How to Program", Prentice Hall, 5th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, "Java-The Complete Reference", Eighth Edition, Mc Graw Hill Professional, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Stephen Wynkoop and John Burke "Running a Perfect Website", QUE, 2nd Edition, 1999.
- 2. Chris Bates, Web Programming Building Intranet Applications, 3rd Edition, Wiley Publications, 2009
- 3. Jeffrey C and Jackson, "Web Technologies A Computer Science Perspective", Pearson Education, 2011.
- 4. Gopalan N.P. and Akilandeswari J., "Web Technology", Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
- 5. Paul Dietel and Harvey Deitel, "Java How to Program", , 8th Edition Prentice Hall of India.
- 6. Mahesh P. Matha, "Core Java A Comprehensive Study", Prentice Hall of India, 2011.
- 7. Uttam K.Roy, "Web Technologies", Oxford University Press, 2011.

CS6502

OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the basics of OO analysis and design skills.
- Learn the UML design diagrams.
- Learn to map design to code.
- Be exposed to the various testing techniques.

UNIT I UML DIAGRAMS

9

Introduction to OOAD - Unified Process - UML diagrams - Use Case - Class Diagrams - Interaction Diagrams - State Diagrams - Activity Diagrams - Package, component and Deployment Diagrams.

UNIT II DESIGN PATTERNS

9

GRASP: Designing objects with responsibilities - Creator - Information expert - Low Coupling - High Cohesion - Controller - Design Patterns - creational - factory method - structural - Bridge - Adapter - behavioral - Strategy - observer.

UNIT III CASE STUDY

9

Case study - the Next Gen POS system, Inception -Use case Modeling - Relating Use cases -

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include, extend and generalization - Elaboration - Domain Models - Finding conceptual classes and description classes - Associations - Attributes - Domain model refinement - Finding conceptual class Hierarchies - Aggregation and Composition.

UNIT IV APPLYING DESIGN PATTERNS

9

System sequence diagrams - Relationship between sequence diagrams and use cases Logical architecture and UML package diagram - Logical architecture refinement - UML class diagrams - UML interaction diagrams - Applying GoF design patterns.

UNIT V CODING AND TESTING

9

Mapping design to code - Testing: Issues in OO Testing - Class Testing - OO Integration Testing - GUI Testing - OO System Testing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and implement projects using OO concepts.
- Use the UML analysis and design diagrams.
- Apply appropriate design patterns.
- Create code from design.
- Compare and contrast various testing techniques.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Craig Larman, "Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Simon Bennett, Steve Mc Robb and Ray Farmer, "Object Oriented Systems Analysis and Design Using UML", Fourth Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Education, 2010.
- 2. Erich Gamma, and Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, "Design patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software", Addison-Wesley, 1995.
- 3. Martin Fowler, "UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language", Third edition, Addison Wesley, 2003.
- 4. Paul C. Jorgensen, "Software Testing:- A Craftsman"s Approach", Third Edition, Auerbach Publications, Taylor and Francis Group, 2008.

CS6503

THEORY OF COMPUTATION

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand various Computing models like Finite State Machine, Pushdown Automata, and Turing Machine.
- Be aware of Decidability and Un-decidability of various problems.
- Learn types of grammars.

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UNIT I FINITE AUTOMATA

9

Introduction- Basic Mathematical Notation and techniques- Finite State systems - Basic Definitions - Finite Automaton - DFA & NDFA - Finite Automaton with €- moves - Regular Languages- Regular Expression - Equivalence of NFA and DFA - Equivalence of NDFA"s with and without €-moves - Equivalence of finite Automaton and regular expressions -Minimization of DFA- - Pumping Lemma for Regular sets - Problems based on Pumping Lemma.

UNIT II GRAMMARS

9

Grammar Introduction- Types of Grammar - Context Free Grammars and Languages- Derivations and Languages - Ambiguity- Relationship between derivation and derivation trees - Simplification of CFG - Elimination of Useless symbols - Unit productions - Null productions - Greiback Normal form - Chomsky normal form - Problems related to CNF and GNF.

UNIT III PUSHDOWN AUTOMATA

9

Pushdown Automata- Definitions - Moves - Instantaneous descriptions - Deterministic pushdown automata - Equivalence of Pushdown automata and CFL - pumping lemma for CFL - problems based on pumping Lemma.

UNIT IV TURING MACHINES

9

Definitions of Turing machines - Models - Computable languages and functions -Techniques for Turing machine construction - Multi head and Multi tape Turing Machines - The Halting problem - Partial Solvability - Problems about Turing machine- Chomskian hierarchy of languages.

UNIT V UNSOLVABLE PROBLEMS AND COMPUTABLE FUNCTIONS

9

Unsolvable Problems and Computable Functions – Primitive recursive functions – Recursive and recursively enumerable languages - Universal Turing machine. MEASURING AND CLASSIFYING COMPLEXITY: Tractable and Intractable problems- Tractable and possibly intractable problems - P and NP completeness - Polynomial time reductions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design Finite State Machine, Pushdown Automata, and Turing Machine.
- Explain the Decidability or Undecidability of various problems

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Hopcroft J.E., Motwani R. and Ullman J.D, "Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computations", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2008. (UNIT 1,2,3)
- 2. John C Martin, "Introduction to Languages and the Theory of Computation", Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2007. (UNIT 4,5)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mishra K L P and Chandrasekaran N, "Theory of Computer Science Automata, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.
- 2. Harry R Lewis and Christos H Papadimitriou, "Elements of the Theory of Computation", Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An Introduction to Formal Language and Automata", Third Edition, Narosa Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. Kamala Krithivasan and Rama. R, "Introduction to Formal Languages, Automata Theory and

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CS6504

COMPUTER GRAPHICS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Gain knowledge about graphics hardware devices and software used.
- Understand the two dimensional graphics and their transformations.
- Understand the three dimensional graphics and their transformations.
- Appreciate illumination and color models.
- Be familiar with understand clipping techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Survey of computer graphics, Overview of graphics systems – Video display devices, Raster scan systems, Random scan systems, Graphics monitors and Workstations, Input devices, Hard copy Devices, Graphics Software; Output primitives - points and lines, line drawing algorithms, loading the frame buffer, line function; circle and ellipse generating algorithms; Pixel addressing and object geometry, filled area primitives.

UNIT II TWO DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS

9

Two dimensional geometric transformations - Matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transformations; Two dimensional viewing - viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame; widow-to-viewport coordinate transformation, Two dimensional viewing functions; clipping operations - point, line, and polygon clipping algorithms.

UNIT III THREE DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS

10

Three dimensional concepts; Three dimensional object representations - Polygon surfaces- Polygon tables- Plane equations - Polygon meshes; Curved Lines and surfaces, Quadratic surfaces; Blobby objects; Spline representations - Bezier curves and surfaces -B-Spline curves and surfaces. TRANSFORMATION AND VIEWING: Three dimensional geometric and modeling transformations - Translation, Rotation, Scaling, composite transformations; Three dimensional viewing - viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, Projections, Clipping; Visible surface detection methods.

UNIT IV ILLUMINATION AND COLOUR MODELS

7

Light sources - basic illumination models - halftone patterns and dithering techniques; Properties of light - Standard primaries and chromaticity diagram; Intuitive colour concepts - RGB colour model - YIQ colour model - CMY colour model - HSV colour model - HLS colour model; Colour selection.

UNIT V ANIMATIONS & REALISM

10

ANIMATION GRAPHICS: Design of Animation sequences - animation function - raster animation - key frame systems - motion specification -morphing - tweening. **COMPUTER GRAPHICS REALISM:** Tiling the plane - Recursively defined curves - Koch curves - C curves - Dragons - space filling curves - fractals - Grammar based models - fractals - turtle graphics - ray tracing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

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At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design two dimensional graphics.
- Apply two dimensional transformations.
- Design three dimensional graphics.
- Apply three dimensional transformations.
- Apply Illumination and color models.
- Apply clipping techniques to graphics.
- Design animation sequences.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John F. Hughes, Andries Van Dam, Morgan Mc Guire ,David F. Sklar , James D. Foley, Steven K. Feiner and Kurt Akeley ,"Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice", , 3rd Edition, Addison-Wesley Professional,2013. (UNIT I, II, III, IV).
- 2. Donald Hearn and Pauline Baker M, "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2007 (UNIT V).

REFERENCES:

- 1. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, Warren Carithers, "Computer Graphics With Open GL", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. Jeffrey McConnell, "Computer Graphics: Theory into Practice", Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2006.
- 3. Hill F S Jr., "Computer Graphics", Maxwell Macmillan", 1990.
- 4. Peter Shirley, Michael Ashikhmin, Michael Gleicher, Stephen R Marschner, Erik Reinhard, Kelvin Sung, and AK Peters, Fundamental of Computer Graphics, CRC Press, 2010.
- 5. William M. Newman and Robert F.Sproull, "Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics", Mc Graw Hill 1978.
- 6. http://nptel.ac.in/



OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the basics of OO analysis and design skills.
- Be exposed to the UML design diagrams.
- Learn to map design to code.
- Be familiar with the various testing techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMNENTS:

To develop a mini-project by following the 9 exercises listed below.

- 1. To develop a problem statement.
- 2. Identify Use Cases and develop the Use Case model.
- 3. Identify the conceptual classes and develop a domain model with UML Class diagram.
- 4. Using the identified scenarios, find the interaction between objects and represent them using UML Sequence diagrams.
- 5. Draw relevant state charts and activity diagrams.
- 6. Identify the User Interface, Domain objects, and Technical services. Draw the partial layered, logical architecture diagram with UML package diagram notation.
- 7. Develop and test the Technical services layer.
- 8. Develop and test the Domain objects layer.
- 9. Develop and test the User interface layer.

SUGGESTED DOMAINS FOR MINI-PROJECT:

- Passport automation system.
- 2. Book bank
- 3. Exam Registration
- 4. Stock maintenance system.
- 5. Online course reservation system
- 6. E-ticketing
- 7. Software personnel management system
- 8. Credit card processing
- 9. e-book management system
- 10. Recruitment system
- 11. Foreign trading system
- 12. Conference Management System
- 13. BPO Management System
- 14. Library Management System
- 15. Student Information System

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Design and implement projects using OO concepts.
- Use the UML analysis and design diagrams.
- Apply appropriate design patterns.
- Create code from design.
- Compare and contrast various testing techniques

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Suggested Software Tools:

Rational Suite (or) Argo UML (or) equivalent, Eclipse IDE and Junit

Software Tools 30 user License

Rational Suite

Open Source Alternatives: ArgoUML, Visual

Paradigm

Eclipse IDE and JUnit

PCs 30

CS6512 INTERNET PROGRAMMING LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with Web page design using HTML/XML and style sheets
- Be exposed to creation of user interfaces using Java frames and applets.
- Learn to create dynamic web pages using server side scripting.
- Learn to write Client Server applications.
- Be familiar with the frameworks JSP Strut, Hibernate, Spring
- Be exposed to creating applications with AJAX

LIST OF EXPERIMNENTS:

IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING:

WEBPAGE CONCEPTS

- a) Create a web page with the following using HTML
 - a. To embed a map in a web page
 - b. To fix the hot spots in that map
 - c. Show all the related information when the hot spots are clicked.
- b) Create a web page with the following.
 - a. Cascading style sheets.
 - b. Embedded style sheets.
 - c. Inline style sheets. Use our college information for the web pages.
- c) Create and save an XML document at the server, which contains 10 users Information. Write a Program, which takes user Id as an input and returns the User details by taking the user information from the XML document.

SOCKETS & SERVLETS

- a) Write programs in Java using sockets to implement the following:
 - i. HTTP request
 - ii. FTP
 - iii. SMTP
 - iv. POP3
- b) Write a program in Java for creating simple chat application with datagram sockets and

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datagram packets.

- c) Write programs in Java using Servlets:
 - i. To invoke servlets from HTML forms
 - ii. To invoke servlets from Applets
- d) Write programs in Java to create three-tier applications using servlets for conducting on-line examination for displaying student mark list. Assume that student information is available in a database which has been stored in a database server.
- e) Write a program to lock servlet itself to a particular server IP address and port number. It requires an init parameter key that is appropriate for its servlet IP address and port before it unlocks itself and handles a request
- f) Session tracking using hidden form fields and Session tracking for a hit count
- g) Install TOMCAT web server. Convert the static webpages of programs 1&2 into dynamic web pages using servlets (or JSP) and cookies. Hint: Users information (user id, password, credit card number) would be stored in web.xml. Each user should have a separate Shopping Cart.

ADVANCE CONCEPTS:

- a) Implement a simple program using following frameworks
 - a. JSP Struts Framework b. Hibernate c. Spring
- b) Explore the following application in AJAX: Searching in real time with live searches, Getting the answer with auto complete, Chatting with friends ,Dragging and dropping with Ajax, Getting instant login feedback, Ajax-enabled popup menus, Modifying Web pages on the fly.
- c) Write a web services for finding what people think by asking 500 people"s opinion for any consumer product
- d) Write a web services for predicting for any product sales

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Design Web pages using HTML/XML and style sheets
- Create user interfaces using Java frames and applets.
- Create dynamic web pages using server side scripting.
- Write Client Server applications.
- Use the frameworks JSP Strut, Hibernate, Spring
- Create applications with AJAX

REFERENCE:

spoken-tutorial.org.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS SOFTWARE:

Java, Dream Weaver or Equivalent, MySQL or Equivalent, Apache Server

HARDWARE:

Standalone desktops 30 Nos

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COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY

LTPC 0032

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand graphics programming
- Be exposed to creation of 3D graphical scenes using open graphics library suits
- Be familiar with image manipulation, enhancement
- Learn to create animations
- To create a multimedia presentation/Game/Project.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

IMPLEMENT THE EXERCISES USING C / OPENGL / JAVA

- Implementation of Algorithms for drawing 2D Primitives Line (DDA, Bresenham) - all slopes Circle (Midpoint)
- 2. 2D Geometric transformations -

Translation

Rotation Scaling

Reflection Shear

Window-Viewport

- 3. Composite 2D Transformations
- 4. Line Clipping
- 5. 3D Transformations Translation, Rotation, Scaling.
- 6. 3D Projections Parallel, Perspective.
- 7. Creating 3D Scenes.
- 8. Image Editing and Manipulation Basic Operations on image using any image editing software, Creating gif animated images, Image optimization.
- 9. 2D Animation To create Interactive animation using any authoring tool.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Create 3D graphical scenes using open graphics library suits
- Implement image manipulation and enhancement
- Create 2D animations using tools

REFERENCE:

spoken-tutorial.org

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

SOFTWARE

C, C++, Java, OpenGL

HARDWARE:

Standalone desktops- 30 Nos.

(or)

Server supporting 30 terminals or more.

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OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand foundations of Distributed Systems.
- Introduce the idea of peer to peer services and file system.
- Understand in detail the system level and support required for distributed system.
- Understand the issues involved in studying process and resource management.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

7

Examples of Distributed Systems-Trends in Distributed Systems - Focus on resource sharing - Challenges. **Case study:** World Wide Web.

UNIT II COMMUNICATION IN DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM

10

System Model – Inter process Communication - the API for internet protocols – External data representation and Multicast communication. **Network virtualization:** Overlay networks. **Case study:** MPI **Remote Method Invocation And Objects:** Remote Invocation – Introduction - Request-reply protocols - Remote procedure call - Remote method invocation. **Case study:** Java RMI - Group communication - Publish-subscribe systems - Message queues - Shared memory approaches - Distributed objects - Case study: Enterprise Java Beans - from objects to components.

UNIT III PEER TO PEER SERVICES AND FILE SYSTEM

10

Peer-to-peer Systems - Introduction - Napster and its legacy - Peer-to-peer - Middleware - Routing overlays. **Overlay case studies:** Pastry, Tapestry- Distributed File Systems -Introduction - File service architecture - Andrew File system. **File System:** Features-File model -File accessing models - File sharing semantics **Naming:** Identifiers, Addresses, Name Resolution - Name Space Implementation - Name Caches - LDAP.

UNIT IV SYNCHRONIZATION AND REPLICATION

9

Introduction - Clocks, events and process states - Synchronizing physical clocks- Logical time and logical clocks - Global states - Coordination and Agreement - Introduction - Distributed mutual exclusion - Elections - Transactions and Concurrency Control- Transactions - Nested transactions - Locks - Optimistic concurrency control - Timestamp ordering - Atomic Commit protocols -Distributed deadlocks - Replication - Case study - Coda.

UNIT V PROCESS & RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

9

Process Management: Process Migration: Features, Mechanism - Threads: Models, Issues, Implementation. **Resource Management:** Introduction- Features of Scheduling Algorithms -Task Assignment Approach - Load Balancing Approach - Load Sharing Approach.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Discuss trends in Distributed Systems.
- Apply network virtualization.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- Apply remote method invocation and objects.
- Design process and resource management systems.

TEXT BOOK:

1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, "Distributed Systems Concepts and Design", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Pradeep K Sinha, "Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design", Prentice Hall of India, 2007
- 2. Tanenbaum A.S., Van Steen M., "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Liu M.L., "Distributed Computing, Principles and Applications", Pearson Education, 2004.
- 4. Nancy A Lynch, "Distributed Algorithms", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, USA, 2003.

IT6601 MOBILE COMPUTING

LT PC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the basic concepts of mobile computing
- Be familiar with the network protocol stack
- Learn the basics of mobile telecommunication system
- Be exposed to Ad-Hoc networks
- Gain knowledge about different mobile platforms and application development

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Mobile Computing - Mobile Computing Vs wireless Networking - Mobile Computing Applications - Characteristics of Mobile computing - Structure of Mobile Computing Application. MAC Protocols - Wireless MAC Issues - Fixed Assignment Schemes - Random Assignment Schemes - Reservation Based Schemes.

UNIT II MOBILE INTERNET PROTOCOL AND TRANSPORT LAYER

9

Overview of Mobile IP - Features of Mobile IP - Key Mechanism in Mobile IP - route Optimization. Overview of TCP/IP - Architecture of TCP/IP- Adaptation of TCP Window - Improvement in TCP Performance.

UNIT III MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM

9

Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) - General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) - Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS).

UNIT IV MOBILE AD-HOC NETWORKS

٤

Ad-Hoc Basic Concepts - Characteristics - Applications - Design Issues - Routing - Essential of Traditional Routing Protocols -Popular Routing Protocols - Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET) - MANET Vs VANET - Security.

UNIT V MOBILE PLATFORMS AND APPLICATIONS

9

Mobile Device Operating Systems - Special Constrains & Requirements - Commercial Mobile Operating Systems - Software Development Kit: iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone - M-

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Commerce - Structure - Pros & Cons - Mobile Payment System - Security Issues.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication system
- Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application
- Identify solution for each functionality at each layer
- Use simulator tools and design Ad hoc networks
- Develop a mobile application.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Prasant Kumar Pattnaik, Rajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Mobile Computing", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi – 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jochen H. Schller, "Mobile Communications", Second Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Dharma Prakash Agarval, Qing and An Zeng, "Introduction to Wireless and Mobile systems", Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd, 2005.
- 3. Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing", Springer, 2003.
- 4. William.C.Y.Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications-Analog and Digital Systems", Second Edition. Tata Mc Graw Hill Edition .2006.
- 5. C.K.Toh, "AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 6. Android Developers: http://developer.android.com/index.html
- 7. Apple Developer: https://developer.apple.com/
- 8. Windows Phone Dev Center: http://developer.windowsphone.com
- 9. BlackBerry Developer: http://developer.blackberry.com/

CS6660 COMPILER DESIGN

LT P C 3 0 0 3

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the design principles of a Compiler.
- Learn the various parsing techniques and different levels of translation
- Learn how to optimize and effectively generate machine codes

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPILERS

5

Translators-Compilation and Interpretation-Language processors -The Phases of Compiler-Errors Encountered in Different Phases-The Grouping of Phases-Compiler Construction Tools - Programming Language basics.

UNIT II LEXICAL ANALYSIS

9

Need and Role of Lexical Analyzer-Lexical Errors-Expressing Tokens by Regular Expressions-Converting Regular Expression to DFA- Minimization of DFA-Language for Specifying Lexical

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Analyzers-LEX-Design of Lexical Analyzer for a sample Language.

UNIT III SYNTAX ANALYSIS

10

Need and Role of the Parser-Context Free Grammars -Top Down Parsing -General Strategies-Recursive Descent Parser Predictive Parser-LL(1) Parser-Shift Reduce Parser-LR Parser-LR (0)Item-Construction of SLR Parsing Table -Introduction to LALR Parser - Error Handling and Recovery in Syntax Analyzer-YACC-Design of a syntax Analyzer for a Sample Language .

UNIT IV SYNTAX DIRECTED TRANSLATION & RUN TIME ENVIRONMENT

12

Syntax directed Definitions-Construction of Syntax Tree-Bottom-up Evaluation of S-Attribute Definitions- Design of predictive translator - Type Systems-Specification of a simple type checker-Equivalence of Type Expressions-Type Conversions.

RUN-TIME ENVIRONMENT: Source Language Issues-Storage Organization-Storage Allocation-Parameter Passing-Symbol Tables-Dynamic Storage Allocation-Storage Allocation in FORTAN.

UNIT V CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Principal Sources of Optimization-DAG- Optimization of Basic Blocks-Global Data Flow Analysis-Efficient Data Flow Algorithms-Issues in Design of a Code Generator - A Simple Code Generator Algorithm.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and implement a prototype compiler.
- Apply the various optimization techniques.
- Use the different compiler construction tools.

TEXTBOOK:

1. Alfred V Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi and Jeffrey D Ullman, "Compilers – Principles, Techniques and Tools", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, "Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence-based Approach", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2002.
- 2. Steven S. Muchnick, "Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation, "Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Elsevier Science, India, Indian Reprint 2003.
- 3. Keith D Cooper and Linda Torczon, "Engineering a Compiler", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Elsevier Science, 2004.
- 4. Charles N. Fischer, Richard. J. LeBlanc, "Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education, 2008.

IT6502

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce discrete Fourier transform and its applications.
- To teach the design of infinite and finite impulse response filters for filtering undesired signals.

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• To introduce signal processing concepts in systems having more than one sampling frequency.

UNIT I SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

9

Basic elements of DSP - concepts of frequency in Analog and Digital Signals - sampling theorem - Discrete - time signals, systems - Analysis of discrete time LTI systems - Z transform - Convolution - Correlation.

UNIT II FREQUENCY TRANSFORMATIONS

9

Introduction to DFT - Properties of DFT - Circular Convolution - Filtering methods based on DFT - FFT Algorithms - Decimation - in - time Algorithms, Decimation - in - frequency Algorithms - Use of FFT in Linear Filtering - DCT - Use and Application of DCT.

UNIT III IIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of IIR - Analog filter design - Discrete time IIR filter from analog filter - IIR filter design by Impulse Invariance, Bilinear transformation, Approximation of derivatives - (LPF, HPF, BPF, BRF) filter design using frequency translation.

UNIT IV FIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of FIR - Linear phase FIR filter - Fourier Series - Filter design using windowing techniques (Rectangular Window, Hamming Window, Hanning Window), Frequency sampling techniques

UNIT V FINITE WORD LENGTH EFFECTS IN DIGITAL FILTERS

9

Binary fixed point and floating point number representations - Comparison - Quantization noise - truncation and rounding - quantization noise power- input quantization error- coefficient quantization error - limit cycle oscillations-dead band- Overflow error-signal scaling.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Perform frequency transforms for the signals.
- Design IIR and FIR filters.
- · Finite word length effects in digital filters

TEXT BOOK:

1. John G. Proakis and Dimitris G.Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms & Applications", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Emmanuel C.Ifeachor, and Barrie.W.Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing", Second Edition, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 2. Sanjit K. Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing A Computer Based Approach", Third Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.
- 3. A.V.Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer and J.R. Buck, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, 8th Indian Reprint, Pearson, 2004.
- 4. Andreas Antoniou, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

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OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Study the concepts of Artificial Intelligence.
- Learn the methods of solving problems using Artificial Intelligence.
- Introduce the concepts of Expert Systems and machine learning.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AI AND PRODUCTION SYSTEMS

9

Introduction to Al-Problem formulation, Problem Definition -Production systems, Control strategies, Search strategies. Problem characteristics, Production system characteristics -Specialized production system- Problem solving methods - Problem graphs, Matching, Indexing and Heuristic functions -Hill Climbing-Depth first and Breath first, Constraints satisfaction - Related algorithms, Measure of performance and analysis of search algorithms.

UNIT II REPRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE

9

Game playing - Knowledge representation, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic-Structured representation of knowledge.

UNIT III KNOWLEDGE INFERENCE

9

Knowledge representation -Production based system, Frame based system. Inference - Backward chaining, Forward chaining, Rule value approach, Fuzzy reasoning - Certainty factors, Bayesian Theory-Bayesian Network-Dempster - Shafer theory.

UNIT IV PLANNING AND MACHINE LEARNING

9

Basic plan generation systems - Strips -Advanced plan generation systems - K strips -Strategic explanations -Why, Why not and how explanations. Learning- Machine learning, adaptive Learning.

UNIT V EXPERT SYSTEMS

9

Expert systems - Architecture of expert systems, Roles of expert systems - Knowledge Acquisition – Meta knowledge, Heuristics. Typical expert systems - MYCIN, DART, XOON, Expert systems shells.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify problems that are amenable to solution by AI methods.
- Identify appropriate AI methods to solve a given problem.
- Formalise a given problem in the language/framework of different AI methods.
- Implement basic AI algorithms.
- Design and carry out an empirical evaluation of different algorithms on a problem formalisation, and state the conclusions that the evaluation supports.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Mc Graw Hill- 2008.(Units-I.II.VI & V)
- 2. Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to Al and ES", Pearson Education, 2007. (Unit-III).

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REFERENCES:

- 1. Peter Jackson, "Introduction to Expert Systems", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig "AI A Modern Approach", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.
- 3. Deepak Khemani "Artificial Intelligence", Tata Mc Graw Hill Education 2013.
- 4. http://nptel.ac.in

IT6004 SOFTWARE TESTING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Expose the criteria for test cases.
- Learn the design of test cases.
- Be familiar with test management and test automation techniques.
- Be exposed to test metrics and measurements.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Testing as an Engineering Activity - Testing as a Process - Testing axioms - Basic definitions - Software Testing Principles - The Tester Sole in a Software Development Organization - Origins of Defects - Cost of defects - Defect Classes - The Defect Repository and Test Design - Defect Examples - Developer/Tester Support of Developing a Defect Repository - Defect Prevention strategies.

UNIT II TEST CASE DESIGN

q

Test case Design Strategies - Using Black Bod Approach to Test Case Design - Random Testing - Requirements based testing - Boundary Value Analysis - Equivalence Class Partitioning - State-based testing - Cause-effect graphing - Compatibility testing - user documentation testing - domain testing - Using White Box Approach to Test design - Test Adequacy Criteria - static testing vs. structural testing - code functional testing - Coverage and Control Flow Graphs - Covering Code Logic - Paths - code complexity testing - Evaluating Test Adequacy Criteria.

UNIT III LEVELS OF TESTING

9

The need for Levers of Testing - Unit Test - Unit Test Planning - Designing the Unit Tests - The Test Harness - Running the Unit tests and Recording results - Integration tests - Designing Integration Tests - Integration Test Planning - Scenario testing - Defect bash elimination System Testing - Acceptance testing - Performance testing - Regression Testing - Internationalization testing - Ad-hoc testing - Alpha, Beta Tests - Testing OO systems - Usability and Accessibility testing - Configuration testing - Compatibility testing - Testing the documentation - Website testing.

UNIT IV TEST MANAGEMENT

9

People and organizational issues in testing - Organization structures for testing teams - testing services - Test Planning - Test Plan Components - Test Plan Attachments - Locating Test Items - test management - test process - Reporting Test Results - The role of three groups in Test Planning and Policy Development - Introducing the test specialist - Skills needed by a test specialist - Building a Testing Group.

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UNIT V TEST AUTOMATION

9

Software test automation – skill needed for automation – scope of automation – design and architecture for automation - requirements for a test tool - challenges in automation - Test metrics and measurements - project, progress and productivity metrics.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to

- Design test cases suitable for a software development for different domains.
- · Identify suitable tests to be carried out.
- Prepare test planning based on the document.
- Document test plans and test cases designed.
- Use of automatic testing tools.
- Develop and validate a test plan.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Srinivasan Desikan and Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Software Testing Principles and Practices", Pearson Education, 2006.
- 2. Ron Patton, "Software Testing", Second Edition, Sams Publishing, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ilene Burnstein, "Practical Software Testing", Springer International Edition, 2003.
- 2. Edward Kit," Software Testing in the Real World Improving the Process", Pearson Education, 1995.
- 3. Boris Beizer," Software Testing Techniques" 2nd Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1990.
- 4. Aditya P. Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing _ Fundamental Algorithms and Techniques", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education, 2008.

CS6611

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY

LT PC 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Know the components and structure of mobile application development frameworks for Android and windows OS based mobiles.
- Understand how to work with various mobile application development frameworks.
- Learn the basic and important design concepts and issues of development of mobile applications.
- Understand the capabilities and limitations of mobile devices.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Develop an application that uses GUI components, Font and Colours
- 2. Develop an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.
- 3. Develop a native calculator application.

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- 4. Write an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen.
- 5. Develop an application that makes use of database.
- 6. Develop an application that makes use of RSS Feed.
- 7. Implement an application that implements Multi threading
- 8. Develop a native application that uses GPS location information.
- 9. Implement an application that writes data to the SD card.
- 10. Implement an application that creates an alert upon receiving a message.
- 11. Write a mobile application that creates alarm clock

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and Implement various mobile applications using emulators.
- Deploy applications to hand-held devices

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Standalone desktops with Windows or Android or

iOS or Equivalent Mobile Application Development

Tools with appropriate emulators and debuggers - 30 Nos.

CS6612

COMPILER LABORATORY

LTPC 0 0 3 2

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

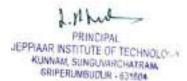
OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be exposed to compiler writing tools.
- Learn to implement the different Phases of compiler
- Be familiar with control flow and data flow analysis
- Learn simple optimization techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implementation of Symbol Table
- 2. Develop a lexical analyzer to recognize a few patterns in C. (Ex. identifiers, constants, comments, operators etc.)
- 3. Implementation of Lexical Analyzer using Lex Tool
- 4. Generate YACC specification for a few syntactic categories.
 - a) Program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that usesoperator +, -, * and /.
 - b) Program to recognize a valid variable which starts with a letterfollowed by any number of letters or digits.
 - d)Implementation of Calculator using LEX and YACC
- 5. Convert the BNF rules into Yacc form and write code to generate Abstract Syntax Tree.
- 6. Implement type checking
- 7. Implement control flow analysis and Data flow Analysis
- 8. Implement any one storage allocation strategies(Heap, Stack, Static)
- 9. Construction of DAG
- 10. Implement the back end of the compiler which takes the three address code and produces the 8086 assembly language instructions that can be assembled and run using a 8086 assembler. The target assembly instructions can be simple move, add, sub, jump. Also simple addressing modes are used.



11. Implementation of Simple Code Optimization Techniques (Constant Folding., etc.)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Implement the different Phases of compiler using tools
- Analyze the control flow and data flow of a typical program
- Optimize a given program
- Generate an assembly language program equivalent to a source language program

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C / C++ compiler and Compiler writing tools 30 Nos. (or)

Server with C / C++ compiler and Compiler writing tools supporting 30 terminals or more.

LEX and YACC

GE6674 COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS- LABORATORY BASED

L T P C 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

To enable learners to.

- Develop their communicative competence in English with specific reference to speaking and listening
- Enhance their ability to communicate effectively in interviews.
- Strengthen their prospects of success in competitive examinations.

UNIT I LISTENING AND SPEAKING SKILLS

12

Conversational skills (formal and informal)- group discussion- making effective presentations using computers, listening/watching interviews conversations, documentaries. Listening to lectures, discussions from TV/ Radio/ Podcast.

UNIT II READING AND WRITING SKILLS

12

Reading different genres of tests ranging from newspapers to creative writing. Writing job applications- cover letter- resume- emails- letters- memos- reports. Writing abstracts- summaries-interpreting visual texts.

UNIT III ENGLISH FOR NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS AND PLACEMENTS

12

International English Language Testing System (IELTS) - Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) - Civil Service(Language related)- Verbal Ability.

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UNIT IV INTERVIEW SKILLS

12

Different types of Interview format- answering questions- offering information- mock interviews-body language(paralinguistic features)- articulation of sounds- intonation.

UNIT V SOFT SKILLS

12

Motivation- emotional intelligence-Multiple intelligences- emotional intelligence- managing changes-time management-stress management-leadership straits-team work- career planning - intercultural communication- creative and critical thinking

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Teaching Methods:

- 1. To be totally learner-centric with minimum teacher intervention as the course revolves around practice.
- 2. Suitable audio/video samples from Podcast/YouTube to be used for illustrative purposes.
- 3. Portfolio approach for writing to be followed. Learners are to be encouraged to blog, tweet, text and email employing appropriate language.
- 4. GD/Interview/Role Play/Debate could be conducted off the laboratory (in a regular classroom) but learners are to be exposed to telephonic interview and video conferencing.
- 5. Learners are to be assigned to read/write/listen/view materials outside the classroom as well for graining proficiency and better participation in the class.

Lab Infrastructure:

S. No.	Description of Equipment (minimum configuration)	Qty Required
1	Server	1 No.
	PIV System	
	• 1 GB RAM / 40 GB HDD	7
	OS: Win 2000 server	
	Audio card with headphones	
	• JRE 1.3	
2	Client Systems	60 Nos.
	PIII or above	
	 256 or 512 MB RAM / 40 GB HDD 	
	OS: Win 2000	
	 Audio card with headphones 	
	• JRE 1.3	
3	Handicam	1 No.
4	Television 46"	1 No.
5	Collar mike	1 No.



6	Cordless mike	1 No.
7	Audio Mixer	1 No.
8	DVD recorder/player	1 No.
9	LCD Projector with MP3/CD/DVD provision for Audio/video facility	1 No.

Evaluation:

Internal: 20 marks

Record maintenance: Students should write a report on a regular basis on the activities conducted, focusing on the details such as the description of the activity, ideas emerged, learning outcomes and so on. At the end of the semester records can be evaluated out of 20 marks.

External: 80 marks

Online Test - 35 marks
Interview - 15 marks
Presentation - 15 marks
Group Discussion - 15 marks

Note on Internal and External Evaluation:

- 1. Interview mock interview can be conducted on one-on-one basis.
- 2. Speaking example for role play:
 - a. Marketing engineer convincing a customer to buy his product.
 - b. Telephonic conversation- fixing an official appointment / placing an order / enquiring and so on.
- 3. Presentation should be extempore on simple topics.
- 4. Discussion topics of different kinds; general topics, and case studies.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners should be able to

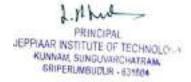
- Take international examination such as IELTS and TOEFL
- Make presentations and Participate in Group Discussions.
- Successfully answer questions in interviews.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Business English Certificate Materials, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. **Graded Examinations in Spoken English and Spoken English for Work** downloadable materials from Trinity College, London.
- 3. International English Language Testing System Practice Tests, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Interactive Multimedia Programs on Managing Time and Stress.
- 5. **Personality Development** (CD-ROM), Times Multimedia, Mumbai.
- 6. Robert M Sherfield and et al. "**Developing Soft Skills**" 4th edition, New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.

Web Sources:

http://www.slideshare.net/rohitjsh/presentation-on-group-discussion



http://www.washington.edu/doit/TeamN/present_tips.html http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/words/writing-job-applications http://www.kent.ac.uk/careers/cv/coveringletters.htm http://www.mindtools.com/pages/article/newCDV_34.htm

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MG2452 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

LTPC 3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

5

Managerial Economics - Relationship with other disciplines - Firms: Types, objectives and goals - Managerial decisions - Decision analysis.

UNIT II DEMAND & SUPPLY ANALYSIS

10

Demand - Types of demand - Determinants of demand - Demand function - Demand elasticity - Demand forecasting - Supply - Determinants of supply - Supply function - Supply elasticity.

UNIT III PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

10

Production function - Returns to scale - Production optimization - Least cost input - Isoquants - Managerial uses of production function.

Cost Concepts - Cost function - Determinants of cost - Short run and Long run cost curves - Cost Output Decision - Estimation of Cost.

UNIT IV PRICING

5

Determinants of Price - Pricing under different objectives and different market structures - Price discrimination - Pricing methods in practice.

UNIT V FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT)

Balance sheet and related concepts - Profit & Loss Statement and related concepts - Financial Ratio Analysis - Cash flow analysis - Funds flow analysis - Comparative financial statements - Analysis & Interpretation of financial statements.

UNIT VI CAPITAL BUDGETING (ELEMENTARY TREATMENT)

5

Investments - Risks and return evaluation of investment decision - Average rate of return - Payback Period - Net Present Value - Internal rate of return.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- 1. Samuelson. Paul A and Nordhaus W.D., 'Economics', Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. McGuigan, Moyer and Harris, 'Managerial Economics; Applications, Strategy and Tactics', Thomson South Western, 10th Edition, 2005.
- 3. Paresh Shah, 'Basic Financial Accounting for Management', Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.
- 4. Salvatore Dominick, 'Managerial Economics in a global economy'. Thomson South Western, 4th Edition, 2001.
- 5. Prasanna Chandra. 'Fundamentals of Financial Management', Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Ltd., 4th edition, 2005.

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CS2401

COMPUTER GRAPHICS

LTPC 3003

UNIT I 2D PRIMITIVES

9

output primitives – Line, Circle and Ellipse drawing algorithms - Attributes of output primitives – Two dimensional Geometric transformation - Two dimensional viewing – Line, Polygon, Curve and Text clipping algorithms

UNIT II 3D CONCEPTS

9

Parallel and Perspective projections - Three dimensional object representation – Polygons, Curved lines, Splines, Quadric Surfaces,- Visualization of data sets - 3D transformations – Viewing -Visible surface identification.

UNIT III GRAPHICS PROGRAMMING

9

Color Models – RGB, YIQ, CMY, HSV – Animations – General Computer Animation, Raster, Keyframe - Graphics programming using OPENGL – Basic graphics primitives – Drawing three dimensional objects - Drawing three dimensional scenes

UNIT IV RENDERING

9

Introduction to Shading models – Flat and Smooth shading – Adding texture to faces – Adding shadows of objects – Building a camera in a program – Creating shaded objects – Rendering texture – Drawing Shadows.

UNIT V FRACTALS

q

Fractals and Self similarity – Peano curves – Creating image by iterated functions – Mandelbrot sets – Julia Sets – Random Fractals – Overview of Ray Tracing – Intersecting rays with other primitives – Adding Surface texture – Reflections and Transparency – Boolean operations on Objects.

TEXT BOOKS:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. Donald Hearn, Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics C Version, second edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. F.S. Hill, Computer Graphics using OPENGL, Second edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

REFERENCE:

1. James D. Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K. Feiner, John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics- Principles and practice, Second Edition in C, Pearson Education, 2007.

CS2402 MOBILE AND PERVASIVE COMPUTING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

UNIT I MOBILE NETWORKS

9

Cellular Wireless Networks - GSM - Architecture - Protocols - Connection

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Establishment – Frequency Allocation – Routing – Mobility Management – Security – GPRS.

UNIT II WIRELESS NETWORKS

9

Wireless LANs and PANs – IEEE 802.11 Standard – Architecture – Services –Network – HiperLAN – Blue Tooth- Wi-Fi – WiMAX

UNIT III ROUTING

9

Mobile IP – DHCP – AdHoc– Proactive and Reactive Routing Protocols – Multicast Routing.

UNIT IV TRANSPORT AND APPLICATION LAYERS

9

Mobile TCP- WAP - Architecture - WWW Programming Model- WDP - WTLS - WTP - WSP - WAE - WTA Architecture - WML - WMLScripts.

UNIT V PERVASIVE COMPUTING

9

Pervasive computing infrastructure-applications- Device Technology - Hardware, Human-machine Interfaces, Biometrics, and Operating systems- Device Connectivity - Protocols, Security, and Device Management- Pervasive Web Application architecture-Access from PCs and PDAs - Access via WAP

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", PHI, Second Edition, 2003.
- 2. Jochen Burkhardt, Pervasive Computing: Technology and Architecture of Mobile Internet Applications, Addison-Wesley Professional; 3rd edition, 2007

REFERENCES:

- 1. Frank Adelstein, Sandeep KS Gupta, Golden Richard, Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing, McGraw-Hill 2005
- 2. Debashis Saha, Networking Infrastructure for Pervasive Computing: Enabling Technologies, Kluwer Academic Publisher, Springer; First edition, 2002
- 3. Introduction to Wireless and Mobile Systems by Agrawal and Zeng, Brooks/ Cole (Thomson Learning), First edition, 2002
- 4. Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, Principles of Mobile Computing, Springer, New York, 2003.

CS2403

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

LTPC 3 00 3

UNIT I SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

9

Basic elements of DSP – concepts of frequency in Analog and Digital Signals – sampling theorem – Discrete – time signals, systems – Analysis of discrete time LTI systems – Z transform – Convolution (linear and circular) – Correlation.

UNIT II FREQUENCY TRANSFORMATIONS

9

Introduction to DFT - Properties of DFT - Filtering methods based on DFT - FFT

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Algorithms Decimation – in – time Algorithms, Decimation – in – frequency Algorithms – Use of FFT in Linear Filtering – DCT.

UNIT III IIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of IIR – Analog filter design – Discrete time IIR filter from analog filter – IIR filter design by Impulse Invariance, Bilinear transformation, Approximation of derivatives – (HPF, BPF, BRF) filter design using frequency translation

UNIT IV FIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of FIR – Linear phase FIR filter – Filter design using windowing techniques, Frequency sampling techniques – Finite word length effects in digital Filters

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

9

Multirate signal processing – Speech compression – Adaptive filter – Musical sound processing – Image enhancement.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John G. Proakis & Dimitris G.Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms & Applications", Fourth edition, Pearson education / Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 2. Emmanuel C..lfeachor, & Barrie.W.Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing", Second edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Alan V.Oppenheim, Ronald W. Schafer & Hohn. R.Back, "Discrete Time Signal Processing", Pearson Education, 2nd edition, 2005.
- 2. Andreas Antoniou, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001

IT2024

USER INTERFACE DESIGN

LTPC 3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Human–Computer Interface – Characteristics Of Graphics Interface –Direct Manipulation Graphical System – Web User Interface –Popularity –Characteristic & Principles.

UNIT II HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION

10

User Interface Design Process – Obstacles –Usability –Human Characteristics In Design – Human Interaction Speed –Business Functions –Requirement Analysis – Direct – Indirect Methods – Basic Business Functions – Design Standards – System Timings – Human Consideration In Screen Design – Structures Of Menus – Functions Of Menus– Contents Of Menu – Formatting – Phrasing The Menu – Selecting Menu Choice– Navigating Menus– Graphical Menus.

UNIT III WINDOWS

9

Characteristics— Components— Presentation Styles— Types— Managements— Organizations— Operations— Web Systems— Device— Based Controls Characteristics— Screen — Based Controls — Operate Control — Text Boxes— Selection Control—

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Combination Control- Custom Control- Presentation Control.

UNIT IV MULTIMEDIA

9

Text For Web Pages – Effective Feedback– Guidance & Assistance– Internationalization– Accesssibility– Icons– Image– Multimedia – Coloring.

UNIT V WINDOWS LAYOUT- TEST

9

Prototypes – Kinds Of Tests – Retest – Information Search – Visualization – Hypermedia – WWW– Software Tools.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Wilbent. O. Galitz ,"The Essential Guide To User Interface Design", John Wiley& Sons, 2001.
- 2. Ben Sheiderman, "Design The User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998.

REFERENCE:

1. Alan Cooper, "The Essential Of User Interface Design", Wiley – Dream Tech Ltd., 2002.

IT2032 SOFTWARE TESTING

LTPC 3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Testing as an Engineering Activity – Role of Process in Software Quality – Testing as a Process – Basic Definitions – Software Testing Principles – The Tester's Role in a Software Development Organization – Origins of Defects – Defect Classes – The Defect Repository and Test Design – Defect Examples – Developer/Tester Support for Developing a Defect Repository.

UNIT II TEST CASE DESIGN

9

Introduction to Testing Design Strategies – The Smarter Tester – Test Case Design Strategies – Using Black Box Approach to Test Case Design Random Testing – Requirements based testing – positive and negative testing — Boundary Value Analysis – decision tables - Equivalence Class Partitioning state-based testing— cause-effect graphing – error guessing - compatibility testing – user documentation testing – domain testing Using White—Box Approach to Test design – Test Adequacy Criteria – static testing vs. structural testing – code functional testing - Coverage and Control Flow Graphs – Covering Code Logic – Paths – Their Role in White—box Based Test Design – code complexity testing – Evaluating Test Adequacy Criteria.

UNIT III LEVELS OF TESTING

9

The Need for Levels of Testing – Unit Test – Unit Test Planning –Designing the Unit Tests. The Test Harness – Running the Unit tests and Recording results – Integration tests – Designing Integration Tests – Integration Test Planning – scenario testing – defect bash elimination -System Testing – types of system testing - Acceptance testing –

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performance testing - Regression Testing - internationalization testing - ad-hoc testing - Alpha - Beta Tests - testing OO systems - usability and accessibility testing

UNIT IV TEST MANAGEMENT

9

People and organizational issues in testing – organization structures for testing teams – testing services - Test Planning – Test Plan Components – Test Plan Attachments – Locating Test Items – test management – test process - Reporting Test Results – The role of three groups in Test Planning and Policy Development – Introducing the test specialist – Skills needed by a test specialist – Building a Testing Group.

UNIT V CONTROLLING AND MONITORING

S

Software test automation – skills needed for automation – scope of automation – design and architecture for automation – requirements for a test tool – challenges in automation – Test metrics and measurements –project, progress and productivity metrics – Status Meetings – Reports and Control Issues – Criteria for Test Completion – SCM – Types of reviews – Developing a review program – Components of Review Plans– Reporting Review Results. – evaluating software quality – defect prevention – testing maturity model

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Srinivasan Desikan and Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Software Testing Principles and Practices", Pearson education, 2006.
- 2. Aditya P.Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Boris Beizer, "Software Testing Techniques", Second Edition, Dreamtech, 2003
- 2. Elfriede Dustin, "Effective Software Testing", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Renu Rajani, Pradeep Oak, "Software Testing Effective Methods, Tools and Techniques", Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

CS2405

COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY

LTPC 0 032

- 1. Implementation of Bresenhams Algorithm Line, Circle, Ellipse.
- 2. Implementation of Line, Circle and ellipse Attributes
- 3. Two Dimensional transformations Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Reflection, Shear.
- 4. Composite 2D Transformations
- 5. Cohen Sutherland 2D line clipping and Windowing
- 6. Sutherland Hodgeman Polygon clipping Algorithm
- 7. Three dimensional transformations Translation, Rotation, Scaling
- 8. Composite 3D transformations

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- 9. Drawing three dimensional objects and Scenes
- 10. Generating Fractal images

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

CS2406 OPEN SOURCE LAB

LTPC 0 032

OBJECTIVE:

To expose students to FOSS environment and introduce them to use open source packages

- 1. Kernel configuration, compilation and installation: Download / access the latest kernel source code from kernel.org,compile the kernel and install it in the local system. Try to view the source code of the kernel
- Virtualisation environment (e.g., xen, kqemu or lguest) to test an applications, new kernels and isolate applications. It could also be used to expose students to other alternate OSs like *BSD
- **3. Compiling from source**: learn about the various build systems used like the auto* family, cmake, ant etc. instead of just running the commands. This could involve the full process like fetching from a cvs and also include autoconf, automake etc.,
- **4. Introduction to packet management system :** Given a set of RPM or DEB, how to build and maintain, serve packages over http or ftp. and also how do you configure client systems to access the package repository.
- 5. Installing various software packages
 - Either the package is yet to be installed or an older version is existing. The student can practice installing the latest version. Of course, this might need internet access.
 - Install samba and share files to windows
 - Install Common Unix Printing System(CUPS)
- **6. Write userspace drivers using fuse** -- easier to debug and less dangerous to the system (Writing full-fledged drivers is difficult at student level)
- **7. GUI programming : a sample programme** using Gambas since the students have VB knowledge. However, one should try using GTK or QT
- 8. Version Control System setup and usage using RCS, CVS, SVN
- **9. Text processing with Perl:** simple programs, connecting with database e.g., MYSQL
- **10.** Running PHP: simple applications like login forms after setting up a LAMP stack
- **11. Running Python**: some simple exercise e.g. Connecting with MySql database
- **12. Set up the complete network interface** usinf ifconfig command liek setting gateway, DNS, IP tables, etc.,

RESOURCES:

An environment like **FOSS Lab Server** (developed by NRCFOSS containing the various

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packages)

OR

Equivalent system with Linux distro supplemented with relevant packages

Note:

Once the list of experiments are finalised, NRCFOSS can generate full lab manuals complete with exercises, necessary downloads, etc. These could be made available on NRCFOSS web portal.

CS2055

SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE

LTPC 3 0 0 3

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE

The Role of SQA – SQA Plan – SQA considerations – SQA people – Quality Management – Software Configuration Management

UNIT II MANAGING SOFTWARE QUALITY

9

9

Managing Software Organizations – Managing Software Quality – Defect Prevention – Software Quality Assurance Management

UNIT III SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE METRICS

9

Software Quality – Total Quality Management (TQM) – Quality Metrics – Software Quality Metrics Analysis

UNIT IV SOFTWARE QUALITY PROGRAM

9

Software Quality Program Concepts – Establishment of a Software Quality Program – Software Quality Assurance Planning – An Overview – Purpose & Scope.

UNIT V SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE STANDARDIZATION

C

Software Standards-ISO 9000 Quality System Standards - Capability Maturity Model and the Role of SQA in Software Development Maturity - SEI CMM Level 5 - Comparison of ISO 9000 Model with SEI's CMM

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mordechai Ben-Menachem / Garry S Marliss, "Software Quality", Vikas Publishing House, Pvt, Ltd., New Delhi.(UNIT III to V)
- 2. Watts S Humphrey, "Managing the Software Process", Pearson Education Inc.(UNIT I and II)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gordon G Schulmeyer, "Handbook of Software Quality Assurance", Third Edition, Artech House Publishers 2007
- 2. Nina S Godbole, "Software Quality Assurance: Principles and Practice", Alpha Science International, Ltd, 2004

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IT2403 SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

LTPC 3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

9

Project Definition – Contract Management – Activities Covered By Software Project Management – Overview Of Project Planning – Stepwise Project Planning.

UNIT II PROJECT EVALUATION

9

Strategic Assessment – Technical Assessment – Cost Benefit Analysis –Cash Flow Forecasting – Cost Benefit Evaluation Techniques – Risk Evaluation.

UNIT III ACTIVITY PLANNING

9

Objectives – Project Schedule – Sequencing and Scheduling Activities –Network Planning Models – Forward Pass – Backward Pass – Activity Float – Shortening Project Duration – Activity on Arrow Networks – Risk Management – Nature Of Risk – Types Of Risk – Managing Risk – Hazard Identification – Hazard Analysis – Risk Planning And Control.

UNIT IV MONITORING AND CONTROL

9

Creating Framework – Collecting The Data – Visualizing Progress – Cost Monitoring – Earned Value – Priortizing Monitoring – Getting Project Back To Target – Change Control – Managing Contracts – Introduction – Types Of Contract – Stages In Contract Placement – Typical Terms Of A Contract – Contract Management – Acceptance.

UNIT V MANAGING PEOPLE AND ORGANIZING TEAMS

۵

Introduction – Understanding Behavior – Organizational Behaviour:A Background – Selecting The Right Person For The Job – Instruction In The Best Methods – Motivation – The Oldman – Hackman Job Characteristics Model – Working In Groups – Becoming A Team –Decision Making – Leadership – Organizational Structures – Stress –Health And Safety – Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bob Hughes, Mikecotterell, "Software Project Management", Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ramesh, Gopalaswamy, "Managing Global Projects", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- 2. Royce, "Software Project Management", Pearson Education, 1999.
- 3. Jalote, "Software Project Manangement in Practive", Pearson Education, 2002.

CS2451 PROJECT WORK

LTPC

00126

OBJECTIVES:

 To develop the ability to solve a specific problem right from its identification and literature review till the successful solution of the same. To train the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva voce examination.

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The students in a group of 3 to 4 works on a topic approved by the head of the department under the guidance of a faculty member and prepares a comprehensive project report after completing the workto the satisfaction of the supervisor. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

TOTAL: 180 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• On Completion of the project work students will be in a position to take up any challenging practical problems and find solution by formulating proper methodology.

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EEE

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable learners of Engineering and Technology develop their basic communication skills in English.
- To emphasize specially the development of speaking skills amongst learners of Engineering and Technology.
- To ensure that learners use the electronic media such as internet and supplement the learning materials used in the classroom.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and writing leading to effective and efficient communication.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening to audio (verbal & sounds); Speaking - Speaking about one's place, important festivals etc. - Introducing oneself, one's family / friend; Reading - Skimming a reading passage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing - Free writing on any given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.) - Sentence completion - Autobiographical writing (writing about one's leisure time activities, hometown, etc.); Grammar - Prepositions - Reference words - Wh-questions - Tenses (Simple); Vocabulary - Word formation - Word expansion (root words / etymology); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar & Vocabulary - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to audio files and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening and responding to video lectures / talks; Speaking - Describing a simple process (filling a form, etc.) - Asking and answering questions - Telephone skills - Telephone etiquette; Reading - Critical reading - Finding key information in a given text - Sifting facts from opinions; Writing - Biographical writing (place, people) - Process descriptions (general/specific) - Definitions - Recommendations - Instructions; Grammar - Use of imperatives - Subject-verb agreement; Vocabulary - Compound words - Word Association (connotation); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening exercises with sample telephone conversations / lectures - Picture-based activities.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to specific task - focused audio tracks; Speaking - Role-play - Simulation - Group interaction - Speaking in formal situations (teachers, officials, foreigners); Reading - Reading and interpreting visual material; Writing - Jumbled sentences - Coherence and cohesion in writing - Channel conversion (flowchart into process) - Types of paragraph (cause and effect / compare and contrast / narrative / analytical) - Informal writing (letter/e-mail/blogs) - Paraphrasing; Grammar - Tenses (Past) - Use of sequence words - Adjectives; Vocabulary - Different forms and uses of words, Cause and effect words; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Excerpts from films related to the theme and follow up exercises - Pictures of flow charts and tables for interpretations.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Watching videos / documentaries and responding to questions based on them; Speaking - Responding to questions - Different forms of interviews - Speaking at different types of interviews; Reading - Making inference from the reading passage - Predicting the content of a reading passage; Writing - Interpreting visual materials (line graphs, pie charts etc.) - Essay writing - Different types of essays; Grammar - Adverbs - Tenses - future time reference; Vocabulary - Single word substitutes - Use of abbreviations and acronyms; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sample interviews - film scenes - dialogue writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Listening to different accents, Listening to Speeches/Presentations, Listening to broadcast and telecast from Radio and TV; Speaking - Giving impromptu talks, Making presentations on given topics; Reading - Email communication - Reading the attachment files having a poem/joke/proverb - Sending their responses through email; Writing - Creative writing, Poster making; Grammar - Direct and indirect speech; Vocabulary - Lexical items (fixed / semi fixed expressions); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sending emails with attachment – Audio / video excerpts of different accents - Interpreting posters.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to

- speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Raman, Meenakshi & Sangeetha Sharma. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press, New Delhi. 2011.
- 2. Regional Institute of English. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi. 2006.
- 3. Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Rutherford, Andrea. J Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson, New Delhi. 2001.
- 5. Viswamohan, Aysha. English for Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2008.

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Kalam, Abdul. Wings of Fire. Universities Press, Hyderabad. 1999.

WEBSITES:

- 1. http://www.usingenglish.com
- 2. http://www.uefap.com

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like self introduction, peer introduction, group poster making, grammar and vocabulary games, etc.
- Discussions
- Role play activities
- Short presentations
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussion, filling up worksheets,

writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc.

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Reviews
- Creative writing
- Poster making, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual speaking activities, Pair work activities like role play, Interview, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded from simple to complex, from direct to inferential
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing paragraphs, essays etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6151 MATHEMATICS – I

LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques this is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To make the student knowledgeable in the area of infinite series and their convergence so that he/ she will be familiar with limitations of using infinite series approximations for solutions arising in mathematical modeling.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches
 of engineering.
- To introduce the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in engineering applications.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

UNIT I MATRICES 9+3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Statement and applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem – Diagonalization of



matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms.

UNIT II SEQUENCES AND SERIES

9+3

Sequences: Definition and examples – Series: Types and Convergence – Series of positive terms – Tests of convergence: Comparison test, Integral test and D'Alembert's ratio test – Alternating series – Leibnitz's test – Series of positive and negative terms – Absolute and conditional convergence.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

9+3

Curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates – Centre and radius of curvature – Circle of curvature – Evolutes – Envelopes - Evolute as envelope of normals.

UNIT IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

9+3

Limits and Continuity – Partial derivatives – Total derivative – Differentiation of implicit functions – Jacobian and properties – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9+3

Double integrals in cartesian and polar coordinates – Change of order of integration – Area enclosed by plane curves – Change of variables in double integrals – Area of a curved surface - Triple integrals – Volume of Solids.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• This course equips students to have basic knowledge and understanding in one fields of materials, integral and differential calculus.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.



OBJECTIVES:

 To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.

UNIT I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

9

Lattice – Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Lattice planes – Miller indices – d spacing in cubic lattice – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell – Atomic radius – Coordination number – Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures – Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment) - Crystal growth techniques –solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)

UNIT II PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS

9

Elasticity- Hooke's law - Relationship between three modulii of elasticity (qualitative) – stress -strain diagram – Poisson's ratio –Factors affecting elasticity –Bending moment – Depression of a cantilever –Young's modulus by uniform bending- I-shaped girders

Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton's law of cooling - Linear heat flow – Lee's disc method – Radial heat flow – Rubber tube method – conduction through compound media (series and parallel)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation – Planck's theory (derivation) – Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh – Jeans' Law from Planck's theory – Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification – Properties of Matter waves – G.P Thomson experiment -Schrödinger's wave equation – Time independent and time dependent equations – Physical significance of wave function – Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope - Transmission electron microscope.

UNIT IV ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS

9

Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber–Fechner law – Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method – Absorption Coefficient and its determination –factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing - pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C - scan displays, Medical applications - Sonogram

UNIT V PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS

9

Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion -Einstein's A and B coefficients - derivation. Types of lasers – Nd:YAG, CO₂, Semiconductor lasers (homojunction & heterojunction)-Industrial and Medical Applications.

Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres – Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – attenuation, dispersion, bending - Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The students will have knowledge on the basics of physics related to properties of matter, optics, acoustics etc., and they will apply these fundamental principles to solve practical problems related to materials used for engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M. Engineering Physics. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L. Engineering Physics. Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2009
- 3. Mani Naidu S. Engineering Physics, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Searls and Zemansky. University Physics, 2009
- 2. Mani P. Engineering Physics I. Dhanam Publications, 2011
- 3. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009
- 4. Palanisamy P.K. Engineering Physics. SCITECH Publications, 2011
- 5. Rajagopal K. Engineering Physics. PHI, New Delhi, 2011
- 6. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics I. VRB Publishers, 2011.

CY6151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - I

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with basics of polymer chemistry.
- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of second law of thermodynamics and second law based derivations of importance in engineering applications in all disciplines.
- To acquaint the student with concepts of important photophysical and photochemical processes and spectroscopy.
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.
- To acquaint the students with the basics of nano materials, their properties and applications.

UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction: Classification of polymers – Natural and synthetic; Thermoplastic and Thermosetting. Functionality – Degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization: Addition (Free Radical, cationic and anionic); condensation and copolymerization. Properties of polymers: Tg, Tacticity, Molecular weight – weight average, number average and polydispersity index. Techniques of polymerization: Bulk, emulsion, solution and suspension. Preparation, properties and uses of Nylon 6,6, and Epoxy resin.

UNIT II CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS

9

Terminology of thermodynamics - Second law: Entropy - entropy change for an ideal gas, reversible and irreversible processes; entropy of phase transitions; Clausius inequality. Free energy and work function: Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy functions (problems); Criteria of spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation (problems); Clausius-Clapeyron equation; Maxwell relations – Van't Hoff isotherm and isochore(problems).

UNIT III PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY

9

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Quantum efficiency - determination- Photo processes - Internal Conversion, Intersystem crossing, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescence and Photo-sensitization. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - Absorption of radiation - Electronic, Vibrational and rotational transitions. UV-visible and IR spectroscopy - principles, instrumentation (Block diagram only).

UNIT IV PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS

9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, One Component System- water system - Reduced phase rule - Two Component Systems- classification - lead-silver system, zinc-



magnesium system. Alloys: Introduction- Definition- Properties of alloys- Significance of alloying, Functions and effect of alloying elements- Ferrous alloys- Nichrome and Stainless steel – heat treatment of steel; Non-ferrous alloys – brass and bronze.

UNIT V NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Basics - distinction between molecules, nanoparticles and bulk materials; size-dependent properties. Nanoparticles: nano cluster, nano rod, nanotube(CNT) and nanowire. Synthesis: precipitation, thermolysis, hydrothermal, solvothermal, electrode position, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation; Properties and applications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The knowledge gained on polymer chemistry, thermodynamics. spectroscopy, phase rule and nano materials will provide a strong platform to understand the concepts on these subjects for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain P.C. and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
- 2. Kannan P., Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dara S.S, Umare S.S, "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi 2010
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Gowariker V.R., Viswanathan N.V. and JayadevSreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International P (Ltd.,), Chennai, 2006.
- 4. Ozin G. A. and Arsenault A. C., "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", RSC Publishing, 2005.

GE6151

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Learn the organization of a digital computer.
- Be exposed to the number systems.
- Learn to think logically and write pseudo code or draw flow charts for problems.
- Be exposed to the syntax of C.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use arrays, strings, functions, pointers, structures and unions in C.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Generation and Classification of Computers- Basic Organization of a Computer –Number System – Binary – Decimal – Conversion – Problems. Need for logical analysis and thinking – Algorithm – Pseudo code – Flow Chart.



UNIT II C PROGRAMMING BASICS

10

Problem formulation – Problem Solving - Introduction to 'C' programming –fundamentals – structure of a 'C' program – compilation and linking processes – Constants, Variables – Data Types – Expressions using operators in 'C' – Managing Input and Output operations – Decision Making and Branching – Looping statements – solving simple scientific and statistical problems.

UNIT III ARRAYS AND STRINGS

9

Arrays – Initialization – Declaration – One dimensional and Two dimensional arrays. String- String operations – String Arrays. Simple programs- sorting- searching – matrix operations.

UNIT IV FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS

9

Function – definition of function – Declaration of function – Pass by value – Pass by reference – Recursion – Pointers - Definition – Initialization – Pointers arithmetic – Pointers and arrays- Example Problems.

UNIT V STRUCTURES AND UNIONS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Introduction – need for structure data type – structure definition – Structure declaration – Structure within a structure - Union - Programs using structures and Unions – Storage classes, Pre-processor directives.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design C Programs for problems.
- Write and execute C programs for simple applications.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, 2011.
- 2. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Fundamentals of Computing and Programming in C", First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009
- 3. Yashavant P. Kanetkar. "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007.
- 3. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie, D.M, "The C Programming language", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in students, graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of Engineering products.
- To expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

1

Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments – BIS conventions and specifications – Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets – Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING

5+9

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method – Construction of cycloid – construction of involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves, Scales: Construction of Diagonal and Vernier scales.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles –Representation of Three Dimensional objects – Layout of views- Free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

5+9

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

5+9

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

5+9

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS

6+9

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale –Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions and miscellaneous problems. Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method .

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (Demonstration Only)

3

Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration of their use.



OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- perform free hand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of objects.
- do orthographic projection of lines and plane surfaces.
- draw projections and solids and development of surfaces.
- prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.
- demonstrate computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOK:

 Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 50th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2007.
- 2. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.
- 5. Natrajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 6. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- 2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- 3. IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- 4. IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- 5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001: Technical drawings Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- 1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- 3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
- 4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day



OBJECTIVES:

GE6161

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with the use of Office software.
- Be exposed to presentation and visualization tools.
- Be exposed to problem solving techniques and flow charts.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use Arrays, strings, functions, structures and unions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Search, generate, manipulate data using MS office/ Open Office
- 2. Presentation and Visualization graphs, charts, 2D, 3D
- 3. Problem formulation, Problem Solving and Flowcharts
- 4. C Programming using Simple statements and expressions
- 5. Scientific problem solving using decision making and looping.
- 6. Simple programming for one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.
- 7. Solving problems using String functions
- 8. Programs with user defined functions Includes Parameter Passing
- 9. Program using Recursive Function and conversion from given program to flow chart.
- 10. Program using structures and unions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Design and implement C programs for simple applications.
- Develop recursive programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

DEPENDENCE OF TECHNICAL OF THE THREE OF THREE

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

GE6162

ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

LT P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

 To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

9

Buildings:

(a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.

(e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.
- (b) Gas welding practice

Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making Trays, funnels, etc.
- (c) Different type of joints.



Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

- (a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example Exercise Production of hexagonal headed bolt.
- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and vee fitting models.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

III ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

10

- 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- 4. Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.
- 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

IV ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

- 1. Study of Electronic components and equipments Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.
- 2. Study of logic gates AND, OR, EOR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- 4. Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- 5. Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- ability to use welding equipments to join the structures.
- ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jeyachandran K., Natarajan S. & Balasubramanian S., "A Primer on Engineering Practices Laboratory", Anuradha Publications, 2007.
- 2. Jeyapoovan T., Saravanapandian M. & Pranitha S., "Engineering Practices Lab Manual", Vikas Puplishing House Pvt.Ltd, 2006.
- 3. Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2007.
- 4. Rajendra Prasad A. & Sarma P.M.M.S., "Workshop Practice", Sree Sai Publication, 2002.
- 5. Kannaiah P. & Narayana K.L., "Manual on Workshop Practice", Scitech Publications, 1999.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

CIVIL

1. Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs and



other fittings. 2. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench) 3. Standard woodworking tools 4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints 5. Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer (b) Demolition Hammer (c) Circular Saw (d) Planer (e) Hand Drilling Machine (f) Jigsaw	15 Sets. 15 Nos. 15 Sets. 5 each 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos 2 Nos
MECHANICAL	
 Arc welding transformer with cables and holders Welding booth with exhaust facility Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer, wire brush, etc. 	5 Nos. 5 Nos. 5 Sets.
Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other welding outfit.	2 Nos.
5. Centre lathe6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools7. Moulding table, foundry tools8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner	2 Nos. 2 Sets. 2 Sets. 2 Nos One each.
ELECTRICAL 1. Assorted electrical components for house wiring 2. Electrical measuring instruments 3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergend 4. Megger (250V/500V) 5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder (b) Digital Live-wire detector	15 Sets 10 Sets cy lamp 1 each 1 No. 2 Nos 2 Nos
 ELECTRONICS 1. Soldering guns 2. Assorted electronic components for making circuits 3. Small PCBs 4. Multimeters 5. Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage por supply 	10 Nos. 50 Nos. 10 Nos. 10 Nos. wer

PHYSICS LABORATORY - I

OBJECTIVES:

 To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. (a) Determination of Wavelength, and particle size using Laser
 - (b) Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.
- 2. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic interferometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum spectrometer grating
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Lee's Disc method.
- 5. Determination of Young's modulus by Non uniform bending method
- 6. Determination of specific resistance of a given coil of wire Carey Foster's Bridge

OUTCOMES:

The hands on exercises undergone by the students will help them to apply physics principles
of optics and thermal physics to evaluate engineering properties of materials.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Diode laser, lycopodium powder, glass plate, optical fiber.
- 2. Ultrasonic interferometer
- 3. Spectrometer, mercury lamp, grating
- 4. Lee's Disc experimental set up
- 5. Traveling microscope, meter scale, knife edge, weights
- 6. Carey foster's bridge set up (vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY-I

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric and instrumental analysis.
- To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by vacometry.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

1 Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.



- 2 Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method.
- 3 Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
- 4 Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter.
- 5 Estimation of iron content of the water sample using spectrophotometer. (1,10- phenanthroline / thiocyanate method).
- 6 Determination of molecular weight of polyvinylalcohol using Ostwald viscometer.
- 7 Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base.

OUTCOMES:

• The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 2001.
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry", LBS Singapore 1994.
- 3. Jeffery G.H., Bassett J., Mendham J.and Denny vogel's R.C, "Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M., Sandell E.B. et al. "Quantitative chemical analysis", Mcmillan, Madras 1980.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

lodine flask - 30 Nos
 pH meter - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos
 Spectrophotometer - 5 Nos
 Ostwald Viscometer - 10 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (each 30 Nos.)

HS6251

TECHNICAL ENGLISH II

L T P C 3 1 0 4

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES:

- To make learners acquire listening and speaking skills in both formal and informal contexts.
- To help them develop their reading skills by familiarizing them with different types of reading strategies.
- To equip them with writing skills needed for academic as well as workplace contexts.
- To make them acquire language skills at their own pace by using e-materials and language lab components.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Listening to informal conversations and participating; Speaking - Opening a conversation (greetings, comments on topics like weather) - Turn taking - Closing a conversation (excuses, general wish, positive comment, thanks); Reading - Developing analytical skills, Deductive and



inductive reasoning - Extensive reading; Writing - Effective use of SMS for sending short notes and messages - Using 'emoticons' as symbols in email messages; Grammar - Regular and irregular verbs - Active and passive voice; Vocabulary - Homonyms (e.g. 'can') - Homophones (e.g. 'some', 'sum'); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - blogging; Language Lab - Listening to different types of conversation and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening to situation based dialogues; Speaking - Conversation practice in real life situations, asking for directions (using polite expressions), giving directions (using imperative sentences), Purchasing goods from a shop, Discussing various aspects of a film (they have already seen) or a book (they have already read); Reading - Reading a short story or an article from newspaper, Critical reading, Comprehension skills; Writing - Writing a review / summary of a story / article, Personal letter (Inviting your friend to a function, congratulating someone for his / her success, thanking one's friends / relatives); Grammar - modal verbs, Purpose expressions; Vocabulary - Phrasal verbs and their meanings, Using phrasal verbs in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and vocabulary, Extensive reading activity (reading stories / novels), Posting reviews in blogs - Language Lab - Dialogues (Fill up exercises), Recording students' dialogues.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to the conversation - Understanding the structure of conversations; Speaking - Conversation skills with a sense of stress, intonation, pronunciation and meaning - Seeking information – expressing feelings (affection, anger, regret, etc.); Reading - Speed reading – reading passages with time limit - Skimming; Writing - Minutes of meeting – format and practice in the preparation of minutes - Writing summary after reading articles from journals - Format for journal articles – elements of technical articles (abstract, introduction, methodology, results, discussion, conclusion, appendices, references) - Writing strategies; Grammar - Conditional clauses - Causeand effect expressions; Vocabulary - Words used as nouns and verbs without any change in the spelling (e.g. 'rock', 'train', 'ring'); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - Speed Reading practice exercises; Language Lab - Intonation practice using EFLU and RIE materials – Attending a meeting and writing minutes.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Listening to a telephone conversation, Viewing model interviews (face-to-face, telephonic and video conferencing); Speaking - Role play practice in telephone skills - listening and responding, -asking questions, -note taking – passing on messages, Role play and mock interview for grasping interview skills; Reading - Reading the job advertisements and the profile of the company concerned – scanning; Writing - Applying for a job – cover letter - résumé preparation – vision, mission and goals of the candidate; Grammar - Numerical expressions - Connectives (discourse markers); Vocabulary - Idioms and their meanings – using idioms in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and Vocabulary - Different forms of résumés- Filling up a résumé / cover letter; Language Lab - Telephonic interview – recording the responses - e-résumé writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Viewing a model group discussion and reviewing the performance of each participant - Identifying the characteristics of a good listener; Speaking - Group discussion skills - initiating the discussion - exchanging suggestions and proposals - expressing dissent/agreement - assertiveness in expressing opinions - mind mapping technique; Reading - Note making skills - making notes from books, or any form of written materials - Intensive reading; Writing - Checklist - Types of reports - Feasibility / Project report - report format - recommendations / suggestions - interpretation of data

(using charts for effective presentation); Grammar - Use of clauses; Vocabulary - Collocation; E-materials - Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises - Sample GD - Pictures for discussion, Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises; Language Lab - Different models of group discussion.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to

- speak convincingly, express their opinions clearly, initiate a discussion, negotiate, argue using appropriate communicative strategies.
- write effectively and persuasively and produce different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- read different genres of texts, infer implied meanings and critically analyse and evaluate them for ideas as well as for method of presentation.
- listen/view and comprehend different spoken excerpts critically and infer unspoken and implied meanings.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Anderson, Paul V. Technical Communication: A Reader-Centered Approach. Cengage. New Delhi. 2008.
- 2. Muralikrishna, & Sunita Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers. Pearson, New Delhi. 2011.
- 3. Riordan, Daniel. G. Technical Communication. Cengage Learning, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Sharma, Sangeetha & Binod Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists. PHI Learning, New Delhi. 2009.
- 5. Smith-Worthington, Darlene & Sue Jefferson. Technical Writing for Success. Cengage, Mason USA. 2007.

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Khera, Shiv. You can Win. Macmillan, Delhi. 1998.

Websites

- 1. http://www.englishclub.com
- 2. http://owl.english.purdue.edu

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like individual writing and presentations, group discussions, interviews, reporting, etc
- Long presentations using visual aids
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussions, filling up worksheets.



writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc

 Projects like group reports, mock interviews etc using a combination of two or more of the language skills

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Report
- Creative writing, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual presentations, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded following Bloom's taxonomy
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing essays, CVs, reports etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content graded following Bloom's taxonomy.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6251 MATHEMATICS – II

LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential equations that model engineering problems.
- To acquaint the student with the concepts of vector calculus needed for problems in all engineering disciplines.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory so as to enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow the of electric current.
- To make the student appreciate the purpose of using transforms to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.

UNIT I VECTOR CALCULUS

9+3

Gradient, divergence and curl – Directional derivative – Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields – Vector integration – Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes' theorem (excluding proofs) – Simple applications involving cubes and rectangular parallelopipeds.

UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

9+3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients – Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.



UNIT III LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Laplace transform – Sufficient condition for existence – Transform of elementary functions – Basic properties – Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse functions – Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform -Statement of Convolution theorem – Initial and final value theorems – Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients using Laplace transformation techniques.

UNIT IV ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions of a complex variable – Analytic functions: Necessary conditions – Cauchy-Riemann equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs) – Harmonic and orthogonal properties of analytic function – Harmonic conjugate – Construction of analytic functions – Conformal mapping: w = z+k, kz, 1/z, z^2 , e^z and bilinear transformation.

UNIT V COMPLEX INTEGRATION

9+3

Complex integration – Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions – Singular points – Residues – Cauchy's residue theorem – Evaluation of real definite integrals as contour integrals around unit circle and semi-circle (excluding poles on the real axis).

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• The subject helps the students to develop the fundamentals and basic concepts in vector calculus, ODE, Laplace transform and complex functions. Students will be able to solve problems related to engineering applications by using these techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd.,2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 2011.Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi,

REFERENCES:

- Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma,"
 Higher Engineering Mathematics",
 S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, NewDelhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering



OBJECTIVES:

 To enrich the understanding of various types of materials and their applications in engineering and technology.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Conductors – classical free electron theory of metals – Electrical and thermal conductivity – Wiedemann – Franz law – Lorentz number – Draw backs of classical theory – Quantum theory – Fermi distribution function – Effect of temperature on Fermi Function – Density of energy states – carrier concentration in metals.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Intrinsic semiconductor – carrier concentration derivation – Fermi level – Variation of Fermi level with temperature – electrical conductivity – band gap determination – compound semiconductors -direct and indirect band gap- derivation of carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration — Hall effect –Determination of Hall coefficient – Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Origin of magnetic moment – Bohr magneton – comparison of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism – Domain theory – Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – antiferromagnetic materials – Ferrites and its applications

Superconductivity: properties – Type I and Type II superconductors – BCS theory of superconductivity(Qualitative) - High T_c superconductors – Applications of superconductors – SQUID, cryotron, magnetic levitation.

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

9

Electrical susceptibility – dielectric constant – electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization – frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation – internal field – Claussius – Mosotti relation (derivation) – dielectric loss – dielectric breakdown – uses of dielectric materials (capacitor and transformer) – ferroelectricity and applications.

UNIT V ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Metallic glasses: preparation, properties and applications. Shape memory alloys (SMA): Characteristics, properties of NiTi alloy, application, Nanomaterials— Preparation -pulsed laser deposition - chemical vapour deposition - Applications - NLO materials -Birefringence- optical Kerr effect - Classification of Biomaterials and its applications

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

• The students will have the knowledge on physics of materials and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M., Materials Science. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics. New Age International(P) Ltd., publishers, 2009



REFERENCES:

- 1. Palanisamy P.K. Materials Science. SCITECH Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2011.
- 3. Mani P. Engineering Physics II. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- 4. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009.

CY6251

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - II

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.
- Principles of electrochemical reactions, redox reactions in corrosion of materials and methods for corrosion prevention and protection of materials.
- Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.
- Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

9

Introduction to boiler feed water-requirements-formation of deposits in steam boilers and heat exchangers- disadvantages (wastage of fuels, decrease in efficiency, boiler explosion) prevention of scale formation -softening of hard water -external treatment zeolite and demineralization - internal treatment- boiler compounds (phosphate, calgon, carbonate, colloidal) - caustic embrittlement -boiler corrosion-priming and foaming- desalination of brackish water -reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION

9

Electrochemical cell - redox reaction, electrode potential- origin of electrode potential- oxidation potential- reduction potential, measurement and applications - electrochemical series and its significance - Nernst equation (derivation and problems). Corrosion- causes- factors- types-chemical, electrochemical corrosion (galvanic, differential aeration), corrosion control - material selection and design aspects - electrochemical protection — sacrificial anode method and impressed current cathodic method. Paints- constituents and function. Electroplating of Copper and electroless plating of nickel.

UNIT III ENERGY SOURCES

9

Introduction- nuclear energy- nuclear fission- controlled nuclear fission- nuclear fusion- differences between nuclear fission and fusion- nuclear chain reactions- nuclear reactor power generator-classification of nuclear reactor- light water reactor- breeder reactor- solar energy conversion-solar cells- wind energy. Batteries and fuel cells: Types of batteries- alkaline battery- lead storage battery- nickel-cadmium battery- lithium battery- fuel cell H_2 - O_2 fuel cell- applications.

UNIT IV ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Abrasives: definition, classification or types, grinding wheel, abrasive paper and cloth. Refractories: definition, characteristics, classification, properties – refractoriness and RUL, dimensional stability, thermal spalling, thermal expansion, porosity; Manufacture of alumina, magnesite and silicon carbide, Portland cement- manufacture and properties - setting and hardening of cement, special cement- waterproof and white cement-properties and uses. Glass -

DEPLACEMENT TO TECHNOLO -KUNNING BERNESS OF TOCHNOLO -KUNN

UNIT V FUELS AND COMBUSTION

9

Fuel: Introduction- classification of fuels- calorific value- higher and lower calorific values- coalanalysis of coal (proximate and ultimate)- carbonization- manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum- manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process)- knockingoctane number - diesel oil- cetane number - natural gas- compressed natural gas(CNG)- liquefied petroleum gases(LPG)- producer gas- water gas. Power alcohol and bio diesel. Combustion of fuels: introduction- theoretical calculation of calorific value- calculation of stoichiometry of fuel and air ratio- ignition temperature- explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Vairam S, Kalyani P and SubaRamesh., "Engineering Chemistry"., Wiley India PvtLtd., New Delhi.. 2011.
- 2. DaraS.S,UmareS.S."Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi , 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Kannan P. and Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009.
- 2. AshimaSrivastava and Janhavi N N., "Concepts of Engineering Chemistry", ACME Learning Private Limited., New Delhi., 2010.
- 3. RenuBapna and Renu Gupta., "Engineering Chemistry", Macmillan India Publisher Ltd., 2010.
- 4 Pahari A and Chauhan B., "Engineering Chemistry"., Firewall Media., New Delhi., 2010.

GE6251

BASIC CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

L T P C 4 0 0 4

OBJECTIVES

- To impart basic knowledge on Civil and Mechanical Engineering.
- To explain the materials used for the construction of civilized structures.
- To make the understand the fundamentals of construction of structure.
- To explain the component of power plant units and detailed explanation to IC engines their working principles.
- To explain the R & AC system.

A - CIVIL ENGINEERING

UNIT I SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING MATERIALS

15

Surveying: Objects – types – classification – principles – measurements of distances – angles – leveling – determination of areas – illustrative examples.

Civil Engineering Materials: Bricks – stones – sand – cement – concrete – steel sections.

UNIT II BUILDING COMPONENTS AND STRUCTURES

15

Foundations: Types, Bearing capacity – Requirement of good foundations.

Superstructure: Brick masonry – stone masonry – beams – columns – lintels – roofing – flooring – plastering – Mechanics – Internal and external forces – stress – strain – elasticity – Types of Bridges and Dams – Basics of Interior Design and Landscaping.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

B – MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

UNIT III POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

10

Introduction, Classification of Power Plants – Working principle of steam, Gas, Diesel, Hydro-electric and Nuclear Power plants – Merits and Demerits – Pumps and turbines – working principle of Reciprocating pumps (single acting and double acting) – Centrifugal Pump.

UNIT IV IC ENGINES

10

Internal combustion engines as automobile power plant – Working principle of Petrol and Diesel Engines – Four stroke and two stroke cycles – Comparison of four stroke and two stroke engines – Boiler as a power plant.

UNIT V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

10

Terminology of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning. Principle of vapour compression and absorption system – Layout of typical domestic refrigerator – Window and Split type room Air conditioner.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to explain the usage of construction material and proper selection of construction materials.
- Ability to design building structures.
- Ability to identify the components use in power plant cycle.
- Ability to demonstrate working principles of petrol and diesel engine.

DEPPLANTED OF TECHNOLOGICAL STREET, ST

Ability to explain the components of refrigeration and Air conditioning cycle.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Shanmugam G and Palanichamy M S, "Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1996.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ramamrutham S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co. (P) Ltd. 1999.
- 2. Seetharaman S., "Basic Civil Engineering", Anuradha Agencies, 2005.
- 3. Venugopal K. and Prahu Raja V., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Anuradha Publishers, Kumbakonam, 2000.
- 4. Shantha Kumar S R J., "Basic Mechanical Engineering", Hi-tech Publications, Mayiladuthurai, 2000.

EE6201 CIRCUIT THEORY L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To impart knowledge on solving circuits using network theorems
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- To Phasor diagrams and analysis of three phase circuits

UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS

12

Ohm's Law – Kirchoffs laws – DC and AC Circuits – Resistors in series and parallel circuits – Mesh current and node voltage method of analysis for D.C and A.C. circuits – Phasor Diagram – Power, Power Factor and Energy.

UNIT II NETWORK REDUCTION AND NETWORK THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC CIRCUITS

12

Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion. Thevenins and Novton & Theorem – Superposition Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem.

UNIT III RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS

12

Series and paralled resonance – their frequency response – Quality factor and Bandwidth - Self and mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling – Tuned circuits – Single tuned circuits.

UNIT IV TRANSIENT RESPONSE FOR DC CIRCUITS

12

Transient response of RL, RC and RLC Circuits using Laplace transform for DC input and A.C. with sinusoidal input – Characterization of two port networks in terms of Z,Y and h parameters.

UNIT V THREE PHASE CIRCUITS

12

Three phase balanced / unbalanced voltage sources – analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced & un balanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power and power factor measurements in three phase circuits.



TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability analyse electrical circuits
- Ability to apply circuit theorems
- · Ability to analyse AC and DC Circuits

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. William H. Hayt Jr, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuits Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill publishers, 6 edition, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahri, "Electric circuits", Schaum's series, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Paranjothi SR, "Electric Circuits Analysis," New Age International Ltd., New Delhi, 1996.
- Sudhakar A and Shyam Mohan SP, "Circuits and Network Analysis and Synthesis", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Chakrabati A, "Circuits Theory (Analysis and synthesis), Dhanpath Rai & Sons, New Delhi, 1999.

GE6262

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - II

L T P C 0 0 2 1

PHYSICS LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

 To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method
- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor
- 3. Determination of Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid –Poiseuille's method
- 4. Determination of Dispersive power of a prism Spectrometer
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire Air wedge method
- 6. Determination of Rigidity modulus Torsion pendulum

OUTCOMES:

 The students will have the ability to test materials by using their knowledge of applied physics principles in optics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Traveling microscope, meter scale, Knife edge, weights
- 2. Band gap experimental set up
- 3. Burette, Capillary tube, rubber tube, stop clock, beaker and weighing balance
- 4. spectrometer, prism, sodium vapour lamp.
- 5. Air-wedge experimental set up.
- 6. Tortion pendulum setup.

(Vernier Caliper.Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)



CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

 To make the student acquire practical skills in the wet chemical and instrumental methods for quantitative estimation of hardness, alkalinity, metal ion content, corrosion in metals and cement analysis.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1 Determination of alkalinity in water sample
- 2 Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method
- 3 Estimation of copper content of the given solution by EDTA method
- 4 Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 5 Estimation of sodium present in water using flame photometer
- 6 Corrosion experiment weight loss method
- 7 Conductometric precipitation titration using BaCl₂ and Na₂SO₄
- 8 Determination of CaO in Cement.

OUTCOMES:

• The students will be conversant with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters, corrosion measurement and cement analysis.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 2001.
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry, LBS Singapore ,1994.
- 3. Jeffery G.H, Bassett J., Mendham J. and Denny R.C., "Vogel's Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M. and Sandell E.B. et al. Quantitative chemical analysis, McMillan, Madras
- Laboratory classes on alternate weeks for Physics and Chemistry.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Potentiometer - 5 Nos
 Flame photo meter - 5 Nos
 Weighing Balance - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (30 Nos each)



TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LABORATORY

L T P C 0 1 2 2

OBJECTIVES:

The Students should be made to

- Be exposed to Unix shell commands
- Be familiar with an editor on Unix
- Learn to program in Shell script
- Learn to write C programme for Unix platform

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. UNIX COMMANDS 15

Study of Unix OS - Basic Shell Commands - Unix Editor

2. SHELL PROGRAMMING 15

Simple Shell program - Conditional Statements - Testing and Loops

3. C PROGRAMMING ON UNIX 15

Dynamic Storage Allocation-Pointers-Functions-File Handling

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students should be able to:

- Use Shell commands
- Design of Implement Unix shell scripts
- Write and execute C programs on Unix

HARDWARE / SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Hardware

- UNIX Clone Server
- 33 Nodes (thin client or PCs)
- Printer 3 Nos.

Software

- OS UNIX Clone (33 user license or License free Linux)
- Compiler C



ELECTRIC CIRCUITS LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

• To provide practical experience with simulation of electrical circuits and verifying circuit theorems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Experimental verification of Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws
- 2. Experimental verification of network theorems (Thevenin, Norton, Superposition and maximum power transfer Theorem).
- 3. Study of CRO and measurement of sinusoidal voltage, frequency and power factor.
- 4. Experiental determination of time constant of series R-C electric circuits.
- 5. Experimental determination of frequency response of RLC circuits.
- 6. Design and Simulation of series resonance circuit.
- 7. Design and Simulation of parallel resonant circuits.
- 8. Simulation of low pass and high pass passive filters.
- 9. Simulation of three phase balanced and unbalanced star, delta networks circuits.
- 10. Experimental determination of power in three phase circuits by two-watt meter method .
- 11. Calibration of single phase energy meter.
- 12. Determination of two port network parameters.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and apply circuit theorems and concepts in engineering applications.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1 Regulated Power Supply: 0 15 V D.C 10 Nos / Distributed Power Source.
- 2 Function Generator (1 MHz) 10 Nos.
- 3 Single Phase Energy Meter 1 No.
- 4 Oscilloscope (20 MHz) 10 Nos.
- 5 Digital Storage Oscilloscope (20 MHz) 1 No.
- 6 Circuit Simulation Software (5 Users) (Pspice / Matlab /other Equivalent software Package) with PC(5 Nos.) and Printer (1 No.)
- 7 AC/DC Voltmeters (10 Nos.), Ammeters (10 Nos.) and Multi-meters (10 Nos.)
- 8 Single Phase Wattmeter 3 Nos.
- 9 Decade Resistance Box, Decade Inductance Box, Decade Capacitance Box Each 6 Nos.
- 10 Circuit Connection Boards 10 Nos.

Necessary Quantities of Resistors, Inductors, Capacitors of various capacities (Quarter Watt to 10 Watt)



OBJECTIVES:

- To model the power system under steady state operating condition.
- To apply numerical methods to solve the power flow problem.
- To model and analyze the system under faulted conditions.
- To model and analyze the transient behaviour of power system when it is subjected to
- a fault.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Need for system planning and operational studies – basic components of a power system.-Introduction to restructuring - Single line diagram – per phase and per unit analysis – Generator - transformer – transmission line and load representation for different power system studies.- Primitive network - construction of Y-bus using inspection and singular transformation methods – <u>z-bus</u>.

UNIT II POWER FLOW ANALYSIS

9

Importance of power flow analysis in planning and operation of power systems - statement of power flow problem - classification of buses - development of power flow model in complex variables form - iterative solution using Gauss-Seidel method - Q-limit check for voltage controlled buses — power flow model in polar form - iterative solution using Newton-Raphson method .

UNIT III FAULT ANALYSIS – BALANCED FAULTS

9

Importance of short circuit analysis - assumptions in fault analysis - analysis using Thevenin's theorem - Z-bus building algorithm - fault analysis using Z-bus - computations of short circuit capacity, post fault voltage and currents.

UNIT IV FAULT ANALYSIS – UNBALANCED FAULTS

9

Introduction to symmetrical components – sequence impedances – sequence circuits of synchronous machine, transformer and transmission lines - sequence networks analysis of single line to ground, line to line and double line to ground faults using Thevenin's theorem and Z-bus matrix.

UNIT V STABILITY ANALYSIS

q

Importance of stability analysis in power system planning and operation - classification of power system stability - angle and voltage stability - Single Machine Infinite Bus (SMIB) system: Development of swing equation - equal area criterion - determination of critical clearing angle and time - solution of swing equation by modified Euler method and Runge-Kutta fourth order method.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyze power system operation, stability, control and protection.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Nagrath I.J. and Kothari D.P., 'Modern Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw-Hill, Fourth Edition, 2011.
- 2. John J. Grainger and W.D. Stevenson Jr., 'Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw-Hill, Sixth reprint, 2010.
- 3. P. Venkatesh, B.V. Manikandan, S. Charles Raja, A. Srinivasan, 'Electrical Power Systems-Analysis, Security and Deregulation', PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Hadi Saadat, 'Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 21st

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RUMANT DISSESSMENT FRAME
REPRIAMEDURAL SCIENCE

reprint, 2010.

- 2. Kundur P., 'Power System Stability and Control, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 10th reprint, 2010.
- 3. Pai M A, 'Computer Techniques in Power System Analysis', Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, Second Edition, 2007.
- 4. J. Duncan Glover, Mulukutla S. Sarma, Thomas J. Overbye, 'Power System Analysis & Design', Cengage Learning, Fifth Edition, 2012.
- 5. Olle. I. Elgerd, 'Electric Energy Systems Theory An Introduction', Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, Second Edition, 2012.
- 6. C.A.Gross, "Power System Analysis," Wiley India, 2011.

EE6502 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS

LTPC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the Architecture of uP8085 & uC 8051
- To study the addressing modes & instruction set of 8085 & 8051.
- To introduce the need & use of Interrupt structure 8085 & 8051.
- To develop skill in simple applications development with programming 8085 & 8051
- To introduce commonly used peripheral / interfacing

UNIT I 8085 PROCESSOR

9

Hardware Architecture, pinouts – Functional Building Blocks of Processor – Memory organization – I/O ports and data transfer concepts– Timing Diagram – Interrupts.

UNIT II PROGRAMMING OF 8085 PROCESSOR

9

Instruction -format and addressing modes – Assembly language format – Data transfer, data manipulation& control instructions – Programming: Loop structure with counting & Indexing – Look up table - Subroutine instructions - stack.

UNIT III 8051 MICRO CONTROLLER

9

Hardware Architecture, pintouts – Functional Building Blocks of Processor – Memory organization – I/O ports and data transfer concepts – Timing Diagram – Interrupts-Comparison to Programming concepts with 8085.

UNIT IV PERIPHERAL INTERFACING

9

Study on need, Architecture, configuration and interfacing, with ICs: 8255, 8259, 8254,8237,8251, 8279, - A/D and D/A converters &Interfacing with 8085& 8051.

UNIT V MICRO CONTROLLER PROGRAMMING & APPLICATIONS

9

Data Transfer, Manipulation, Control Algorithms& I/O instructions – Simple programming exercises-key board and display interface – Closed loop control of servo motor- stepper motor control – Washing Machine Control.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

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RUPAGA

To understand and apply computing platform and software for engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Krishna Kant, "Microprocessor and Microcontrollers", Eastern Company Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. R.S. Gaonkar, 'Microprocessor Architecture Programming and Application', with 8085, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 3. Soumitra Kumar Mandal, Microprocessor & Microcontroller Architecture, Programming & Interfacing using 8085,8086,8051,McGraw Hill Edu,2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi & Janice Gilli Mazidi, R.D.Kinely 'The 8051 Micro Controller and Embedded Systems', PHI Pearson Education, 5th Indian reprint, 2003.
- 2. N.Senthil Kumar, M.Saravanan, S.Jeevananthan, 'Microprocessors and Microcontrollers', Oxford, 2013.
- 3. Valder Perez, "Microcontroller Fundamentals and Applications with Pic," Yeesdee Publishers, Tayler & Francis, 2013.

ME6701

POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

 Providing an overview of Power Plants and detailing the role of Mechanical Engineers in their operation and maintenance.

UNIT I COAL BASED THERMAL POWER PLANTS

10

Rankine cycle - improvisations, Layout of modern coal power plant, Super Critical Boilers, FBC Boilers, Turbines, Condensers, Steam & Heat rate, Subsystems of thermal power plants – Fuel and ash handling, Draught system, Feed water treatment. Binary Cycles and Cogeneration systems.

UNIT II DIESEL, GAS TURBINE AND COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANTS

Otto, Diesel, Dual & Brayton Cycle - Analysis & Optimisation. Components of Diesel and Gas Turbine power plants. Combined Cycle Power Plants. Integrated Gasifier based Combined Cycle systems.

UNIT III NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

7

Basics of Nuclear Engineering, Layout and subsystems of Nuclear Power Plants, Working of Nuclear Reactors: Boiling Water Reactor (BWR), Pressurized Water Reactor (PWR), CANada Deuterium-Uranium reactor (CANDU), Breeder, Gas Cooled and Liquid Metal Cooled Reactors. Safety measures for Nuclear Power plants.

UNIT IV POWER FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY

10

Hydro Electric Power Plants – Classification, Typical Layout and associated components including Turbines. Principle, Construction and working of Wind, Tidal, *Solar* Photo Voltaic (SPV), Solar Thermal, Geo Thermal, Biogas and Fuel Cell power systems.

UNIT V ENERGY, ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES OF POWER PLANTS 8
Power tariff types, Load distribution parameters, load curve, Comparison of site selection criteria, relative merits & demerits, Capital & Operating Cost of different power plants. Pollution control

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technologies including Waste Disposal Options for Coal and Nuclear Power Plants.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of this course, the Students can able to understand different types of power plant, and its functions and their flow lines and issues related to them.

• Analyse and solve energy and economic related issues in power sectors.

TEXT BOOK:

1. P.K. Nag, Power Plant Engineering, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishing Company Ltd., Third Edition, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M.M. El-Wakil, Power Plant Technology, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2010.
- 2. Black & Veatch, Springer, Power Plant Engineering, 1996.
- 3. Thomas C. Elliott, Kao Chen and Robert C. Swanekamp, Standard Handbook of Power Plant Engineering, Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 1998.
- 4. Godfrey Boyle, Renewable energy, Open University, Oxford University Press in association with the Open University, 2004.

EE6503

POWER ELECTRONICS

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To get an overview of different types of power semiconductor devices and their switching characteristics.
- To understand the operation, characteristics and performance parameters of controlled rectifiers
- To study the operation, switching techniques and basics topologies of DC-DC switching regulators.
- To learn the different modulation techniques of pulse width modulated inverters and to understand harmonic reduction methods.
- To study the operation of AC voltage controller and various configurations.

UNIT I POWERSEMI-CONDUCTOR DEVICES

9

Study of switching devices, Diode, SCR,TRIAC, GTO, BJT, MOSFET, IGBT-Static and Dynamic characteristics - Triggering and commutation circuit for SCR- Design of Driver and snubber circuit.

UNIT II PHASE-CONTROLLED CONVERTERS

9

2-pulse,3-pulse and 6-pulseconverters—performance parameters—Effect of source inductance—Gate Circuit Schemes for Phase Control—Dual converters.

UNIT III DC TO DC CONVERTER

S

Step-down and step-up chopper-control strategy–Forced commutated chopper–Voltage commutated, Current commutated, Load commutated, Switched mode regulators- Buck, boost, buck- boost converter, Introduction to Resonant Converters.



UNIT IV INVERTERS

9

Single phase and three phase voltage source inverters(both120°modeand180°mode)–Voltage& harmonic control--PW M techniques: Sinusoidal PWM, modified sinusoidal PWM - multiple PWM – Introduction to space vector modulation –Current source inverter.

UNIT V AC TO AC CONVERTERS

9

Single phase and Three phase AC voltage controllers-Control strategy- Power Factor Control - Multistage sequence control -single phase and three phase cyclo converters -Introduction to Matrix converters.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. M.H.Rashid, 'Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications', Pearson Education, PHI Third Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. P.S.Bimbra "Power Electronics" Khanna Publishers, third Edition, 2003.
- 3. L. Umanand, "Power Electronics Essentials and Applications", Wiley, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- Joseph Vithayathil, Power Electronics, Principles and Applications, McGraw Hill Series, 6th Reprint, 2013.
- 2. Ashfaq Ahmed Power Electronics for Technology Pearson Education, Indian reprint, 2003.
- 3. Philip T. Krein, "Elements of Power Electronics" Oxford University Press, 2004 Edition.
- 4. Ned Mohan, Tore. M. Undel and, William. P. Robbins, Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design', John Wiley and sons, third edition, 2003.
- 5. Daniel.W.Hart, "Power Electronics", Indian Edition, Mc Graw Hill, 3rd Print, 2013.
- 6. M.D. Singh and K.B. Khanchandani, "Power Electronics," Mc Graw Hill India, 2013.

EE6504

ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II

LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on Construction and performance of salient and non salient type synchronous generators.
- To impart knowledge on Principle of operation and performance of synchronous motor.
- To impart knowledge on Construction, principle of operation and performance of induction machines.
- To impart knowledge on Starting and speed control of three-phase induction motors.
- To impart knowledge on Construction, principle of operation and performance of single phase induction motors and special machines.

UNIT I SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR

9

Constructional details – Types of rotors –winding factors- emf equation – Synchronous reactance – Armature reaction – Phasor diagrams of non salient pole synchronous generator connected to infinite bus--Synchronizing and parallel operation – Synchronizing torque -Change of excitation and

mechanical input- Voltage regulation – EMF, MMF, ZPF and A.S.A methods – steady state power-angle characteristics– Two reaction theory –slip test -short circuit transients - Capability Curves

UNIT II SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR

9

Principle of operation – Torque equation – Operation on infinite bus bars - V and Inverted V curves – Power input and power developed equations – Starting methods – Current loci for constant power input, constant excitation and constant power developed-Hunting – natural frequency of oscillations – damper windings- synchronous condenser.

UNIT III THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR

9

Constructional details – Types of rotors –- Principle of operation – Slip –cogging and crawling-Equivalent circuit – Torque-Slip characteristics - Condition for maximum torque – Losses and efficiency – Load test - No load and blocked rotor tests - Circle diagram – Separation of losses – Double cage induction motors –Induction generators – Synchronous induction motor.

UNIT IV STARTING AND SPEED CONTROL OF THREE PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR

9

Need for starting – Types of starters – DOL, Rotor resistance, Autotransformer and Star-delta starters – Speed control – Voltage control, Frequency control and pole changing – Cascaded connection-V/f control – Slip power recovery scheme-Braking of three phase induction motor: Plugging, dynamic braking and regenerative braking.

UNIT V SINGLE PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS AND SPECIAL MACHINES

9

Constructional details of single phase induction motor – Double field revolving theory and operation – Equivalent circuit – No load and blocked rotor test – Performance analysis – Starting methods of single-phase induction motors – Capacitor-start capacitor run Induction motor- Shaded pole induction motor - Linear induction motor – Repulsion motor - Hysteresis motor - AC series motor- Servo motors- Stepper motors - introduction to magnetic levitation systems.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to model and analyze electrical apparatus and their application to power system

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A.E. Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley, Stephen. D.Umans, 'Electric Machinery', Tata Mc Graw Hill publishing Company Ltd, 2003.
- 2. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 'Electric Machines', Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. 2002.
- 3. P.S. Bhimbhra, 'Electrical Machinery', Khanna Publishers, 2003.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M.N.Bandyopadhyay, Electrical Machines Theory and Practice, PHI Learning PVT LTD., New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Charless A. Gross, "Electric /Machines, "CRC Press, 2010.
- 3. K. Murugesh Kumar, 'Electric Machines', Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, 2002.
- 4. Syed A. Nasar, Electric Machines and Power Systems: Volume I, Mcgraw -Hill College; International ed Edition, January 1995.
- 5. Alexander S. Langsdorf, Theory of Alternating-Current Machinery, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 2001.



OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the use of transfer function models for analysis physical systems and introduce the control system components.
- To provide adequate knowledge in the time response of systems and steady state error analysis.
- To accord basic knowledge in obtaining the open loop and closed–loop frequency responses of systems.
- To introduce stability analysis and design of compensators
- To introduce state variable representation of physical systems and study the effect of state feedback

UNIT I SYSTEMS AND THEIR REPRESENTATION

9

Basic elements in control systems – Open and closed loop systems – Electrical analogy of mechanical and thermal systems – Transfer function – Synchros – AC and DC servomotors – Block diagram reduction techniques – Signal flow graphs.

UNIT II TIME RESPONSE

9

Time response – Time domain specifications – Types of test input – I and II order system response – Error coefficients – Generalized error series – Steady state error – Root locus construction- Effects of P, PI, PID modes of feedback control –Time response analysis.

UNIT III FREQUENCY RESPONSE

9

Frequency response – Bode plot – Polar plot – Determination of closed loop response from open loop response - Correlation between frequency domain and time domain specifications- Effect of Lag, lead and lag-lead compensation on frequency response- Analysis.

UNIT IV STABILITY AND COMPENSATOR DESIGN

9

Characteristics equation – Routh Hurwitz criterion – Nyquist stability criterion- Performance criteria – Lag, lead and lag-lead networks – Lag/Lead compensator design using bode plots.

UNIT V STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS

9

Concept of state variables – State models for linear and time invariant Systems – Solution of state and output equation in controllable canonical form – Concepts of controllability and observability – Effect of state feedback.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and apply basic science, circuit theory, theory control theory
 Signal processing and apply them to electrical engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. M. Gopal, 'Control Systems, Principles and Design', 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012
- 2. S.K.Bhattacharya, Control System Engineering, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2013.
- 3. Dhanesh. N. Manik, Control System, Cengage Learning, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Arthur, G.O.Mutambara, Design and Analysis of Control; Systems, CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Richard C. Dorf and Robert H. Bishop, "Modern Control Systems", Pearson Prentice Hall, 2012.

DRINGING CONTROL OF TECHNOLOGIC CONTROL CONTRO

- 3. Benjamin C. Kuo, Automatic Control systems, 7th Edition, PHI, 2010.
- 4. K. Ogata, 'Modern Control Engineering', 5th edition, PHI, 2012.
- 5. S.N.Sivanandam, S.N.Deepa, Control System Engineering using Mat Lab, 2nd Edition, Vikas Publishing, 2012.
- 6. S.Palani, Anoop. K.Jairath, Automatic Control Systems including Mat Lab, Vijay Nicole/ Mcgraw Hill Education, 2013.

EE6511 CONTROL AND INSTRUMENTATION LABORATORY

LT P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

To provide knowledge on analysis and design of control system along with basics of instrumentation

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

CONTROLSYSTEMS:

- 1. P, PI and PID controllers
- 2. Stability Analysis
- 3. Modeling of Systems Machines, Sensors and Transducers
- 4. Design of Lag, Lead and Lag-Lead Compensators
- 5. Position Control Systems
- 6. Synchro-Transmitter- Receiver and Characteristics
- 7. Simulation of Control Systems by Mathematical development tools.

INSTRUMENTATION:

- 8. Bridge Networks -AC and DC Bridges
- 9. Dynamics of Sensors/Transducers a.

Temperature

- b. Pressure
- c. Displacement
- d. Optical
- e. Strain f. Flow
- 10. Power and Energy Measurement
- 11. Signal Conditioning
 - a. Instrumentation Amplifier
 - b. Analog Digital and Digital –Analog converters (ADC and DACs)
- 12. Process Simulation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF

OUTCOMES:

 Ability to understand and apply basic science, circuit theory, Electro-magnetic field theory control theory and apply them to electrical engineering problems.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

CONTROLSYSTEMS:

1. PID kit – 1 No.

DSO - 1 No.

CRO Probe – 2 nos

- 2. Personal computers
- 3. DC motor 1 No.

Generator - 1 No. Rheostats - 2 nos

Ammeters Voltmeters

Connecting wires (3/20)

4. CRO 30MHz – 1 No.

2MHz Function Generator – 1No.

- 5. Position Control Systems Kit (with manual) 1 No., Tacho Generator Coupling set
- AC Synchro transmitter& receiver 1No. Digital multi meters

INSTRUMENTATION:

- 7. R, L, C Bridge kit (with manual)
- 8. a) Electric heater 1No.

Thermometer – 1No.Thermistor (silicon type) RTD nickel type – 1No.

- b) 30 psi Pressure chamber (complete set) 1No. Current generator (0 20mA) Air foot pump 1 No. (with necessary connecting tubes)
- c) LVDT20mm core length movable type 1No. CRO 30MHz 1No.
- d) Optical sensor 1 No. Light source
- e) Strain Gauge Kit with Handy lever beam 1No.

100gm weights - 10 nos

f) Flow measurement Trainer kit – 1 No.

(1/2 HP Motor, Water tank, Digital Milliammeter, complete set)

9. Single phase Auto transformer – 1No.

Watthour meter (energy meter) – 1No. Ammeter

Voltmeter Rheostat Stop watch

Connecting wires (3/20)

10. IC Transistor kit – 1No.



COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS- LABORATORY BASED

L T P C 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

GE6674

To enable learners to.

- Develop their communicative competence in English with specific reference to speaking and listening
- Enhance their ability to communicate effectively in interviews.
- Strengthen their prospects of success in competitive examinations.

UNIT I LISTENING AND SPEAKING SKILLS

12

Conversational skills (formal and informal)- group discussion- making effective presentations using computers, listening/watching interviews conversations, documentaries. Listening to lectures, discussions from TV/ Radio/ Podcast.

UNIT II READING AND WRITING SKILLS

12

Reading different genres of tests ranging from newspapers to creative writing. Writing job applications- cover letter- resume- emails- letters- memos- reports. Writing abstracts- summaries-interpreting visual texts.

UNIT III ENGLISH FOR NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS AND PLACEMENTS

12

International English Language Testing System (IELTS) - Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) - Civil Service(Language related)- Verbal Ability.

UNIT IV INTERVIEW SKILLS

12

Different types of Interview format- answering questions- offering information- mock interviews-body language(paralinguistic features)- articulation of sounds- intonation.

UNIT V SOFT SKILLS

12

Motivation- emotional intelligence-Multiple intelligences- emotional intelligence- managing changes-time management-stress management-leadership straits-team work- career planning - intercultural communication- creative and critical thinking

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Teaching Methods:

- 1. To be totally learner-centric with minimum teacher intervention as the course revolves around practice.
- 2. Suitable audio/video samples from Podcast/YouTube to be used for illustrative purposes.
- 3. Portfolio approach for writing to be followed. Learners are to be encouraged to blog, tweet, text and email employing appropriate language.
- 4. GD/Interview/Role Play/Debate could be conducted off the laboratory (in a regular classroom) but learners are to be exposed to telephonic interview and video conferencing.
- 5. Learners are to be assigned to read/write/listen/view materials outside the classroom as well for graining proficiency and better participation in the class.



Lab Infrastructure:

S. No.	Description of Equipment (minimum configuration)	Qty Required
1	Server	1 No.
	PIV System	
	1 GB RAM / 40 GB HDD	
	OS: Win 2000 server	
	Audio card with headphones	
	• JRE 1.3	
2	Client Systems	60 Nos.
	PIII or above	
	 256 or 512 MB RAM / 40 GB HDD 	
	OS: Win 2000	
	Audio card with headphones	
	• JRE 1.3	
3	Handicam	1 No.
4	Television 46"	1 No.
5	Collar mike	1 No.
6	Cordless mike	1 No.
7	Audio Mixer	1 No.
8	DVD recorder/player	1 No.
9	LCD Projector with MP3/CD/DVD provision for	1 No.
	Audio/video facility	

Evaluation:

Internal: 20 marks

Record maintenance: Students should write a report on a regular basis on the activities conducted, focusing on the details such as the description of the activity, ideas emerged, learning outcomes and so on. At the end of the semester records can be evaluated out of 20 marks.

External: 80 marks

Online Test - 35 marks
Interview - 15 marks
Presentation - 15 marks
Group Discussion - 15 marks

Note on Internal and External Evaluation:

- 1. Interview mock interview can be conducted on one-on-one basis.
- 2. Speaking example for role play:
 - a. Marketing engineer convincing a customer to buy his product.
 - b. Telephonic conversation- fixing an official appointment / placing an order / enquiring and so on.
- 3. Presentation should be extempore on simple topics.
- 4. Discussion topics of different kinds; general topics, and case studies.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners should be able to

- Take international examination such as IELTS and TOEFL
- Make presentations and Participate in Group Discussions.
- Successfully answer questions in interviews.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Business English Certificate Materials, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. **Graded Examinations in Spoken English and Spoken English for Work** downloadable materials from Trinity College, London.
- 3. International English Language Testing System Practice Tests, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Interactive Multimedia Programs on Managing Time and Stress.
- 5. Personality Development (CD-ROM), Times Multimedia, Mumbai.
- 6. Robert M Sherfield and et al. "**Developing Soft Skills**" 4th edition, New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.

Web Sources:

http://www.slideshare.net/rohitish/presentation-on-group-discussion

http://www.washington.edu/doit/TeamN/present_tips.html

http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/words/writing-job-applications

http://www.kent.ac.uk/careers/cv/coveringletters.htm

http://www.mindtools.com/pages/article/newCDV 34.htm

EE6512 ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY - II

LT P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

To expose the students to the operation of synchronous machines and induction motors and give them experimental skill.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Regulation of three phase alternator by emf and mmf methods.
- 2. Regulation of three phase alternator by ZPF and ASA methods.
- 3. Regulation of three phase salient pole alternator by slip test.
- 4. Measurements of negative sequence and zero sequence impedance of alternators.
- 5. V and Inverted V curves of Three Phase Synchronous Motor.
- 6. Load test on three-phase induction motor.
- 7. No load and blocked rotor test on three-phase induction motor(Determination of equivalent circuit parameters).
- 8. Separation of No-load losses of three-phase induction motor.
- 9. Load test on single-phase induction motor.
- 10. No load and blocked rotor test on single-phase induction motor.
- 11. Study of Induction motor Starters

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Ability to model and analyze electrical apparatus and their application to power system

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

1. Synchronous Induction motor 3HP – 1 No.

DEPENDENT OF TECHNICAL OF SERVICE OF SERVICE

- 2. DC Shunt Motor Coupled With Three phase Alternator 4 nos
- 3. DC Shunt Motor Coupled With Three phase Slip ring Induction motor 1 No.
- 4. Three Phase Induction Motor with Loading Arrangement 2 nos
- 5. Single Phase Induction Motor with Loading Arrangement 2 nos
- 6. Tachometer Digital/Analog 8 nos
- 7. BLDC Motor 1 No.
- 8. Single Phase Auto Transformer 2 nos
- 9. Three Phase Auto Transformer 3 nos
- 10. Single Phase Resistive Loading Bank 2 nos
- 11. Three Phase Resistive Loading Bank 2 nos
- 12. Capacitor Bank 1 No.
- 13. SPST switch 2 nos

EC6651

COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce different methods of analog communication and their significance
- To introduce Digital Communication methods for high bit rate transmission
- To introduce the concepts of source and line coding techniques for enhancing rating of transmission of minimizing the errors in transmission.
- To introduce MAC used in communication systems for enhancing the number of users.
- To introduce various media for digital communication

UNIT I ANALOG COMMUNICATION

9

AM – Frequency spectrum – vector representation – power relations – generation of AM – DSB, DSB/SC, SSB, VSB AM Transmitter & Receiver; FM and PM – frequency spectrum – power relations : NBFM & WBFM, Generation of FM and DM, Amstrong method & Reactance modulations : FM & PM frequency.

UNIT II DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

S

Pulse modulations – concepts of sampling and sampling theormes, PAM, PWM, PPM, PTM, quantization and coding: DCM, DM, slope overload error. ADM, DPCM, OOK systems – ASK, FSK, PSK, BSK, QPSK, QAM, MSK, GMSK, applications of Data communication.

UNIT III SOURCE CODES, LINE CODES & ERROR CONTROL (Qualitative only) 9 Primary communication – entropy, properties, BSC, BEC, source coding: Shaum, Fao, Huffman coding: noiseless coding theorum, BW – SNR trade off codes: NRZ, RZ, AMI, HDBP, ABQ, MBnBcodes: Efficiency of transmissions, error control codes and applications: convolutions & block codes.

UNIT IV MULTIPLE ACCESS TECHNIQUES

9

SS&MA techniques: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, SDMA application in wire and wireless communication: Advantages (merits):



UNIT V SATELLITE, OPTICAL FIBER – POWERLINE, SCADA

9

Orbits: types of satellites: frequency used link establishment, MA techniques used in satellite communication, earth station; aperture actuators used in satellite – Intelsat and Insat: fibers – types: sources, detectors used, digital filters, optical link: power line carrier communications: SCADA

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Taub & Schiling "Principles of Communication Systems" Tata McGraw Hill 2007.
- 2. J.Das "Principles of Digital Communication" New Age International, 1986.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kennedy and Davis "Electronic Communication Systems" Tata McGraw hill, 4th Edition, 1993.
- 2. Sklar "Digital Communication Fundamentals and Applications" Pearson Education, 2001.
- 3. Bary le, Memuschmidt, Digital Communication, Kluwer Publication, 2004.
- 4. B.P.Lathi "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems" Oxford University Press, 1998.

EE6601 SOLID STATE DRIVES

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand steady state operation and transient dynamics of a motor load system.
- To study and analyze the operation of the converter/chopper fed dc drive, both qualitatively and quantitatively.
- To study and understand the operation and performance of AC motor drives.
- To analyze and design the current and speed controllers for a closed loop solid state DC motor drive.

UNIT I DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

9

Electric drive – Equations governing motor load dynamics – steady state stability – multi quadrant Dynamics: acceleration, deceleration, starting & stopping – typical load torque characteristics – Selection of motor.

UNIT II CONVERTER / CHOPPER FED DC MOTOR DRIVE

9

Steady state analysis of the single and three phase converter fed separately excited DC motor drive—continuous and discontinuous conduction— Time ratio and current limit control — 4 quadrant operation of converter / chopper fed drive.

UNIT III INDUCTION MOTOR DRIVES

9

Stator voltage control—energy efficient drive—v/f control—constant airgap flux—field weakening mode — voltage / current fed inverter — closed loop control.

UNIT IV SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR DRIVES

9

V/f control and self control of synchronous motor: Margin angle control and power factor control –

UNIT V DESIGN OF CONTROLLERS FOR DRIVES

Transfer function for DC motor / load and converter – closed loop control with Current and speed feedback–armature voltage control and field weakening mode – Design of controllers; current controller and speed controller- converter selection and characteristics.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

OUTCOMES:

• Ability to understand and apply basic science, circuit theory, Electro-magnetic field theory control theory and apply them to electrical engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Gopal K.Dubey, Fundamentals of Electrical Drives, Narosa Publishing House, 1992.
- 2. Bimal K.Bose. Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 3. R.Krishnan, Electric Motor & Drives: Modeling, Analysis and Control, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- 1. John Hindmarsh and Alasdain Renfrew, "Electrical Machines and Drives System," Elsevier 2012
- 2. Shaahin Felizadeh, "Electric Machines and Drives", CRC Press(Taylor and Francis Group), 2013.
- 3. S.K.Pillai, A First course on Electrical Drives, Wiley Eastern Limited, 1993.
- 4. S. Sivanagaraju, M. Balasubba Reddy, A. Mallikarjuna Prasad "Power semiconductor drives" PHI, 5th printing, 2013.
- 5. N.K.De., P.K.SEN"Electric drives" PHI, 2012.
- 6. Vedam Subramanyam, "Thyristor Control of Electric Drives", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.

EE6602 EMBEDDED SYSTEMS LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the Building Blocks of Embedded System
- To Educate in Various Embedded Development Strategies
- To Introduce Bus Communication in processors, Input/output interfacing.
- To impart knowledge in Various processor scheduling algorithms.
- To introduce Basics of Real time operating system and example tutorials to discuss on one realtime operating system tool

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

ç

Introduction to Embedded Systems – The build process for embedded systems- Structural units in Embedded processor, selection of processor & memory devices- DMA – Memory management methods- Timer and Counting devices, Watchdog Timer, Real Time Clock, In circuit emulator, Target Hardware Debugging.



UNIT II EMBEDDED NETWORKING

9

Embedded Networking: Introduction, I/O Device Ports & Buses- Serial Bus communication protocols - RS232 standard - RS422 - RS485 - CAN Bus -Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) - Inter Integrated Circuits (I²C) -need for device drivers.

UNIT III EMBEDDED FIRMWARE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

9

Embedded Product Development Life Cycle- objectives, different phases of EDLC, Modelling of EDLC; issues in Hardware-software Co-design, Data Flow Graph, state machine model, Sequential Program Model, concurrent Model, object oriented Model.

UNIT IV RTOS BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN

9

Introduction to basic concepts of RTOS- Task, process & threads, interrupt routines in RTOS, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling, Task communication-shared memory, message passing-, Inter process Communication – synchronization between processes-semaphores, Mailbox, pipes, priority inversion, priority inheritance, comparison of Real time Operating systems: Vx Works, чC/OS-II, RT Linux.

UNIT V EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

9

Case Study of Washing Machine- Automotive Application- Smart card System Application,.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Rajkamal, 'Embedded System-Architecture, Programming, Design', Mc Graw Hill, 2013.
- 2. Peckol, "Embedded system Design", John Wiley & Sons,2010
- 3. Lyla B Das," Embedded Systems-An Integrated Approach", Pearson, 2013

REFERENCES:

- 1. Shibu. K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
- 2. Elicia White," Making Embedded Systems", O' Reilly Series, SPD, 2011.
- 3. Tammy Noergaard, "Embedded Systems Architecture", Elsevier, 2006.



4. Han-Way Huang, "Embedded system Design Using C8051", Cengage Learning, 2009.

EE6603 POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To have an overview of power system operation and control.
- To model power-frequency dynamics and to design power-frequency controller.
- To model reactive power-voltage interaction and the control actions to be implemented for maintaining the voltage profile against varying system load.
- To study the economic operation of power system.
- To teach about SCADA and its application for real time operation and control of power systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

An overview of power system operation and control - system load variation - load characteristics - load curves and load-duration curve - load factor - diversity factor - Importance of load forecasting and quadratic and exponential curve fitting techniques of forecasting — plant level and system level controls .

UNIT II REAL POWER - FREQUENCY CONTROL

9

Basics of speed governing mechanism and modeling - speed-load <u>characteristics</u> - load sharing between two synchronous machines in parallel - control area concept - LFC control of a single-area system - static and dynamic analysis of uncontrolled and controlled cases - two-area system - modeling - static analysis of uncontrolled case - tie line with frequency bias control - state variable model - integration of economic dispatch control with LFC.

UNIT III REACTIVE POWER-VOLTAGE CONTROL

9

Generation and absorption of reactive power - basics of reactive power control - excitation systems – modeling - static and dynamic analysis - stability compensation - methods of voltage control: tap-changing transformer, SVC (TCR + TSC) and STATCOM – secondary voltage control.

UNIT IV UNIT COMMITMENT AND ECONOMIC DISPATCH

9

Formulation of economic dispatch problem – I/O cost characterization – incremental cost curve - coordination equations without and with loss (No derivation of loss coefficients) - solution by direct method and λ -iteration method - statement of unit commitment problem – priority-list method - forward dynamic programming.

UNIT V COMPUTER CONTROL OF POWER SYSTEMS

9

Need for computer control of power systems - concept of energy control centre - functions - system monitoring - data acquisition and control - system hardware configuration - SCADA and EMS functions - network topology - state estimation - WLSE - Contingency Analysis - state transition diagram showing various state transitions and control strategies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyze power system operation, stability, control and protection.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Olle.I.Elgerd, 'Electric Energy Systems theory - An introduction', Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.

DEPENDENCE OF TECHNICA OF MUNICIPAL MUNICIPAL

Ltd., New Delhi, 34th reprint, 2010.

2. Allen. J. Wood and Bruce F. Wollenberg, 'Power Generation, Operation and Control', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Nagrath I.J. and Kothari D.P., 'Modern Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw-Hill, Fourth Edition, 2011.
- 2. Kundur P., 'Power System Stability and Control, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 10th reprint, 2010.
- 3. Hadi Saadat, 'Power System Analysis', Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 21st reprint, 2010.
- 4. N.V.Ramana, "Power System Operation and Control," Pearson, 2011.
- 5. C.A.Gross, "Power System Analysis," Wiley India, 2011.

EE6604

DESIGN OF ELECTRICAL MACHINES

LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To study mmf calculation and thermal rating of various types of electrical machines.
- To design armature and field systems for D.C. machines.
- To design core, yoke, windings and cooling systems of transformers.
- To design stator and rotor of induction machines.
- To design stator and rotor of synchronous machines and study their thermal behaviour.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

C

Major considerations in Electrical Machine Design - Electrical Engineering Materials – Space factor – Choice of Specific Electrical and Magnetic loadings - Thermal considerations - Heat flow – Temperature rise and Insulating Materials - Rating of machines – Standard specifications.

UNIT II DC MACHINES

9

Output Equations – Main Dimensions – Choice of Specific Electric and Magnetic Loading - Maganetic Circuits Calculations - Carter's Coefficient - Net length of Iron –Real & Apparent flux densities – Selection of number of poles – Design of Armature – Design of commutator and brushes – performance prediction using design values.

UNIT III TRANSFORMERS

9

Output Equations – Main Dimensions - kVA output for single and three phase transformers – Window space factor – Design of core and winding – Overall dimensions – Operating characteristics – No load current – Temperature rise in Transformers – Design of Tank - Methods of cooling of Transformers.

UNIT IV INDUCTION MOTORS

9

Output equation of Induction motor – Main dimensions – Choice of Average flux density – Length of air gap- Rules for selecting rotor slots of squirrel cage machines – Design of rotor bars & slots – Design of end rings – Design of wound rotor – Magnetic leakage calculations – Leakage reactance of polyphase machines- Magnetizing current - Short circuit current – Operating characteristics- Losses and Efficiency.



UNIT V SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES

9

Output equations – choice of Electrical and Magnetic Loading – Design of salient pole machines – Short circuit ratio – shape of pole face – Armature design – Armature parameters – Estimation of air gap length – Design of rotor –Design of damper winding – Determination of full load field mmf – Design of field winding – Design of turbo alternators – Rotor design.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to model and analyze electrical apparatus and their application to power system

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Sawhney, A.K., 'A Course in Electrical Machine Design', Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi, 1984.
- M.V.Deshpande "Design and Testing of Electrical Machine Design" Wheeler Publications, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. A.Shanmuga Sundaram, G.Gangadharan, R.Palani 'Electrical Machine Design Data Book', New Age International Pvt. Ltd., Reprint, 2007.
- 2. R.K.Agarwal "Principles of Electrical Machine Design" Esskay Publications, Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Sen, S.K., 'Principles of Electrical Machine Designs with Computer Programmes', Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1987.

EE6002

POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the generation of switching transients and their control using circuit theoretical concept.
- To study the mechanism of lighting strokes and the production of lighting surges.
- To study the propagation, reflection and refraction of travelling waves.
- To study the impact of voltage transients caused by faults, circuit breaker action, load rejection on integrated power system.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND SURVEY

9

Review and importance of the study of transients - causes for transients. RL circuit transient with sine wave excitation - double frequency transients - basic transforms of the RLC circuit transients. Different types of power system transients - effect of transients on power systems - role of the study of transients in system planning.

UNIT II SWITCHING TRANSIENTS

9

Over voltages due to switching transients - resistance switching and the equivalent circuit for interrupting the resistor current - load switching and equivalent circuit - waveforms for transient

voltage across the load and the switch - normal and abnormal switching transients. Current suppression - current chopping - effective equivalent circuit. Capacitance switching - effect of source regulation - capacitance switching with a restrike, with multiple restrikes. Illustration for multiple restriking transients - ferro resonance.

UNIT III LIGHTNING TRANSIENTS

9

Review of the theories in the formation of clouds and charge formation - rate of charging of thunder clouds – mechanism of lightning discharges and characteristics of lightning strokes – model for lightning stroke - factors contributing to good line design - protection using ground wires - tower footing resistance - Interaction between lightning and power system.

UNIT IV TRAVELING WAVES ON TRANSMISSION LINE COMPUTATION OF TRANSIENTS

9

Computation of transients - transient response of systems with series and shunt lumped parameters and distributed lines. Traveling wave concept - step response - Bewely's lattice diagram - standing waves and natural frequencies - reflection and refraction of travelling waves.

UNIT V TRANSIENTS IN INTEGRATED POWER SYSTEM

9

The short line and kilometric fault - distribution of voltages in a power system - Line dropping and loadrejection - voltage transients on closing and reclosing lines - over voltage induced by faults -switching surges on integrated system Qualitative application of EMTP for transient computation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Ability to understand and analyze power system operation, stability, control and protection.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Allan Greenwood, 'Electrical Transients in Power Systems', Wiley Inter Science, New York, 2ndEdition, 1991.
- 2. Pritindra Chowdhari, "Electromagnetic transients in Power System", John Wilev and Sons Inc., Second Edition, 2009.
- 3. C.S. Indulkar, D.P.Kothari, K. Ramalingam, 'Power System Transients A statistical approach', PHI Learning Private Limited, Second Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M.S.Naidu and V.Kamaraju, 'High Voltage Engineering', Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2013.
- 2. R.D. Begamudre, 'Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering', Wiley Eastern Limited.1986.
- 3. Y.Hase, Handbook of Power System Engineering," Wiley India, 2012.
- 4. J.L.Kirtley, "Electric Power Principles, Sources, Conversion, Distribution and use," Wiley, 2012.



POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES LABORATORY

LTPC

0032

OBJECTIVES:

To provide hands on experience with power electronic converter design and testing

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Gate Pulse Generation using R,RC and UJT.
- 2. Characteristics of SCR and Triac
- 3. Characteristics of MOSFET and IGBT
- 4. AC to DC half controlled converter
- 5. AC to DC fully controlled Converter
- 6. Step down and step up MOSFET based choppers
- 7. IGBT based single phase PWM inverter
- 8. IGBT based three phase PWM inverter
- 9. AC Voltage controller
- 10. Switched mode power converter.
- 11. SimulationofPEcircuits(1Φ&3Φsemiconverter,1Φ&3Φfullconverter,dc-dcconverters, ac voltage controllers).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.

EE6612 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS LABORATORY LT P C

0032

OBJECTIVES:

To provide training on programming of microprocessors and microcontrollers and understand theinterface requirements.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Simple arithmetic operations: addition / subtraction / multiplication / division.
- 2. Programming with control instructions:
 - (i) Ascending / Descending order, Maximum / Minimum of numbers
 - (ii) Programs using Rotate instructions
 - (iii) Hex / ASCII / BCD code conversions.
- 3. Interface Experiments: with 8085
 - (i) A/D Interfacing. & D/A Interfacing.
- 4. Traffic light controller.
- 5. I/O Port / Serial communication
- 6. Programming Practices with Simulators/Emulators/open source
- 7. Read a key ,interface display
- 8. Demonstration of basic instructions with 8051 Micro controller execution, including:



- (i) Conditional jumps, looping
- (ii) Calling subroutines.
- 9.. Programming I/O Port 8051
 - (i) study on interface with A/D & D/A
 - (ii) study on interface with DC & AC motor .
- 10. Mini project development with processors.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to understand and analyse, linear and digital electronic circuits.
- To understand and apply computing platform and software for engineering problems.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

SI.No.	Description of Equipment	Quantity required
1.	8085 Microprocessor Trainer with Power Supply	15
2.	8051 Micro Controller Trainer Kit with power	15
	supply	
3.	8255 Interface board	5
4.	8251 Interface board	5
5.	8259 Interface board	5
6.	8279 Keyboard / Display Interface board	5
7.	8254 timer counter	5
8.	ADC and DAC card	5
9.	AC & DC motor with Controller	5
10.	Traffic Light Control System	5

EE6613 PRESENTATION SKILLS AND TECHNICAL SEMINAR LTPC] 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To encourage the students to study advanced engineering developments
- To prepare and present technical reports.
- To encourage the students to use various teaching aids such as overead projectors, powerpoint presentation and demonstrative models.

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

During the seminar session each student is expected to prepare and present a topic on engineering/ technology, for a duration of about 8 to 10 minutes. In a session of three periods per week, 15 students are expected to present the seminar. Each student is expected to present atleast twice during the semester and the student is evaluated based on that. At the end of the semester, he / shecan submit a report on his / her topic of seminar and marks are given based on the report. A Faculty guide is to be allotted and he / she will guide and monitor the progress of the student and maintainattendance also. Evaluation is 100% internal.



TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to review, prepare and present technological developments
- Ability to face the placement interviews

EE2401 POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND CONTROL L T P C 3 0 0 3

AIM:

To understand the day to day operation of power system and the control actions to be implemented on the system to meet the minute-to-minute variation of system load demand.

OBJECTIVES:

- i. To have an overview of power system operation and control.
- ii. To model power-frequency dynamics and to design power-frequency controller.
- iii. To model reactive power-voltage interaction and the control actions to be implemented for maintaining the voltage profile against varying system load.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

System load – variation - load characteristics - load curves and load-duration curve (daily, weekly and annual) - load factor - diversity factor. Importance of load forecasting and simple techniques of forecasting. An overview of power system operation and control and the role of computers in the implementation. (Qualitative treatment with block diagram).

UNIT II REAL POWER - FREQUENCY CONTROL

9

Basics of speed governing mechanism and modeling - speed-load characteristics – load sharing between two synchronous machines in parallel. Control area concept LFC control of a single- area system. Static and dynamic analysis of uncontrolled and controlled cases. Integration of economic dispatch control with LFC. Two-area system – modeling - static analysis of uncontrolled case - tie line with frequency bias control of two-area system - state variable model.

UNIT III REACTIVE POWER-VOLTAGE CONTROL

9

Basics of reactive power control. Excitation systems – modeling. Static and dynamic analysis - stability compensation - generation and absorption of reactive power. Relation between voltage, power and reactive power at a node - method of voltage control - tap-changing transformer. System level control using generator voltage magnitude setting, tap setting of OLTC transformer and MVAR injection of switched capacitors to maintain acceptable voltage profile and to minimize transmission loss.

UNIT IV UNIT COMMITMENT AND ECONOMIC DISPATCH

9

Statement of economic dispatch problem – cost of generation – incremental cost curve co-ordination equations without loss and with loss, solution by direct method and λ -iteration method. (No derivation of loss coefficients). Statement of Unit Commitment problem – constraints; spinning reserve, thermal unit constraints, hydro constraints, fuel constraints and other constraints. Solution methods - Priority-list methods - forward dynamic programming approach. Numerical problems only in priority-list method using full-load average production cost.

UNIT V COMPUTER CONTROL OF POWER SYSTEMS 9

Need of computer control of power systems. Concept of energy control centre (or) load dispatch centre and the functions - system monitoring - data acquisition and control. System hardware configuration - SCADA and EMS functions. Network



topology - state estimation - security analysis and control. Various operating states (Normal, alert, emergency, in-extremis and restorative). State transition diagram showing various state transitions and control strategies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Allen. J. Wood and Bruce F. Wollenberg, 'Power Generation, Operation and Control', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003.
- 2. Chakrabarti & Halder, "Power System Analysis: Operation and Control", Prentice Hall of India, 2004 Edition.

REFERENCES

- 1. D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 'Modern Power System Analysis', Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2003. (For Chapters 1, 2 & 3)
- 2. L.L. Grigsby, 'The Electric Power Engineering, Hand Book', CRC Press & IEEE Press, 2001.
- 3. Hadi Saadat, "Power System Analysis", (For the chapters 1, 2, 3 and 4)11th Reprint 2007.
- 4. P.Kundur, 'Power System Stability and Control' MC Craw Hill Publisher, USA, 1994.
- 5. Olle.I.Elgerd, 'Electric Energy Systems theory An introduction' Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd. New Delhi, Second Edition 2003.

EE2402 PROTECTION AND SWITCHGEAR L T P C 3 0 0 3 AIM:

To introduce the students to the various abnormal operating conditions in power system and describe the apparatus and system protection schemes. Also to describe the phenomena of current interruption to study the various switchgears.

OBJECTIVES:

- i. To discuss the causes of abnormal operating conditions (faults, lightning and switching surges) of the apparatus and system.
- ii. To understand the characteristics and functions of relays and protection schemes
- iii. To understand the problems associated with circuit interruption by a circuit breaker.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Importance of protective schemes for electrical apparatus and power system. Qualitative review of faults and fault currents - relay terminology – definitions - and essential qualities of protection.

Protection against over voltages due to lightning and switching - arcing grounds - Peterson Coil - ground wires - surge absorber and diverters

Power System earthing – neutral Earthing - basic ideas of insulation coordination.

UNIT II OPERATING PRINCIPLES AND RELAY CHARACTERISTICS 9

Electromagnetic relays – over current, directional and non-directional, distance, negative sequence, differential and under frequency relays – Introduction to static



UNIT III APPARATUS PROTECTION

q

Main considerations in apparatus protection - transformer, generator and motor protection - protection of busbars. Transmission line protection - zones of protection. CTs and PTs and their applications in protection schemes.

UNIT IV THEORY OF CIRCUIT INTERRUPTION

9

Physics of arc phenomena and arc interruption.

DC and AC circuit breaking - restriking voltage and recovery voltage - rate of rise of recovery voltage

- resistance switching - current chopping - interruption of capacitive current.

UNIT V CIRCUIT BREAKERS

9

Types of circuit breakers – air blast, air break, oil, SF6 and vacuum circuit breakers – comparative merits of different circuit breakers – testing of circuit breakers.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. M.L. Soni, P.V. Gupta, V.S. Bhatnagar, A. Chakrabarti, 'A Text Book on Power System Engineering', Dhanpat Rai & Co., 1998. (For All Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5).
- 2. R.K.Rajput, A Tex book of Power System Engineering. Laxmi Publications, First Edition Reprint 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sunil S. Rao, 'Switchgear and Protection', Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 1986.
- 2. C.L. Wadhwa, 'Electrical Power Systems', Newage International (P) Ltd., 2000.
- 3. B. Ravindranath, and N. Chander, 'Power System Protection & Switchgear', Wilev Eastern Ltd., 1977.
- 4. Badri Ram, Vishwakarma, 'Power System Protection and Switchgear', Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- 5. Y.G. Paithankar and S.R. Bhide, 'Fundamentals of Power System Protection', Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi–110001, 2003.

EE 2403 SPECIAL ELECTRICAL MACHINES L T P C 3 0 0 3

To expose the students to the construction, principle of operation and performance of special electrical machines as an extension to the study of basic electrical machines.

OBJECTIVES

To impart knowledge on

- i. Construction, principle of operation and performance of synchronous reluctance motors.
- ii. Construction, principle of operation, control and performance of stepping motors.
- iii. Construction, principle of operation, control and performance of switched reluctance motors.
- iv. Construction, principle of operation, control and performance of permanent magnet brushless

D.C. motors.

v. Construction, principle of operation and performance of permanent magnet synchronous motors.



UNIT I SYNCHRONOUS RELUCTANCE MOTORS

9

Constructional features – Types – Axial and Radial flux motors – Operating principles – Variable Reluctance and Hybrid Motors – SYNREL Motors – Voltage and Torque Equations - Phasor diagram

- Characteristics.

UNIT II STEPPING MOTORS

9

Constructional features – Principle of operation – Variable reluctance motor – Hybrid motor – Single and multi stack configurations – Torque equations – Modes of excitations – Characteristics – Drive circuits – Microprocessor control of stepping motors – Closed loop control.

UNIT III SWITCHED RELUCTANCE MOTORS 9

Constructional features – Rotary and Linear SRMs - Principle of operation – Torque production – Steady state performance prediction- Analytical method -Power Converters and their controllers – Methods of Rotor position sensing – Sensorless operation – Closed loop control of SRM - Characteristics.

UNIT IV PERMANENT MAGNET BRUSHLESS D.C. MOTORS 9

Permanent Magnet materials – Magnetic Characteristics – Permeance coefficient - Principle of operation – Types – Magnetic circuit analysis – EMF and torque equations –Commutation - Power controllers – Motor characteristics and control.

UNIT V PERMANENT MAGNET SYNCHRONOUS MOTORS

Principle of operation – Ideal PMSM – EMF and Torque equations – Armature reaction MMF – Synchronous Reactance – Sinewave motor with practical windings - Phasor diagram – Torque/speed characteristics - Power controllers - Converter Voltampere requirements.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. T.J.E. Miller, 'Brushless Permanent Magnet and Reluctance Motor Drives', Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1989.
- 2. T. Kenjo, 'Stepping Motors and Their Microprocessor Controls', Clarendon Press London, 1984.

REFERENCES:

- 1. R.Krishnan, 'Switched Reluctance Motor Drives Modeling, Simulation, Analysis, Design and Application', CRC Press, New York, 2001.
- 2. P.P. Aearnley, 'Stepping Motors A Guide to Motor Theory and Practice', Peter Perengrinus London, 1982.
- 3. T. Kenjo and S. Nagamori, 'Permanent Magnet and Brushless DC Motors', Clarendon Press, London, 1988.

MG2351 PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT LTPC3003

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF MANAGEMENT

9

Organization - Management - Role of managers - Evolution of Management thought - Organization and the environmental factors - Managing globally - Strategies for International Business.

UNIT II PLANNING

9

Nature and purpose of planning - Planning process - Types of plans - Objectives - Managing by objective (MBO) Strategies - Types of strategies - Policies - Decision Making - Types of decision - Decision Making Process - Rational Decision Making Process - Decision Making under different conditions.

UNIT III ORGANIZING

9



Nature and purpose of organizing - Organization structure - Formal and informal groups I

organization - Line and Staff authority - Departmentation - Span of control - Centralization and Decentralization - Delegation of authority - Staffing - Selection and Recruitment - Orientation - Career Development - Career stages - Training - Performance Appraisal.

UNIT IV DIRECTING

9

Creativity and Innovation - Motivation and Satisfaction - Motivation Theories Leadership - Leadership theories - Communication - Hurdles to effective communication - Organization Culture - Elements and types of culture - Managing cultural diversity.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

Process of controlling - Types of control - Budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques - Managing Productivity - Cost Control - Purchase Control - Maintenance Control - Quality Control - Planning operations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, 'Management', Prentice Hall of India, 8th edition.
- 2. Charles W L Hill, Steven L McShane, 'Principles of Management', Mcgraw Hill Education, Special Indian Edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- Hellriegel, Slocum & Jackson, 'Management A Competency Based Approach', Thomson South Western, 10th edition, 2007.
- 2. Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich and Mark V Cannice, 'Management – A global & Entrepreneurial Perspective', Tata Mcgraw Hill, 12th edition, 2007.
- 3. Andrew J. Dubrin, 'Essentials of Management', Thomson Southwestern, 7th edition, 2007.

CS2411 OPERATING SYSTEMS

LTPC3003

Aim:

To learn the various aspects of operating systems such as process management, memory management, file systems, and I/O management

UNIT I PROCESSES AND THREADS 9

Introduction to operating systems – review of computer organization – operating system structures – system calls – system programs – system structure – virtual machines. Processes: Process concept

Process scheduling – Operations on processes – Cooperating processes –
 Interprocess communication – Communication in client-server systems. Case study:
 IPC in Linux. Threads: Multi- threading models – Threading issues. Case Study:
 Pthreads library

UNIT II PROCESS SCHEDULING AND SYNCHRONIZATION

10

CPU Scheduling: Scheduling criteria – Scheduling algorithms – Multiple-processor scheduling – Real time scheduling – Algorithm Evaluation. Case study: Process scheduling in Linux. Process Synchronization: The critical-section problem – Synchronization hardware – Semaphores – Classic problems of synchronization –



critical regions – Monitors. Deadlock: System model – Deadlock characterization – Methods for handling deadlocks – Deadlock prevention – Deadlock avoidance – Deadlock detection – Recovery from deadlock.

UNIT III STORAGE MANAGEMENT

9

Memory Management: Background – Swapping – Contiguous memory allocation – Paging – Segmentation – Segmentation with paging. Virtual Memory:Background – Demand paging – Process creation – Page replacement –Allocation of frames – Thrashing. Case Study: Memory management in Linux

UNIT IV FILE SYSTEMS

9

File-System Interface: File concept – Access methods – Directory structure – File-system mounting – Protection. File-System Implementation : Directory implementation – Allocation methods – Free- space management – efficiency and performance – recovery – log-structured file systems. Case studies: File system in Linux – file system in Windows XP

UNIT V I/O SYSTEMS

8

I/O Systems – I/O Hardware – Application I/O interface – kernel I/O subsystem – streams – performance. Mass-Storage Structure: Disk scheduling – Disk management – Swap-space management – RAID – disk attachment – stable storage – tertiary storage. Case study: I/O in Linux

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Silberschatz, Galvin, and Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", Sixth Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2003.
- 2. D. M. Dhamdhere, "Operating Systems: A concepts based approach", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2006.

REFERENCES

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", Second Edition, Pearson Education/PHI, 2001.
- 2. Harvey M. Deital, "Operating Systems", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

GE2022 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT LTPC3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of manufacturing and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - Definition of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM.

UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES

Leadership – Strategic quality planning, Quality statements - Customer focus – Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement – PDSA cycle, 5s, Kaizen - Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I

The seven traditional tools of quality – New management tools – Six-sigma: Concepts, methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT –



Bench marking – Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process – FMEA – Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II

Quality circles – Quality Function Deployment (QFD) – Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Cost of Quality – Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS

Need for ISO 9000- ISO 9000-2000 Quality System – Elements, Documentation, Quality auditing- QS 9000 – ISO 14000 – Concepts, Requirements and Benefits – Case studies of TQM implementation in manufacturing and service sectors including IT.

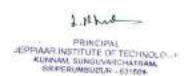
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK

1. Dale H.Besterfiled, et at., "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, Indian Reprint (2006).

REFERENCES

- 1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", (6th Edition), South-Western (Thomson Learning), 2005.
- 2. Oakland, J.S. "TQM Text with Cases", Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, Third Edition(2003).
- 3. Suganthi,L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd.(2006)
- 4. Janakiraman,B and Gopal, R.K, "Total Quality Management Text and Cases", Prentice Hall(India) Pvt. Ltd. (2006)



EE2404 POWER SYSTEM SIMULATION LABORATORY

LTPC 0032

AIM

To acquire software development skills and experience in the usage of standard packages necessary for analysis and simulation of power system required for its planning, operation and control.

OBJECTIVES

- i. To develop simple C programs for the following basic requirements:
- a) Formation of bus admittance and impedance matrices and network solution.
- b) Power flow solution of small systems using simple method, Gauss-Seidel P.F. method.
- c) Unit Commitment and Economic Dispatch.
- II. To acquire experience in the usage of standard packages for the following analysis / simulation / control functions.
- d) Steady-state analysis of large system using NRPF and FDPF methods.
- e) Quasi steady-state (Fault) analysis for balanced and unbalanced faults.
- f) Transient stability simulation of multimachine power system.
- g) Simulation of Load-Frequency Dynamics and control of power system.
- 1. Computation of Parameters and Modelling of Transmission Lines
- 2. Formation of Bus Admittance and Impedance Matrices and Solution of Networks.
- 3. Load Flow Analysis I: Solution of Load Flow And Related Problems Using Gauss-Seidel Method
- 4. Load Flow Analysis II: Solution of Load Flow and Related Problems Using Newton- Raphson and Fast-Decoupled Methods
- Fault Analysis
- 6. Transient and Small Signal Stability Analysis: Single-Machine Infinite Bus System
- Transient Stability Analysis of Multimachine Power Systems
- 8. Electromagnetic Transients in Power Systems
- 9. Load Frequency Dynamics of Single- Area and Two-Area Power Systems
- 10. Economic Dispatch in Power Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

DETAILED SYLLABUS

1. COMPUTATION OF PARAMETERS AND MODELLING OF TRANSMISSION LINES

Aim

- (i) To determine the positive sequence line parameters L and C per phase per kilometer of a three phase single and double circuit transmission lines for different conductor arrangements.
- (ii) To understand modelling and performance of short, medium and long lines. Exercises

Computation of series inductance and shunt capacitance per phase per km of a three phase line with flat horizontal spacing for single stranded and bundle conductor configuration.

Computation of series inductance and shunt capacitance per phase per km of a three phase



double circuit transmission line with vertical conductor arrangement with bundle conductor.

Computation of voltage, current, power factor, regulation and efficiency at the receiving end of a three phase Transmission line when the voltage and power at the sending end are given. Use Π model.

Computation of receiving end voltage of a long transmission for a given sending end voltage and when the line is open circuited at receiving. Also compute the shunt reactor compensation to limit the no load receiving end voltage to specified value.

Determination of the voltage profile along the long transmission line for the following cases of loading at receiving end (i) no load (ii) rated load (iii) surge impedance loading and (iv) receiving end short circuited.

2. FORMATION OF BUS ADMITTANCE AND IMPEDANCE MATRICES AND SOLUTION OF NETWORKS

AIM

To understand the formation of network matrices, the bus admittance matrix Y and the bus impedance matrix Z of a power network, to effect certain required changes on these matrices and to obtain network solution using these matrices. Exercises

- 2.1 Write a program in C language for formation of bus admittance matrix Y of a power network using the "Two-Rule Method", given the data pertaining to the transmission lines, transformers and shunt elements. Run the program for a sample 6 bus system and compare the results with that obtained using a standard software.
- 2.2 Modify the program developed in 2.1 for the following:
- (i) To obtain modified Y matrix for the outage of a transmission line, a Transformer and a shunt element.
- (ii) To obtain network solution V given the current injection vector I
- (iii) To obtain full Z matrix or certain specified columns of Z matrix.

Verify the correctness of the modified program using 6 bus sample system

- * 2.3 Write a program in C language for forming bus impedance matrix Z using the "Building Algorithm".
- * Optional (not mandatory)

EXPERIMENT 3

LOAD FLOW ANALYSIS - I : SOLUTION OF LOAD FLOW AND RELATED PROBLEMS USING GAUSS-SEIDEL METHOD Aim

(i) To understand, the basic aspects of steady state analysis of power systems that



are required for effective planning and operation of power systems.

(ii) To understand, in particular, the mathematical formulation of load flow model in complex form and a simple method of solving load flow problems of small sized system using Gauss-Seidel iterative algorithm

Exercises

- 3.1 Write a program in c language for iteratively solving load flow equations using Gauss-Seidel method with provision for acceleration factor and for dealing
- with P-V buses. Run the program for a sample 6 bus system (Base case) and compare the results with that obtained using a standard software.
- 3.2 Solve the "Base case" in 3.1 for different values of acceleration factor, draw the convergence characteristics "Iteration taken for convergence versus acceleration factor" and determine the best acceleration factor for the system under study.
- 3.3 Solve the "Base Case" in 3.1 for the following changed conditions and comment on the results obtained, namely voltage magnitude of the load buses and transmission losses:
- (i) Dropping all shunt capacitors connected to network
- (ii) Changing the voltage setting of generators Vgi over the range 1.00 to 1.05
- (iii) Changing the tap setting of the transformers, ai, over the range 0.85 to 1.1
- 3.4 Resolve the base case in 3.1 after shifting generation from one generator bus to another generator bus and comment on the MW loading of lines and transformers.

4. LOAD FLOW ANALYSIS – I: SOLUTION OF LOAD FLOW AND RELATED PROBLEMS USING NEWTON-RAPHSON AND FAST DECOUPLED METHODS

Aim

- (i) To understand the following for medium and large scale power systems:
- (a) Mathematical formulation of the load flow problem in real variable form
- (b) Newton-Raphson method of load flow (NRLF) solution
- (c) Fast Decoupled method of load flow (FDLF) solution
- (ii) To become proficient in the usage of software for practical problem solving in the areas of power system planning and operation.
- (iii) To become proficient in the usage of the software in solving problems using Newton- Raphson and Fast Decoupled load flow methods. Exercises
- 4.1 Solve the load flow problem (Base case) of a sample 6 bus system using Gauss-Seidel, Fast Decoupled and Newton-Raphson Load Flow programs for a mismatch convergence tolerance of
- 0.01 MW, plot the convergence characteristics and compare the convergence rate of the three methods.
- 4.2 Obtain an optimal (minimum transmission loss) load flow solution for the Base case loading of 6 bus sample system by trial and error approach through repeated load flow solutions using Fast Decoupled Load Flow package for different



combinations of generator voltage settings, transformer tap settings, and reactive power of shunt elements.

- 4.3 Carry out contingency analysis on the optimal state obtained in 4.2 for outage of a transmission line using FDLF or NRLF package.
- 4.4 Obtain load flow solutions using FDLF or NRLF package on the optimal state obtained in 4.2 but with reduced power factor (increased Q load) load and comment on the system voltage profile and transmission loss.
- 4.5 Determine the maximum loadability of a 2 bus system using analytical solution as well as numerical solution using FDLF package. Draw the P-V curve of the system.
- 4.6 For the base case operating state of the 6 bus system in 4.1 draw the P-V curve for the weakest load bus. Also obtain the voltage Stability Margin (MW Index) at different operating states of the system.
- 4.7 For the optimal operating state of 6 bus system obtained in 4.2 determine the Available Transfer Capability (ATC) between a given "source bus" and a given "s
- 4. FAULT ANALYSIS AIM

To become familiar with modelling and analysis of power systems under faulted condition and to compute the fault level, post-fault voltages and currents for different types of faults, both symmetric and unsymmetric.

Exercises

- 5.1 Calculate the fault current, post fault voltage and fault current through the branches for a three phase to ground fault in a small power system and also study the effect of neighbouring system. Check the results using available software.
- 5.2 Obtain the fault current, fault MVA, Post-fault bus voltages and fault current distribution for single line to ground fault, line-to-line fault and double line to ground fault for a small power system, using the available software. Also check the fault current and fault MVA by hand calculation.
- 5.3 Carryout fault analysis for a sample power system for LLLG, LG, LL and LLG faults and prepare the report.

6. TRANSIENT AND SMALL-SIGNAL STABILITY ANALYSIS: SINGLE MACHINE-INFINITE BUS SYSTEM

Aim

To become familiar with various aspects of the transient and small signal stability analysis of Single- Machine Infinite Bus (SMIB) system.

Exercises

For a typical power system comprising a generating, step-up transformer, double-circuit transmission line connected to infinite bus:

Transient Stability Analysis



- 6.1 Hand calculation of the initial conditions necessary for the classical model of the synchronous machine.
- 6.2 Hand computation of critical clearing angle and time for the fault using equal area criterion.
- 6.3 Simulation of typical disturbance sequence: fault application, fault clearance by opening of one circuit using the software available and checking stability by plotting the swing curve.
- 6.4 Determination of critical clearing angle and time for the above fault sequence through trial and error method using the software and checking with the hand computed value.
- 6.5 Repetition of the above for different fault locations and assessing the fault severity with respect to the location of fault
- 6.6 Determination of the steady-state and transient stability margins.

Small-signal Stability Analysis:

- 6.7 Familiarity with linearised swing equation and characteristic equation and its roots, damped frequency of oscillation in Hz, damping ratio and undamped natural frequency.
- 6.8 Force-free time response for an initial condition using the available software.
- 6.9 Effect of positive, negative and zero damping.

7. TRANSIENT STABILITY ANALYSIS OF MULTIMACHINE POWER SYSTEMS AIM

To become familiar with modelling aspects of synchronous machines and network, state-of-the-art algorithm for simplified transient stability simulation, system behaviour when subjected to large disturbances in the presence of synchronous machine controllers and to become proficient in the usage of the software to tackle real life problems encountered in the areas of power system planning and operation.

EXERCISES

For typical multi-machine power system:

- 7.1 Simulation of typical disturbance sequence: fault application, fault clearance by opening of a line using the software available and assessing stability with and without controllers.
- 7.2 Determination of critical clearing angle and time for the above fault sequence through trial and error method using the software.
- 7.3 Determination of transient stability margins.



- 7.4 Simulation of full load rejection with and without governor.
- 7.5 Simulation of loss of generation with and without governor.
- 7.6 Simulation of loss of excitation (optional).
- 7.7 Simulation of under frequency load shedding scheme (optional).

8. ELECTROMAGNETIC TRANSIENTS IN POWER SYSTEMS Aim:

To study and understand the electromagnetic transient phenomena in power systems caused due to switching and faults by using Electromagnetic Transients Program (EMTP) and to become proficient in the usage of EMTP to address problems in the areas of over voltage protection and mitigation and insulation coordination of EHV systems.

Exercises

Using the EMTP software or equivalent

Simulation of single-phase energisation of the load through single-phase pi-model of a transmission line and understanding the effect of source inductance.

- 8.1 Simulation of three-phase energisation of the load through three-phase pi-model of a transmission line and understanding the effect of pole discrepancy of a circuit breaker.
- 8.2 Simulation of energisation of an open-ended single-phase distributed parameter transmission line and understanding the travelling wave effects.
- 8.3 Simulation of a three-phase load energisation through a three-phase distributed parameter line with simultaneous and asynchronous closing of circuit breaker and studying the effects.
- 8.4 Study of transients due to single line-to-ground fault.
- 8.5 Computation of transient recovery voltage.

9. LOAD-FREQUENCY DYNAMICS OF SINGLE-AREA AND TWO- AREA POWER SYSTEMS Aim

To become familiar with the modelling and analysis of load-frequency and tie-line flow dynamics of a power system with load-frequency controller (LFC) under different control modes and to design improved controllers to obtain the best system response.

Exercises

9.1 Given the data for a Single-Area power system, simulate the load-frequency dynamics (only governor control) of this area for a step load disturbance of small magnitude, plot the time response of frequency deviation and the corresponding change in turbine power. Check the value of steady state frequency deviation obtained from simulation with that obtained by hand calculation.



- 9.2 Carry out the simulation of load-frequency dynamics of the Single-Area power system in 9.1 with Load-frequency controller (Integral controller) for different values of KI (gain of the controller) and choose the best value of KI to give an "optimal" response with regard to peak over shoot, settling time, steady-state error and Mean-Sum-Squared-Error.
- 9.3 Given the data for a two-area (identical areas) power system, simulate the load-frequency dynamics (only governor control) of this system for a step load disturbance in one area and plot time response of frequency deviation, turbine power deviation and tie-line power deviation. Compare the steady-state frequency deviation obtained with that obtained in the case of single-area system.
- 9.4 Carry out the simulation of load-frequency dynamics of two-area system in 9.3 for the following control modes:
- (i) Flat tie-line control
- (ii) Flat frequency control
- (iii) Frequency bias tie-line control
- and for the frequency bias Tie-line control mode, determine the optimal values of gain and frequency bias factor required to get the "best" time response.
- 9.5 Given the data for a two-area (unequal areas) power system, determine the best controller parameters; gains and bias factors to give an optimal response for frequency deviation and tie- line deviations with regard to peak overshoot, settling time, steady-state error and Mean-Sum-Squared-Error.

10. ECONOMIC DISPATCH IN POWER SYSTEMS Aim

- (i) To understand the basics of the problem of Economic Dispatch (ED) of optimally adjusting the generation schedules of thermal generating units to meet the system load which are required for unit commitment and economic operation of power systems.
- (ii) To understand the development of coordination equations (the mathematical model for ED) without and with losses and operating constraints and solution of these equations using direct and iterative methods

 Exercises
- 10.1. Write a program in 'C' language to solve economic dispatch problem of a power system with only thermal units. Take production cost function as quadratic and neglect transmission loss.
- 10.2. Write a program in 'C' language to solve economic dispatch problem of a power system. Take production cost as quadratic and include transmission loss using loss co-efficient. Use λ -iteration algorithm for solving the co-ordination equations.
- 10.3. Determine using the program developed in exercise 10.1 the economic generation schedule of each unit and incremental cost of received power for a sample power system, for a given load cycle.
- 10.4. Determine using the program developed in exercise 10.2 the economic generation schedule of each unit, incremental cost of received power and transmission loss for a sample system, for the given load levels.
- 10.5. Apply the software module developed in 10.1 to obtain an optimum unit



REQUIREMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No. Description of Equipment Quantity required

- 1. Personal computers (Pentium-IV, 80GB, 512 MBRAM) 25
- 2. Printer laser 1
- Dotmatrix
- 4. Server (Pentium IV, 80GB, 1GBRAM) (High Speed Processor) 1
- 5. Software: E.M.T.P/ETAP/CYME/MIPOWER

/any power system simulation software 5 licenses

6. Compliers: C, C++, VB, VC++ 25 users

EE 2405 COMPREHENSION LTPC0021

AIM:

To encourage the students to comprehend the knowledge acquired from the first Semester to Sixth Semester of B.E Degree Course through periodic exercise.

EE2451 ELECTRIC ENERGY GENERATION AND UTILISATION AND CONSERVATION

LTPC 3003

AIM

To expose students to the main aspects of generation, utilization and conservation.

OBJECTIVES

To impart knowledge on

- i. Generation of electrical power by conventional and non-conventional methods.
- ii. Electrical energy conservation, energy auditing and power quality.
- iii. Principle and design of illumination systems and methods of heating and welding.
- iv. Electric traction systems and their performance.
- v. Industrial applications of electric drives.

1. POWER GENERATION

9

Review of conventional methods – thermal, hydro and nuclear based power generation. Non-conventional methods of power generation – fuel cells - tidal waves – wind – geothermal – solar - bio-mass - municipal waste. Cogeneration. Effect of distributed generation on power system operation.

2. ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF GENERATION

9

Economic aspects of power generation – load and load duration curves – number and size of units – cost of electrical energy – tariff. Economics of power factor improvement – power capacitors – power quality.

Importance of electrical energy conservation – methods – energy efficient equipments. Introduction to energy auditing.

3. ILLUMINATION

9

Importance of lighting - properties of good lighting scheme - laws of illumination -



photometry - types of lamps - lighting calculations - basic design of illumination schemes for residential, commercial, street lighting, and sports ground - energy efficiency lamps.

4. INDUSTRIAL HEATING AND WELDING

9

Role electric heating for industrial applications – resistance heating – induction heating – dielectric heating - electric arc furnaces.

Brief introduction to electric welding – welding generator, welding transformer and the characteristics.

5. ELECTRIC TRACTION

9

Merits of electric traction – requirements of electric traction system – supply systems – mechanics of train movement – traction motors and control – braking – recent trends in electric traction.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. C.L. Wadhwa, 'Generation, Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Energy', New Age International Pvt. Ltd, 2003.
- 2. B.R. Gupta, 'Generation of Electrical Energy', Eurasia Publishing House (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES

- 1. H. Partab, 'Art and Science of Utilisation of Electrical Energy', Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. E. Openshaw Taylor, 'Utilization of Electrical Energy in SI Units', Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd. 2003.
- 3. J.B. Gupta, 'Utilization of Electric Power and Electric Traction', S.K.Kataria and Sons, 2002.

LTPC

EE2032 HIGH VOLTAGE DIRECT CURRENT TRANSMISSION

3 0 0 3

AIM

To develop the skills in the area of HVDC power transmission with the analysis of HVDC converters, harmonics and design of filters.

OBJECTIVE

- i. To understand the concept, planning of DC power transmission and comparison with AC power transmission.
- i. To analyze HVDC converters.
- ii. To study about compounding and regulation.
- iii. To analyze harmonics and design of filters.
- iv. To learn about HVDC cables and simulation tools.

1. INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction of DC Power transmission technology – Comparison of AC and DC transmission – Application of DC transmission – Description of DC transmission system – Planning for HVDC transmission – Modern trends in DC transmission.



2. ANALYSIS OF HVDC CONVERTERS

Pulse number – Choice of converter configuration – Simplified analysis of Graetz circuit – Converter bridge characteristics – Characteristics of a twelve pulse converter – Detailed analysis of converters.

3. COMPOUNDING AND REGULATIONS

9

9

General – Required regulation – Inverter compounding – Uncompounded inverter – Rectifier compounding – Transmission characteristics with the rectifier and inverter compounding – Communication link – Current regulation from the inverter side – Transformer tap changing

4. HARMONICS AND FILTERS

9

Introduction – Generation of harmonics – Design of AC filters and DC filters – Interference with neighbouring communication lines.

5. HVDC CABLES AND SIMULATION OF HVDC SYSTEMS

9

Introduction of DC cables – Basic physical phenomenon arising in DC insulation – Practical dielectrics – Dielectric stress consideration – Economics of DC cables compared with AC cables. Introduction to system simulation – Philosophy and tools – HVDC system simulation – Modeling of HVDC systems for digital dynamic simulation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK

- 1. Padiyar, K. R., "HVDC power transmission system", Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi 1990. First edition.
- 2. Edward Wilson Kimbark, "Direct Current Transmission", Vol. I, Wiley interscience, New York, London, Sydney, 1971.

REFERENCES

- 1. Colin Adamson and Hingorani N G, "High Voltage Direct Current Power Transmission", Garraway Limited, London, 1960.
- 2. Arrillaga, J., "High Voltage Direct Current Transmission", Peter Pregrinus, London, 1983.
- 3. Rakosh Das Begamudre, "Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering", New Age Interantional (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.



3003

AIM: To enhance the transmission capability of transmission system by shunt andseries compensation using static controllers.

OBJECTIVES:

- i. To understand the concept of flexible AC transmission and the associated problems.
- ii. To review the static devices for series and shunt control.
- iii. To study the operation of controllers for enhancing the transmission capability.

1. INTRODUCTION

9

The concept of flexible AC transmission - reactive power control in electrical power transmission lines -uncompensated transmission line - series and shunt compensation. Overview of FACTS devices - Static Var Compensator (SVC) - Thyristor Switched Series capacitor (TCSC) - Unified Power Flow controller (UPFC) - Integrated Power Flow Controller (IPFC).

2. STATIC VAR COMPENSATOR (SVC) AND APPLICATIONS

9

Voltage control by SVC – advantages of slope in dynamic characteristics – influenceof SVC on system voltage. Applications - enhancement of transient stability – steady state power transfer – enhancement of power system damping – prevention of voltage instability.

3. THYRISTOR CONTROLLED SERIES CAPACITOR(TCSC)AND APPLICATIONS 9

Operation of the TCSC - different modes of operation - modeling of TCSC - variable reactance model - modeling for stability studies. Applications - improvement of the system stability limit - enhancement of system damping - voltage collapse prevention.

4. EMERGING FACTS CONTROLLERS

9

Static Synchronous Compensator (STATCOM) – operating principle – V-I characteristics – Unified Power Flow Controller (UPFC) – Principle of operation – modes of operation – applications – modeling of UPFC for power flow studies.

5. CO-ORDINATION OF FACTS CONTROLLERS

9

FACTs Controller interactions – SVC–SVC interaction - co-ordination of multiple controllers using linear control techniques – Quantitative treatment of control coordination.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Mohan Mathur, R., Rajiv. K. Varma, "Thyristor – Based Facts Controllers for Electrical Transmission Systems", IEEE press and John Wiley & Sons, Inc.



REFERENCES:

- 1. A.T.John, "Flexible AC Transmission System", Institution of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), 1999.
- 2. Narain G.Hingorani, Laszio. Gyugyl, "Understanding FACTS Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission System", Standard Publishers, Delhi 2001.



ECE

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable learners of Engineering and Technology develop their basic communication skills in English.
- To emphasize specially the development of speaking skills amongst learners of Engineering and Technology.
- To ensure that learners use the electronic media such as internet and supplement the learning materials used in the classroom.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and writing leading to effective and efficient communication.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening to audio (verbal & sounds); Speaking - Speaking about one"s place, important festivals etc. - Introducing oneself, one"s family / friend; Reading - Skimming a reading passage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing - Free writing on any given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.) - Sentence completion - Autobiographical writing (writing about one"s leisure time activities, hometown, etc.); Grammar - Prepositions - Reference words - Wh-questions - Tenses (Simple); Vocabulary - Word formation - Word expansion (root words / etymology); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar & Vocabulary - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to audio files and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

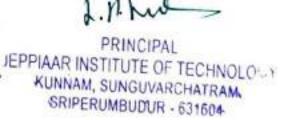
Listening - Listening and responding to video lectures / talks; Speaking - Describing a simple process (filling a form, etc.) - Asking and answering questions - Telephone skills – Telephone etiquette; Reading – Critical reading - Finding key information in a given text - Sifting facts from opinions; Writing - Biographical writing (place, people) - Process descriptions (general/specific) - Definitions - Recommendations – Instructions; Grammar - Use of imperatives - Subject-verb agreement; Vocabulary - Compound words - Word Association (connotation); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening exercises with sample telephone conversations / lectures – Picture-based activities.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to specific task - focused audio tracks; Speaking - Role-play – Simulation - Group interaction - Speaking in formal situations (teachers, officials, foreigners); Reading - Reading and interpreting visual material; Writing - Jumbled sentences - Coherence and cohesion in writing - Channel conversion (flowchart into process) - Types of paragraph (cause and effect / compare and contrast / narrative / analytical) - Informal writing (letter/e-mail/blogs) - Paraphrasing; Grammar - Tenses (Past) - Use of sequence words - Adjectives; Vocabulary - Different forms and uses of words, Cause and effect words; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Excerpts from films related to the theme and follow up exercises - Pictures of flow charts and tables for interpretations.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Watching videos / documentaries and responding to questions based on them; Speaking - Responding to questions - Different forms of interviews - Speaking at different types of interviews; Reading - Making inference from the reading passage - Predicting the content of a reading passage; Writing - Interpreting visual materials (line graphs, pie charts etc.) - Essay writing - Different types of essays; Grammar - Adverbs - Tenses - future time reference; Vocabulary - Single word substitutes - Use of abbreviations and acronyms; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sample interviews - film scenes - dialogue writing.



UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Listening to different accents, Listening to Speeches/Presentations, Listening to broadcast and telecast from Radio and TV; Speaking - Giving impromptu talks, Making presentations on given topics; Reading - Email communication - Reading the attachment files having a poem/joke/proverb - Sending their responses through email; Writing - Creative writing, Poster making; Grammar - Direct and indirect speech; Vocabulary - Lexical items (fixed / semi fixed expressions); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sending emails with attachment – Audio / video excerpts of different accents - Interpreting posters.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to:

- Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Raman, Meenakshi & Sangeetha Sharma. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press, New Delhi. 2011
- 2. Regional Institute of English. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi. 2006
- 3. Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Rutherford, Andrea. J Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson, New Delhi. 2001
- 5. Viswamohan, Aysha. English for Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2008

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Kalam, Abdul. Wings of Fire. Universities Press, Hyderabad. 1999.

WEBSITES:

- 1. http://www.usingenglish.com
- 2. http://www.uefap.com

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like self introduction, peer introduction, group poster making, grammar and vocabulary games, etc.
- Discussions
- Role play activities
- Short presentations
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussion, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc.



EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Reviews
- Creative writing
- Poster making, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual speaking activities, Pair work activities like role play, Interview, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded from simple to complex, from direct to inferential
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing paragraphs, essays etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6151 MATHEMATICS – I LT P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques this is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To make the student knowledgeable in the area of infinite series and their convergence so that he/ she will be familiar with limitations of using infinite series approximations for solutions arising in mathematical modeling.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To introduce the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in engineering applications.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

UNIT I MATRICES 9+3

Eigen values and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Statement and applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem – Diagonalization of matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms.

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UNIT II SEQUENCES AND SERIES

9+3

Sequences: Definition and examples – Series: Types and Convergence – Series of positive terms – Tests of convergence: Comparison test, Integral test and D'Alembert's ratio test – Alternating series – Leibnitz's test – Series of positive and negative terms – Absolute and conditional convergence.

UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

9+3

Curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates – Centre and radius of curvature – Circle of curvature – Evolutes – Envelopes - Evolute as envelope of normals.

UNIT IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

9+3

Limits and Continuity – Partial derivatives – Total derivative – Differentiation of implicit functions – Jacobian and properties – Taylor"s series for functions of two variables – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange"s method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9+3

Double integrals in cartesian and polar coordinates – Change of order of integration – Area enclosed by plane curves – Change of variables in double integrals – Area of a curved surface - Triple integrals – Volume of Solids.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 This course equips students to have basic knowledge and understanding in one fields of materials, integral and differential calculus.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011.
- 2 Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3 Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4 Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5 Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

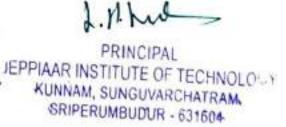
PH6151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

 To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.



LTPC

UNIT I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

Lattice – Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Lattice planes – Miller indices – d spacing in cubic lattice – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell – Atomic radius – Coordination number – Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures – Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment)-Crystal growth techniques –solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)

UNIT II PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS

9

Elasticity- Hooke"s law - Relationship between three modulii of elasticity (qualitative) – stress -strain diagram – Poisson's ratio –Factors affecting elasticity –Bending moment – Depression of a cantilever –Young's modulus by uniform bending- I-shaped girders

Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton's law of cooling - Linear heat flow - Lee's disc method - Radial heat flow - Rubber tube method - conduction through compound media (series and parallel)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation – Planck's theory (derivation) – Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh – Jeans' Law from Planck's theory – Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification – Properties of Matter waves – G.P Thomson experiment -Schrödinger's wave equation – Time independent and time dependent equations – Physical significance of wave function – Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope - Transmission electron microscope.

UNIT IV ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS

9

Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber–Fechner law – Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method – Absorption Coefficient and its determination –factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing – pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C – scan displays, Medical applications - Sonogram

UNIT V PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS

9

Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion -Einstein"s A and B coefficients - derivation. Types of lasers – Nd:YAG, CO ₂, Semiconductor lasers (homojunction & heterojunction)-Industrial and Medical Applications.

Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres – Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – attenuation, dispersion, bending - Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will have knowledge on the basics of physics related to properties of matter, Optics, acoustics etc., and they will apply these fundamental principles to solve practical problems related to materials used for engineering applications

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TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M. Engineering Physics. Anuradha publishers, 2010.
- 2. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L. Engineering Physics. Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2009
- 3. Mani Naidu S. Engineering Physics, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Searls and Zemansky. University Physics, 2009
- 2. Mani P. Engineering Physics I. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- 3. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009.
- 4. Palanisamy P.K. Engineering Physics. SCITECH Publications, 2011.
- 5. Rajagopal K. Engineering Physics. PHI, New Delhi, 2011.
- 6. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics I. VRB Publishers, 2011.

CY6151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - I

LTP C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with basics of polymer chemistry.
- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of second law of thermodynamics and second law based derivations of importance in engineering applications in all disciplines.
- To acquaint the student with concepts of important photophysical and photochemical processes and spectroscopy.
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.
- To acquaint the students with the basics of nano materials, their properties and applications.

UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction: Classification of polymers – Natural and synthetic; Thermoplastic and Thermosetting. Functionality – Degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization: Addition (Free Radical, cationic and anionic); condensation and copolymerization. Properties of polymers: Tg, Tacticity, Molecular weight – weight average, number average and polydispersity index. Techniques of polymerization: Bulk, emulsion, solution and suspension. Preparation, properties and uses of Nylon 6,6, and Epoxy resin.

UNIT II CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS

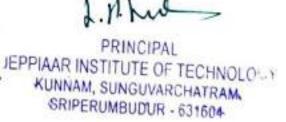
9

Terminology of thermodynamics - Second law: Entropy - entropy change for an ideal gas, reversible and irreversible processes; entropy of phase transitions; Clausius inequality. Free energy and work function: Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy functions (problems); Criteria of spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation (problems); Clausius-Clapeyron equation; Maxwell relations – Van't Hoff isotherm and isochore(problems).

UNIT III PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY

9

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Quantum efficiency - determination- Photo processes - Internal Conversion, Inter-system crossing, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescence and Photo-sensitization. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - Absorption of radiation - Electronic, Vibrational and rotational transitions. UV-visible and IR spectroscopy - principles, instrumentation (Block diagram only).



UNIT IV PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, One Component System- water system - Reduced phase rule - Two Component Systems- classification – lead-silver system, zinc-magnesium system. Alloys: Introduction- Definition- Properties of alloys- Significance of alloying, Functions and effect of alloying elements- Ferrous alloys- Nichrome and Stainless steel – heat treatment of steel; Nonferrous alloys – brass and bronze.

UNIT V NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Basics - distinction between molecules, nanoparticles and bulk materials; size-dependent properties. nanoparticles: nano cluster, nano rod, nanotube(CNT) and nanowire. Synthesis: precipitation, thermolysis, hydrothermal, solvothermal, electrodeposition, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation; Properties and applications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The knowledge gained on polymer chemistry, thermodynamics. spectroscopy, phase rule and nano materials will provide a strong platform to understand the concepts on these subjects for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain P.C. and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
- 2. Kannan P., Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dara S.S, Umare S.S, "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi 2010
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Gowariker V.R., Viswanathan N.V. and Jayadev Sreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International P (Ltd.,), Chennai, 2006.
- 4. Ozin G. A. and Arsenault A. C., "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", RSC Publishing, 2005.

GE6151

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

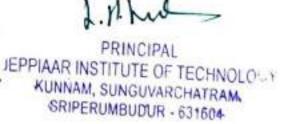
The students should be made to:

- Learn the organization of a digital computer.
- Be exposed to the number systems.
- Learn to think logically and write pseudo code or draw flow charts for problems.
- Be exposed to the syntax of C.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use arrays, strings, functions, pointers, structures and unions in C.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Generation and Classification of Computers- Basic Organization of a Computer –Number System – Binary – Decimal – Conversion – Problems. Need for logical analysis and thinking – Algorithm – Pseudo code – Flow Chart.



9

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING BASICS

10

Problem formulation – Problem Solving - Introduction to "C' programming –fundamentals – structure of a "C' program – compilation and linking processes – Constants, Variables – Data Types – Expressions using operators in "C' – Managing Input and Output operations – Decision Making and Branching – Looping statements – solving simple scientific and statistical problems.

UNIT III ARRAYS AND STRINGS

9

Arrays – Initialization – Declaration – One dimensional and Two dimensional arrays. String- String operations – String Arrays. Simple programs- sorting- searching – matrix operations.

UNIT IV FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS

9

Function – definition of function – Declaration of function – Pass by value – Pass by reference – Recursion – Pointers - Definition – Initialization – Pointers arithmetic – Pointers and arrays- Example Problems.

UNIT V STRUCTURES AND UNIONS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Introduction – need for structure data type – structure definition – Structure declaration – Structure within a structure - Union - Programs using structures and Unions – Storage classes, Pre-processor directives.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design C Programs for problems.
- Write and execute C programs for simple applications

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, 2011.
- 2. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Fundamentals of Computing and Programming in C", First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009
- 3. Yashavant P. Kanetkar. "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006
- 2. Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007.
- 3. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie, D.M, "The C Programming language", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

GE6152

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

L T P C 2 0 3 4

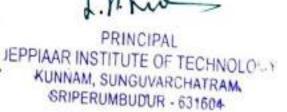
OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in students, graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of Engineering products
- To expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

1

Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments – BIS conventions and specifications – Size. lavout and folding of drawing sheets – Lettering and dimensioning.



UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING

5+9

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method – Construction of cycloid – construction of involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves, Scales: Construction of Diagonal and Vernier scales.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles –Representation of Three Dimensional objects – Layout of views- Free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

5+9

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

5+9

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

5+9

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS

6+9

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale –Isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions and miscellaneous problems. Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method .

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (Demonstration Only)

3

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration of their use.

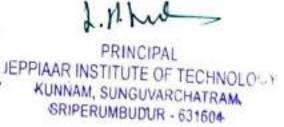
OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Perform free hand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of objects.
- Do orthographic projection of lines and plane surfaces.
- Draw projections and solids and development of surfaces.
- Prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.
- Demonstrate computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 50th Edition, 2010.



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REFERENCES:

- 1. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2007.
- 2. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.
- 5. Natrajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 6. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- 1. IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- 2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- 3. IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- 4. IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- 5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001: Technical drawings Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- 1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- 3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
- 4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

GE6161

COMPUTER PRACTICES LABORATORY

LT P C 003 2

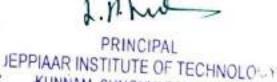
OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with the use of Office software.
- Be exposed to presentation and visualization tools.
- Be exposed to problem solving techniques and flow charts.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use Arrays, strings, functions, structures and unions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Search, generate, manipulate data using MS office/ Open Office
- 2. Presentation and Visualization graphs, charts, 2D, 3D
- 3. Problem formulation, Problem Solving and Flowcharts
- 4. C Programming using Simple statements and expressions
- 5. Scientific problem solving using decision making and looping.
- 6. Simple programming for one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.
- 7. Solving problems using String functions
- 8. Programs with user defined functions Includes Parameter Passing
- 9. Program using Recursive Function and conversion from given program to flow chart.
- 10. Program using structures and unions.



KUNNAM, SUNGUVARCHATRAM. SRIPERUMBUDUR - 631604 **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Design and implement C programs for simple applications.
- Develop recursive programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler

30 Nos.

(or)

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

GE6162

ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

LT PC 003 2

OBJECTIVES:

 To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

9

Buildings:

(a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.

(e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise:

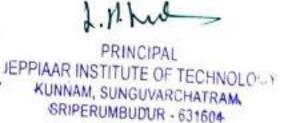
Wood work, joints by sawing, planning and cutting.

II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.
- (b) Gas welding practice



Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making Trays, funnels, etc.
- (c) Different type of joints.

Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

- (a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example Exercise Production of hexagonal headed bolt.
- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and vee fitting models.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

III ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

10

- 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- 4. Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.
- 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

IV ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

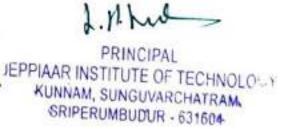
13

- 1. Study of Electronic components and equipments Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.
- 2. Study of logic gates AND, OR, EOR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- 5. Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- Ability to use welding equipments to join the structures.
- Ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.



LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS: CIVIL

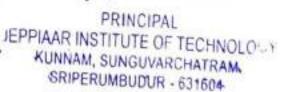
 Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs ar other fittings. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench) Standard woodworking tools Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer (b) Demolition Hammer (c) Circular Saw (d) Planer (e) Hand Drilling Machine (f) Jigsaw MECHANICAL	
1. Arc welding transformer with cables and holders	5 Nos.
Welding booth with exhaust facility	5 Nos.
3. Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer,	
wire brush, etc. 4. Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other	5 Sets.
welding outfit.	2 Nos.
5. Centre lathe	2 Nos.
6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools	2 Sets.
7. Moulding table, foundry tools	2 Sets.
8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder	2 Nos
9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner Or	ne each.
ELECTRICAL	
Assorted electrical components for house wiring	15 Sets
Electrical measuring instruments	10 Sets
3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergency lamp 1 each	
4. Megger (250V/500V)	1 No.
5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder	2 Nos
(b) Digital Live-wire detector	2 Nos
ELECTRONICS	
1. Soldering guns	10 Nos.
2. Assorted electronic components for making circuits	50 Nos.
3. Small PCBs	10 Nos.
4. Multimeters5. Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage power	10 Nos.
supply	

REFERENCES:

1. Jeyachandran K., Natarajan S. & Balasubramanian S., "A Primer on Engineering Practices Laboratory", Anuradha Publications, (2007).

.., "Manual on Workshop Practice", Scitech Publications, (1999).

- 2. Jeyapoovan T., Saravanapandian M. & Pranitha S., "Engineering Practices Lab Manual", Vikas Puplishing House Pvt.Ltd, (2006)
- 3. Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, (2007).
- 1 Palendra Proced A & Sarma P.M.M.S., "Workshop Practice", Sree Sai Publication, (2002).



1

PHYSICS LABORATORY - I

OBJECTIVES:

To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- (a) Determination of Wavelength, and particle size using Laser
 - (b) Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.
- 2. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic interferometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum spectrometer grating
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Lee"s Disc method.
- 5. Determination of Young's modulus by Non uniform bending method
- 6. Determination of specific resistance of a given coil of wire Carey Foster"s Bridge

OUTCOMES:

The hands on exercises undergone by the students will help them to apply physics principles of optics and thermal physics to evaluate engineering properties of materials.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Diode laser, lycopodium powder, glass plate, optical fiber.
- 2. Ultrasonic interferometer
- 3. Spectrometer, mercury lamp, grating
- 4. Lee"s Disc experimental set up
- 5. Traveling microscope, meter scale, knife edge, weights
- 6. Carey foster's bridge set up (Vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

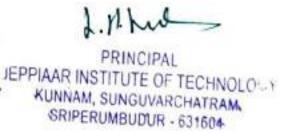
CHEMISTRY LABORATORY-I LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric and instrumental analysis.
- To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by vacometry.
- 1 Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler"s method.
- 2 Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method
- 3 Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter
- 4 Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter
- 5 Estimation of iron content of the water sample using spectrophotometer (1,10- phenanthroline / thiocyanate method)
- 6 Determination of molecular weight of polyvinylalcohol using Ostwald viscometer
- 7 Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS



OUTCOMES:

The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

lodine flask - 30 Nos
 pH meter - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos
 Spectrophotometer - 5 Nos
 Ostwald Viscometer - 10 Nos

Common Apparatus : Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (each 30 Nos.)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Yor (2001).
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry", LBS Singapore (1994).
- 3. Jeffery G.H., Bassett J., Mendham J.and Denny vogel's R.C, "Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M., Sandell E.B. et al. "Quantitative chemical analysis", Mcmillan, Madras 1980.

HS6251

TECHNICAL ENGLISH II

LT P C 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To make learners acquire listening and speaking skills in both formal and informal contexts.
- To help them develop their reading skills by familiarizing them with different types of reading strategies.
- To equip them with writing skills needed for academic as well as workplace contexts.
- To make them acquire language skills at their own pace by using e-materials and language lab components.

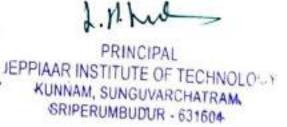
UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Listening to informal conversations and participating; Speaking - Opening a conversation (greetings, comments on topics like weather) - Turn taking - Closing a conversation (excuses, general wish, positive comment, thanks); Reading - Developing analytical skills, Deductive and inductive reasoning - Extensive reading; Writing - Effective use of SMS for sending short notes and messages - Using "emoticons" as symbols in email messages; Grammar - Regular and irregular verbs - Active and passive voice; Vocabulary - Homonyms (e.g. "can") - Homophones (e.g. "some",

"sum"); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary – blogging; Language Lab - Listening to different types of conversation and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening to situation based dialogues; Speaking - Conversation practice in real life situations, asking for directions (using polite expressions), giving directions (using imperative sentences), Purchasing goods from a shop, Discussing various aspects of a film (they have already seen) or a book (they have already read); Reading - Reading a short story or an article from newspaper, Critical reading, Comprehension skills; Writing - Writing a review / summary of a story / article, Personal letter (Inviting your friend to a function, congratulating someone for his / her success,



thanking one sfriends / relatives); Grammar - modal verbs, Purpose expressions; Vocabulary - Phrasal verbs and their meanings, Using phrasal verbs in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and vocabulary, Extensive reading activity (reading stories / novels), Posting reviews in blogs - Language Lab - Dialogues (Fill up exercises), Recording students dialogues.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to the conversation - Understanding the structure of conversations; Speaking - Conversation skills with a sense of stress, intonation, pronunciation and meaning - Seeking information – expressing feelings (affection, anger, regret, etc.); Reading - Speed reading – reading passages with time limit - Skimming; Writing - Minutes of meeting – format and practice in the preparation of minutes - Writing summary after reading articles from journals - Format for journal articles – elements of technical articles (abstract, introduction, methodology, results, discussion, conclusion, appendices, references) - Writing strategies; Grammar - Conditional clauses - Cause and effect expressions; Vocabulary - Words used as nouns and verbs without any change in the spelling (e.g. "rock', "train', "ring'); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - Speed Reading practice exercises; Language Lab - Intonation practice using EFLU and RIE materials

Attending a meeting and writing minutes.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Listening to a telephone conversation, Viewing model interviews (face-to-face, telephonic and video conferencing); Speaking - Role play practice in telephone skills - listening and responding, -asking questions, -note taking – passing on messages, Role play and mock interview for grasping interview skills; Reading - Reading the job advertisements and the profile of the company concerned – scanning; Writing - Applying for a job – cover letter - résumé preparation – vision, mission and goals of the candidate; Grammar - Numerical expressions - Connectives (discourse markers); Vocabulary - Idioms and their meanings – using idioms in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and Vocabulary - Different forms of résumés- Filling up a résumé / cover letter; Language Lab - Telephonic interview – recording the responses - e-résumé writing.

UNIT V 9+3

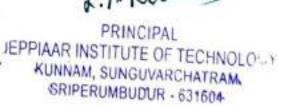
Listening - Viewing a model group discussion and reviewing the performance of each participant - Identifying the characteristics of a good listener; Speaking - Group discussion skills - initiating the discussion - exchanging suggestions and proposals - expressing dissent/agreement - assertiveness in expressing opinions - mind mapping technique; Reading - Note making skills - making notes from books, or any form of written materials - Intensive reading; Writing - Checklist - Types of reports - Feasibility / Project report - report format - recommendations / suggestions - interpretation of data (using charts for effective presentation); Grammar - Use of clauses; Vocabulary - Collocation; Ematerials - Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises - Sample GD - Pictures for discussion, Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises; Language Lab - Different models of group discussion.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to

- speak convincingly, express their opinions clearly, initiate a discussion, negotiate, argue using appropriate communicative strategies.
- write effectively and persuasively and produce different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- read different genres of texts, infer implied meanings and critically analyse and evaluate them for ideas as well as for method of presentation.
- listan/view and comprehend different spoken excerpts critically and infer unspoken and implied



TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES

- Anderson, Paul V. Technical Communication: A Reader-Centered Approach. Cengage. New Delhi. 2008
- 2. Muralikrishna, & Sunita Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers. Pearson, New Delhi. 2011
- 3. Riordan, Daniel. G. Technical Communication. Cengage Learning, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Sharma, Sangeetha & Binod Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists. PHI Learning, New Delhi. 2009
- 5. Smith-Worthington, Darlene & Sue Jefferson. Technical Writing for Success. Cengage, Mason USA. 2007

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Khera, Shiv. You can Win. Macmillan, Delhi. 1998.

Websites

- 1. http://www.englishclub.com
- 2. http://owl.english.purdue.edu

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like individual writing and presentations, group discussions, interviews, reporting, etc
- Long presentations using visual aids
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussions, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc
- Projects like group reports, mock interviews etc using a combination of two or more of the language skills

EVALUATION PATTERN:

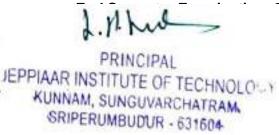
Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Report
- Creative writing, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual presentations, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded following Bloom's taxonomy
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing essays, CVs, reports etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content graded following Bloom's taxonomy.



30%

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential equations that model engineering problems.
- To acquaint the student with the concepts of vector calculus, needed for problems in all engineering disciplines.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory so as to enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow the of electric current.
- To make the student appreciate the purpose of using transforms to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.

UNIT I VECTOR CALCULUS

9+3

Gradient, divergence and curl – Directional derivative – Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields – Vector integration – Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes" theorem (excluding proofs) – Simple applications involving cubes and rectangular parallelopipeds.

UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

9+3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients – Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT III LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Laplace transform – Sufficient condition for existence – Transform of elementary functions – Basic properties – Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse functions – Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform - Statement of Convolution theorem – Initial and final value theorems – Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients using Laplace transformation techniques.

UNIT IV ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions of a complex variable – Analytic functions: Necessary conditions – Cauchy-Riemann equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs) – Harmonic and orthogonal properties of analytic function – Harmonic conjugate – Construction of analytic functions – Conformal mapping: w = z+k, kz, 1/z, z^2 , e^z and bilinear transformation.

UNIT V COMPLEX INTEGRATION

9+3

Complex integration – Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions – Singular points – Residues – Cauchy's residue theorem – Evaluation of real definite integrals as contour integrals around unit circle and semi-circle (excluding poles on the real axis).

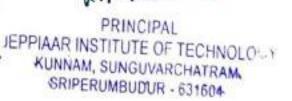
TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• The subject helps the students to develop the fundamentals and basic concepts in vector calculus, ODE, Laplace transform and complex functions. Students will be able to solve problems related to engineering applications by using these techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd.,2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi,



REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics" Volume II, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing 2011.

PH6251

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - II

L T P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

 To enrich the understanding of various types of materials and their applications in engineering and technology.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Conductors – classical free electron theory of metals – Electrical and thermal conductivity – Wiedemann – Franz law – Lorentz number – Draw backs of classical theory – Quantum theory – Fermi distribution function – Effect of temperature on Fermi Function – Density of energy states – carrier concentration in metals.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Intrinsic semiconductor – carrier concentration derivation – Fermi level – Variation of Fermi level with temperature – electrical conductivity – band gap determination – compound semiconductors -direct and indirect band gap- derivation of carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration — Hall effect –Determination of Hall coefficient – Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Origin of magnetic moment – Bohr magneton – comparison of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism – Domain theory – Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – antiferromagnetic materials – Ferrites and its applications

Superconductivity: properties – Type I and Type II superconductors – BCS theory of superconductivity(Qualitative) - High T_c superconductors – Applications of superconductors – SQUID, cryotron, magnetic levitation.

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

9

Electrical susceptibility – dielectric constant – electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization – frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation – internal field – Claussius – Mosotti relation (derivation) – dielectric loss – dielectric breakdown – uses of dielectric materials (capacitor and transformer) – ferroelectricity and applications.

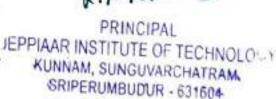
UNIT V ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Metallic glasses: preparation, properties and applications. Shape memory alloys (SMA): Characteristics, properties of NiTi alloy, application, Nanomaterials— Preparation -pulsed laser deposition — chemical vapour deposition — Applications — NLO materials —Birefringence- optical Kerr effect — Classification of Biomaterials and its applications



TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



OUTCOMES:

The students will have the knowledge on physics of materials and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M., Materials Science. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics. New Age International(P) Ltd., publishers, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Palanisamy P.K. Materials Science. SCITECH Publishers, 2011
- 2. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2011
- 3. Mani P. Engineering Physics II. Dhanam Publications, 2011
- 4. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009

CY6251

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY-II

L T P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.
- Principles of electrochemical reactions, redox reactions in corrosiion of materials and methods for corrosion prevention and protection of materials.
- Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.
- Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

9

Introduction to boiler feed water-requirements-formation of deposits in steam boilers and heat exchangers- disadvantages (wastage of fuels, decrease in efficiency, boiler explosion) prevention of scale formation -softening of hard water -external treatment zeolite and demineralization - internal treatment- boiler compounds (phosphate, calgon, carbonate, colloidal) - caustic embrittlement-boiler corrosion-priming and foaming- desalination of brackish water -reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION

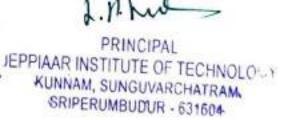
9

Electrochemical cell - redox reaction, electrode potential- origin of electrode potential- oxidation potential- reduction potential, measurement and applications - electrochemical series and its significance - Nernst equation (derivation and problems). Corrosion- causes- factors- types-chemical, electrochemical corrosion (galvanic, differential aeration), corrosion control - material selection and design aspects - electrochemical protection – sacrificial anode method and impressed current cathodic method. Paints- constituents and function. Electroplating of Copper and electroless plating of nickel.

UNIT III ENERGY SOURCES

S

Introduction- nuclear energy- nuclear fission- controlled nuclear fission- nuclear fusion- differences between nuclear fission and fusion- nuclear chain reactions- nuclear reactor power generator-classification of nuclear reactor- light water reactor- breeder reactor- solar energy conversion- solar cells- wind energy. Batteries and fuel cells:Types of batteries- alkaline battery- lead storage battery-nickel-cadmium battery- lithium battery- fuel cell H_2 - O_2 fuel cell- applications.



UNIT IV ENGINEERING MATERIALS

Abrasives: definition, classification or types, grinding wheel, abrasive paper and cloth. Refractories: definition, characteristics, classification, properties – refractoriness and RUL, dimensional stability, thermal spalling, thermal expansion, porosity; Manufacture of alumina, magnesite and silicon carbide, Portland cement- manufacture and properties - setting and hardening of cement, special cement-waterproof and white cement-properties and uses. Glass - manufacture, types, properties and uses.

UNIT V FUELS AND COMBUSTION

9

Fuel: Introduction- classification of fuels- calorific value- higher and lower calorific values- coal- analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate)- carbonization- manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum- manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process)- knocking- octane number - diesel oil- cetane number - natural gas- compressed natural gas(CNG)- liquefied petroleum gases(LPG)- producer gas- water gas. Power alcohol and bio diesel. Combustion of fuels: introduction-theoretical calculation of calorific value- calculation of stoichiometry of fuel and air ratio- ignition temperature- explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Vairam S, Kalyani P and SubaRamesh., "Engineering Chemistry"., Wiley India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi., 2011
- 2. Dara S.S and Umare S.S. "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi , 2010

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kannan P. and Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009
- 2. AshimaSrivastava and Janhavi N N., "Concepts of Engineering Chemistry", ACMELearning Private Limited., New Delhi., 2010.
- 3. RenuBapna and Renu Gupta., "Engineering Chemistry", Macmillan India Publisher Ltd., 2010.
- 4. Pahari A and Chauhan B., "Engineering Chemistry"., Firewall Media., New Delhi., 2010

EC6201

ELECTRONIC DEVICES

LTP C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

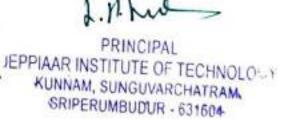
The student should be made to:

- Be exposed to basic electronic devices
- Be familiar with the theory, construction, and operation of Basic electronic devices.

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE

9

PN junction diode, Current equations, Diffusion and drift current densities, forward and reverse bias characteristics, Switching Characteristics.



UNIT II BIPOLAR JUNCTION

NPN -PNP -Junctions-Early effect-Current equations – Input and Output characteristics of CE, CB CC-Hybrid -π model - h-parameter model, Ebers Moll Model- Gummel Poon-model, Multi Emitter Transistor.

UNIT III FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS

9

JFETs – Drain and Transfer characteristics,-Current equations-Pinch off voltage and its significance-MOSFET- Characteristics- Threshold voltage -Channel length modulation, D-MOSFET, E-MOSFET-, Current equation - Equivalent circuit model and its parameters, FINFET, DUAL GATE MOSFET.

UNIT IV SPECIAL SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

9

Metal-Semiconductor Junction- MESFET, Schottky barrier diode-Zener diode-Varactor diode –Tunnel diode- Gallium Arsenide device, LASER diode, LDR.

UNIT V POWER DEVICES AND DISPLAY DEVICES

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

UJT, SCR, Diac, Triac, Power BJT- Power MOSFET- DMOS-VMOS. LED, LCD, Photo transistor, Opto Coupler, Solar cell, CCD.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Explain the theory, construction, and operation of basic electronic devices.
- Use the basic electronic devices

TEXT BOOKS

1. Donald A Neaman, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices", Third Edition, Tata Mc GrawHill Inc. 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Yang, "Fundamentals of Semiconductor devices", McGraw Hill International Edition, 1978.
- 2. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electron Devices and Circuit Theory" Pearson Prentice Hall, 10th edition, July 2008.

EE6201 CIRCUIT THEORY

L T P C 3 1 0 4

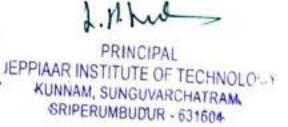
OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce electric circuits and its analysis
- To impart knowledge on solving circuits using network theorems
- To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- To Phasor diagrams and analysis of three phase circuits

UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS

12

Ohm"s Law – Kirchoffs laws – DC and AC Circuits – Resistors in series and parallel circuits – Mesh current and node voltage method of analysis for D.C and A.C. circuits – Phasor Diagram – Power, Power Factor and Energy



5

UNIT II NETWORK REDUCTION AND NETWORK THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC CIRCUITS

12

Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion. Thevenins and Novton & Theorem – Superposition Theorem – Maximum power transfer theorem – Reciprocity Theorem.

UNIT III RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS

12

Series and paralled resonance – their frequency response – Quality factor and Bandwidth - Self and mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling – Tuned circuits – Single tuned circuits.

UNIT IV TRANSIENT RESPONSE FOR DC CIRCUITS

12

Transient response of RL, RC and RLC Circuits using Laplace transform for DC input and A.C. with sinusoidal input – Characterization of two port networks in terms of Z,Y and h parameters.

UNIT V THREE PHASE CIRCUITS

12

Three phase balanced / unbalanced voltage sources – analysis of three phase 3-wire and 4-wire circuits with star and delta connected loads, balanced & un balanced – phasor diagram of voltages and currents – power and power factor measurements in three phase circuits.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- · Ability analyse electrical circuits
- Ability to apply circuit theorems
- Ability to analyse AC and DC Circuits

TEXT BOOKS:

- William H. Hayt Jr, Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuits Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill publishers, 6 edition, New Delhi, 2003.
- Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahri, "Electric circuits", Schaum's series, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Paranjothi SR, "Electric Circuits Analysis," New Age International Ltd., New Delhi, 1996.
- 2. Sudhakar A and Shyam Mohan SP, "Circuits and Network Analysis and Synthesis", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Chakrabati A, "Circuits Theory (Analysis and synthesis), Dhanpath Rai & Sons, New Delhi, 1999.
- 4. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Second Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.

GE6262

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - II

L T P C 0 0 2 1

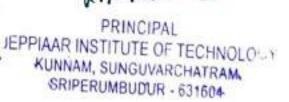
PHYSICS LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

 To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

(Any FIVE Experiments)

s modulus by uniform bending method



- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor
- 3. Determination of Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid -Poiseuille"s method
- 4. Determination of Dispersive power of a prism Spectrometer
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire Air wedge method
- 6. Determination of Rigidity modulus Torsion pendulum

OUTCOMES:

The students will have the ability to test materials by using their knowledge of applied physics principles in optics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Traveling microscope, meter scale, Knife edge, weights
- 2. Band gap experimental set up
- 3. Burette, Capillary tube, rubber tube, stop clock, beaker and weighing balance
- 4. spectrometer, prism, sodium vapour lamp.
- 5. Air-wedge experimental set up.
- 6. Torsion pendulum set up.

(vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY -II (Any FIVE Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

To make the student acquire practical skills in the wet chemical and instrumental methods for quantitative estimation of hardness, alkalinity, metal ion content, corrosion in metals and cement analysis.

- 1 Determination of alkalinity in water sample
- 2 Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method
- 3 Estimation of copper content of the given solution by EDTA method
- 4 Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 5 Estimation of sodium present in water using flame photometer
- 6 Corrosion experiment weight loss method
- 7 Conductometric precipitation titration using BaCl₂ and Na₂SO₄
- 8 Determination of CaO in Cement.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

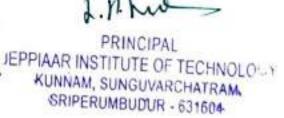
OUTCOMES:

The students will be conversant with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters, corrosion measurement and cement analysis.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 2001.
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry, LBS Singapore (1994).
- 3. Jeffery G.H, Bassett J., Mendham J. and Denny R.C., "Vogel's Text book of
- 4. quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 5. Kolthoff I.M. and Sandell E.B. et al. Quantitative chemical analysis, Mcmillan, Madras 1980

Laboratory classes on alternate weeks for Physics and Chemistry.



LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Potentiometer - 5 Nos
 Flame photo meter - 5 Nos
 Weighing Balance - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (30 Nos each)

EC6211 CIRCUITS AND DEVICES LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- · Be exposed to the characteristics of basic electronic devices
- Be exposed to RL and RC circuits
- Be familiar with Thevinin & Norton theorem KVL & KCL, and Super Position Theorems

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Characteristics of PN Junction Diode
- 2. Zener diode Characteristics & Regulator using Zener diode
- 3. Common Emitter input-output Characteristics
- 4. Common Base input-output Characteristics
- 5. FET Characteristics
- 6. SCR Characteristics
- 7. Clipper and Clamper & FWR
- 8. Verifications Of Thevinin & Norton theorem
- 9. Verifications Of KVL & KCL
- 10. Verifications Of Super Position Theorem
- 11. verifications of maximum power transfer & reciprocity theorem
- 12. Determination Of Resonance Frequency of Series & Parallel RLC Circuits
- 13. Transient analysis of RL and RC circuits

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

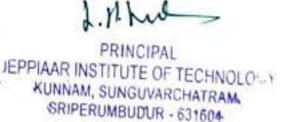
- Learn the characteristics of basic electronic devices
- Design RL and RC circuits
- Verify Thevinin & Norton theorem KVL & KCL, and Super Position Theorems

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

BC 107, BC 148,2N2646,BFW10 - 25 each 1N4007, Zener diodes - 25 each

Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors - sufficient quantities

Bread Boards - 15 Nos
CRO (30MHz) - 10 Nos.
Function Generators (3MHz) - 10 Nos.
Dual Regulated Power Supplies (0 – 30V) - 10 Nos.



EC6501

DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

1 T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the principles of sampling & quantization
- To study the various waveform coding schemes
- To learn the various baseband transmission schemes
- To understand the various Band pass signaling schemes
- To know the fundamentals of channel coding

UNIT I SAMPLING & QUANTIZATION

9

Low pass sampling – Aliasing- Signal Reconstruction-Quantization - Uniform & non-uniform quantization - quantization noise - Logarithmic Companding of speech signal- PCM - TDM

UNIT II WAVEFORM CODING

9

Prediction filtering and DPCM - Delta Modulation - ADPCM & ADM principles-Linear Predictive Coding

UNIT III BASEBAND TRANSMISSION

9

Properties of Line codes- Power Spectral Density of Unipolar / Polar RZ & NRZ - Bipolar NRZ - Manchester- ISI - Nyquist criterion for distortionless transmission - Pulse shaping - Correlative coding - Mary schemes - Eye pattern - Equalization

UNIT IV DIGITAL MODULATION SCHEME

9

Geometric Representation of signals - Generation, detection, PSD & BER of Coherent BPSK, BFSK & QPSK - QAM - Carrier Synchronization - structure of Non-coherent Receivers - Principle of DPSK.

UNIT V ERROR CONTROL CODING

9

Channel coding theorem - Linear Block codes - Hamming codes - Cyclic codes - Convolutional codes - Vitterbi Decoder

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- Design PCM systems
- Design and implement base band transmission schemes
- Design and implement band pass signaling schemes
- Analyze the spectral characteristics of band pass signaling schemes and their noise performance
- Design error control coding schemes

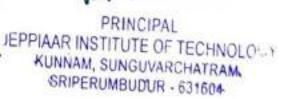
TEXT BOOK:

1. S. Haykin, "Digital Communications", John Wiley, 2005

REFERENCES:

- 1. B. Sklar, "Digital Communication Fundamentals and Applications", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009
- 2. B.P.Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems" 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press 2007.

Geries - "Analog and Digital Communications", TMH 2006



4. J.G Proakis, "Digital Communication", 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Company, 2001.

EC6502 PRINCIPLES OF DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

L TPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn discrete Fourier transform and its properties
- To know the characteristics of IIR and FIR filters learn the design of infinite and finite impulse response filters for filtering undesired signals
- To understand Finite word length effects
- To study the concept of Multirate and adaptive filters

UNIT I DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM

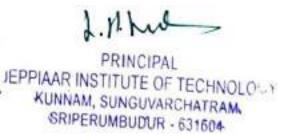
9

Discrete Signals and Systems- A Review – Introduction to DFT – Properties of DFT – Circular Convolution - Filtering methods based on DFT – FFT Algorithms –Decimation in time Algorithms, Decimation in frequency Algorithms – Use of FFT in Linear Filtering.

UNIT II IIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of IIR – Analog filter design – Discrete time IIR filter from analog filter – IIR filter design by Impulse Invariance, Bilinear transformation, Approximation of derivatives – (LPF, HPF, BPF, BRF) filter design using frequency translation.



UNIT III FIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of FIR – Linear phase FIR filter – Fourier Series - Filter design using windowing techniques (Rectangular Window, Hamming Window, Hanning Window), Frequency sampling techniques – Finite word length effects in digital Filters: Errors, Limit Cycle, Noise Power Spectrum.

UNIT IV FINITE WORDLENGTH EFFECTS

9

Fixed point and floating point number representations – ADC –Quantization- Truncation and Rounding errors - Quantization noise – coefficient quantization error – Product quantization error - Overflow error – Roundoff noise power - limit cycle oscillations due to product round off and overflow errors – Principle of scaling

UNIT V DSP APPLICATIONS

9

Multirate signal processing: Decimation, Interpolation, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor – Adaptive Filters: Introduction, Applications of adaptive filtering to equalization.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- apply DFT for the analysis of digital signals & systems
- design IIR and FIR filters
- characterize finite Word length effect on filters
- design the Multirate Filters
- apply Adaptive Filters to equalization

TEXT BOOK:

1. John G. Proakis & Dimitris G.Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms & Applications", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Emmanuel C..Ifeachor, & Barrie.W.Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing", Second Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall, 2002.
- 2. Sanjit K. Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing A Computer Based Approach", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.
- 3. A.V.Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer and J.R. Buck, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", 8th Indian Reprint, Pearson, 2004.
- 4. Andreas Antoniou, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2006.

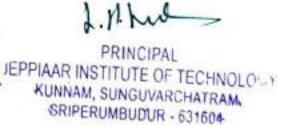
EC6503

TRANSMISSION LINES AND WAVE GUIDES

LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the various types of transmission lines and to discuss the losses associated.
- To give thorough understanding about impedance transformation and matching.
- To use the Smith chart in problem solving.
- To impart knowledge on filter theories and waveguide theories



UNIT I TRANSMISSION LINE THEORY

General theory of Transmission lines - the transmission line - general solution - The infinite line - Wavelength, velocity of propagation - Waveform distortion - the distortion-less line - Loading and different methods of loading - Line not terminated in Z_0 - Reflection coefficient - calculation of current, voltage, power delivered and efficiency of transmission - Input and transfer impedance - Open and short circuited lines - reflection factor and reflection loss.

UNIT II HIGH FREQUENCY TRANSMISSION LINES

9

Transmission line equations at radio frequencies - Line of Zero dissipation - Voltage and current on the dissipation-less line, Standing Waves, Nodes, Standing Wave Ratio - Input impedance of the dissipation-less line - Open and short circuited lines - Power and impedance measurement on lines - Reflection losses - Measurement of VSWR and wavelength.

UNIT III IMPEDANCE MATCHING IN HIGH FREQUENCY LINES

9

Impedance matching: Quarter wave transformer - Impedance matching by stubs - Single stub and double stub matching - Smith chart - Solutions of problems using Smith chart - Single and double stub matching using Smith chart.

UNIT IV PASSIVE FILTERS

9

Characteristic impedance of symmetrical networks - filter fundamentals, Design of filters: Constant K - Low Pass, High Pass, Band Pass, Band Elimination, m- derived sections - low pass, high pass composite filters.

UNIT V WAVE GUIDES AND CAVITY RESONATORS

9

General Wave behaviours along uniform Guiding structures, Transverse Electromagnetic waves, Transverse Magnetic waves, Transverse Electric waves, TM and TE waves between parallel plates, TM and TE waves in Rectangular wave guides, Bessel's differential equation and Bessel function, TM and TE waves in Circular wave guides, Rectangular and circular cavity Resonators.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

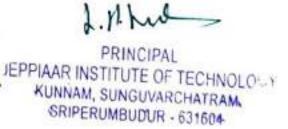
- Discuss the propagation of signals through transmission lines.
- Analyze signal propagation at Radio frequencies.
- Explain radio propagation in guided systems.
- Utilize cavity resonators.

TEXT BOOKS

1. John D Ryder, "Networks, lines and fields", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2010.

REFERENCES

- 1. E.C.Jordan and K.G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. G.S.N Raju "Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines", Pearson Education, First edition 2005.



OBJECTIVES:

To the study of nature and the facts about environment.

- To find and implement scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.
- To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.
- To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.
- To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth"s interior and surface.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

12

Definition, scope and importance of Risk and hazards; Chemical hazards, Physical hazards, Biological hazards in the environment – concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers-Oxygen cycle and Nitrogen cycle – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession processes – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds

Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

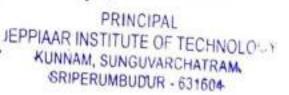
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Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (Atmospheric chemistry- Chemical composition of the atmosphere; Chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere - formation of smog, PAN, acid rain, oxygen and ozone chemistry;- Mitigation procedures- Control of particulate and gaseous emission, Control of SO_2 , NO_X , CO and HC) (b) Water pollution: Physical and chemical properties of terrestrial and marine water and their environmental significance; Water quality parameters – physical, chemical and biological; absorption of heavy metals - Water treatment processes. (c) Soil pollution - soil waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards–role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

10

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Energy Conversion processes – Biogas – production and uses, anaerobic digestion; case studies – Land resources: Land tion, man induced landslides, soil erosion and



desertification – role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Introduction to Environmental Biochemistry: Proteins –Biochemical degradation of pollutants, Bioconversion of pollutants.

Field study of local area to document environmental assets – river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain.

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

7

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organization-environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – 12 Principles of green chemistry- nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. – wasteland reclamation – consumerism and waste products – environment production act – Air act – Water act – Wildlife protection act – Forest conservation act – The Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules; 1998 and amendments- scheme of labeling of environmentally friendly products (Ecomark). enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

6

Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health – human rights – value education – HIV / AIDS – women and child welfare –Environmental impact analysis (EIA)- -GIS-remote sensing-role of information technology in environment and human health – Case studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

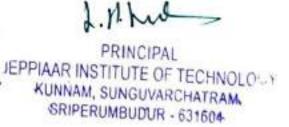
- Public awareness of environment at infant stage.
- Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions.
- Development and improvement in standard of living has lead to serious environmental disasters.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Gilbert M.Masters, "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. Benny Joseph, "Environmental Science and Engineering, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. R.K. Trivedi, "Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standard", Vol. I and II, Enviro Media.
- 2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, "Environmental Encyclopedia", Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.
- 3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, "Environmental law", Prentice Hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.
- 4. Rajagopalan, R, "Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure", Oxford University Press 2005



OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Study the Architecture of 8086 microprocessor.
- Learn the design aspects of I/O and Memory Interfacing circuits.
- Study about communication and bus interfacing.
- Study the Architecture of 8051 microcontroller.

UNIT I THE 8086 MICROPROCESSOR

q

Introduction to 8086 – Microprocessor architecture – Addressing modes - Instruction set and assembler directives – Assembly language programming – Modular Programming - Linking and Relocation - Stacks - Procedures – Macros – Interrupts and interrupt service routines – Byte and String Manipulation.

UNIT II 8086 SYSTEM BUS STRUCTURE

Q

8086 signals – Basic configurations – System bus timing –System design using 8086 – IO programming – Introduction to Multiprogramming – System Bus Structure - Multiprocessor configurations – Coprocessor, Closely coupled and loosely Coupled configurations – Introduction to advanced processors.

UNIT III I/O INTERFACING

9

Memory Interfacing and I/O interfacing - Parallel communication interface - Serial communication interface - D/A and A/D Interface - Timer - Keyboard /display controller - Interrupt controller - DMA controller - Programming and applications Case studies: Traffic Light control, LED display , LCD display, Keyboard display interface and Alarm Controller.

UNIT IV MICROCONTROLLER

9

Architecture of 8051 – Special Function Registers(SFRs) - I/O Pins Ports and Circuits - Instruction set - Addressing modes - Assembly language programming.

UNIT V INTERFACING MICROCONTROLLER

q

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Programming 8051 Timers - Serial Port Programming - Interrupts Programming - LCD & Keyboard Interfacing - ADC, DAC & Sensor Interfacing - External Memory Interface- Stepper Motor and Waveform generation.

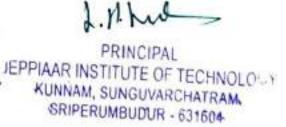
OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and implement programs on 8086 microprocessor.
- Design I/O circuits.
- Design Memory Interfacing circuits.
- Design and implement 8051 microcontroller based systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Yu-Cheng Liu, Glenn A.Gibson, "Microcomputer Systems: The 8086 / 8088 Family Architecture, Programming and Design", Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
- 2. Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C", Second Edition, Pearson education, 2011.



REFERENCE:

1. Doughlas V.Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware", TMH, 2012

EC6511 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING LABORATORY

LT PC 0032

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To implement Linear and Circular Convolution
- To implement FIR and IIR filters
- To study the architecture of DSP processor
- To demonstrate Finite word length effect

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

MATLAB / EQUIVALENT SOFTWARE PACKAGE

- 1. Generation of sequences (functional & random) & correlation
- 2. Linear and Circular Convolutions
- 3. Spectrum Analysis using DFT
- 4. FIR filter design
- 5. IIR filter design
- 6. Multirate Filters
- 7. Equalization

DSP PROCESSOR BASED IMPLEMENTATION

- 8. Study of architecture of Digital Signal Processor
- 9. MAC operation using various addressing modes
- 10. Linear Convolution
- 11. Circular Convolution
- 12. FFT Implementation
- 13. Waveform generation
- 14. IIR and FIR Implementation
- 15. Finite Word Length Effect

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

- Carry out simulation of DSP systems
- Demonstrate their abilities towards DSP processor based implementation of DSP systems
- Analyze Finite word length effect on DSP systems
- Demonstrate the applications of FFT to DSP
- Implement adaptive filters for various applications of DSP

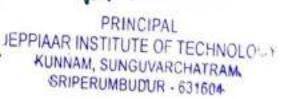
LAB EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS (2 STUDENTS PER SYSTEM)

PCs with Fixed / Floating point DSP Processors (Kit / Add-on Cards) 15 Units

LIST OF SOFTWARE REQUIRED:

MATLAB with Simulink and Signal Processing Tool Box or Equivalent Software in desktop systems -15 Nos

15 Nos, CRO (20MHz) -15 Nos



OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To visualize the effects of sampling and TDM
- To Implement AM & FM modulation and demodulation
- To implement PCM & DM
- To implement FSK, PSK and DPSK schemes
- To implement Equalization algorithms
- To implement Error control coding schemes

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Signal Sampling and reconstruction
- 2. Time Division Multiplexing
- 3. AM Modulator and Demodulator
- 4. FM Modulator and Demodulator
- 5. Pulse Code Modulation and Demodulation
- 6. Delta Modulation and Demodulation
- 7. Observation (simulation) of signal constellations of BPSK, QPSK and QAM
- 8. Line coding schemes
- 9. FSK, PSK and DPSK schemes (Simulation)
- 10. Error control coding schemes Linear Block Codes (Simulation)
- 11. Communication link simulation
- 12. Equalization Zero Forcing & LMS algorithms(simulation)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

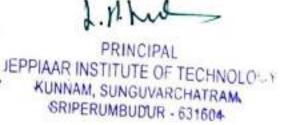
OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Simulate end-to-end Communication Link
- Demonstrate their knowledge in base band signaling schemes through implementation of FSK, PSK and DPSK
- Apply various channel coding schemes & demonstrate their capabilities towards the improvement of the noise performance of communication system
- Simulate & validate the various functional modules of a communication system

LAB REQUIREMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS (3 STUDENTS PER EXPERIMENT):

- i) Kits for Signal Sampling, TDM, AM, FM, PCM, DM and Line Coding Schemes
- ii) CROs 15 Nos
- iii) MATLAB / SCILAB or equivalent software package for simulation experiments
- iv) PCs 10 Nos



TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Introduce ALP concepts and features
- Write ALP for arithmetic and logical operations in 8086 and 8051
- Differentiate Serial and Parallel Interface
- Interface different I/Os with Microprocessors
- Be familiar with MASM

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

8086 Programs using kits and MASM

- 1. Basic arithmetic and Logical operations
- 2. Move a data block without overlap
- 3. Code conversion, decimal arithmetic and Matrix operations.
- 4. Floating point operations, string manipulations, sorting and searching
- 5. Password checking, Print RAM size and system date
- 6. Counters and Time Delay

Peripherals and Interfacing Experiments

- 7. Traffic light control
- 8. Stepper motor control
- 9. Digital clock
- 10. Key board and Display
- 11. Printer status
- 12. Serial interface and Parallel interface
- 13. A/D and D/A interface and Waveform Generation

8051 Experiments using kits and MASM

- 14. Basic arithmetic and Logical operations
- 15. Square and Cube program, Find 2"s complement of a number
- 16. Unpacked BCD to ASCII

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Write ALP Programmes for fixed and Floating Point and Arithmetic
- Interface different I/Os with processor
- · Generate waveforms using Microprocessors
- Execute Programs in 8051
- Explain the difference between simulator and Emulator

LAB EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

HARDWARE:

8086 development kits - 30 nos
Interfacing Units - Each 10 nos
Microcontroller - 30 nos

SOFTWARE:

Intel Desktop Systems with MASM - 30 nos 8086 Assembler 8051 Cross Assembler



PRINCIPAL
JEPPIAAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
KUNNAM, SUNGUVARCHATRAM,
SRIPERUMBUDUR - 631604

OBJECTIVES:

 To enable the students to study the evolution of Management, to study the functions and principles of management and to learn the application of the principles in an organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

9

Definition of Management – Science or Art – Manager Vs Entrepreneur - types of managers - managerial roles and skills – Evolution of Management – Scientific, human relations , system and contingency approaches – Types of Business organization - Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises - Organization culture and Environment – Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING

Nature and purpose of planning – planning process – types of planning – objectives – setting objectives – policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING

9

9

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – organization chart – organization structure – types – Line and staff authority – departmentalization – delegation of authority – centralization and decentralization – Job Design - Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

UNIT IV DIRECTING 9

Foundations of individual and group behaviour – motivation – motivation theories – motivational techniques – job satisfaction – job enrichment – leadership – types and theories of leadership – communication – process of communication – barrier in communication – effective communication – communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

System and process of controlling – budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques – use of computers and IT in Management control – Productivity problems and management – control and performance – direct and preventive control – reporting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

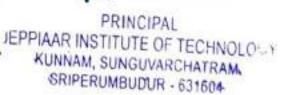
 Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling and have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, "Management", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
- 2. JAF Stoner, Freeman R.E and Daniel R Gilbert "Management", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo & Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management" 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
- 2. Robert Kreitner & Mamata Mohapatra, "Management", Biztantra, 2008.
- "Principles of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.



OBJECTIVES:

- To make students understand the basic structure and operation of digital computer.
- To understand the hardware-software interface.
- To familiarize the students with arithmetic and logic unit and implementation of fixed point and floating-point arithmetic operations.
- To expose the students to the concept of pipelining.
- To familiarize the students with hierarchical memory system including cache memories and virtual memory.
- To expose the students with different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.

UNIT I OVERVIEW & INSTRUCTIONS

9

Eight ideas – Components of a computer system – Technology – Performance – Power wall – Uniprocessors to multiprocessors; Instructions – operations and operands – representing instructions – Logical operations – control operations – Addressing and addressing modes.

UNIT II ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS

7

ALU - Addition and subtraction - Multiplication - Division - Floating Point operations - Subword parallelism.

UNIT III PROCESSOR AND CONTROL UNIT

11

Basic MIPS implementation – Building datapath – Control Implementation scheme – Pipelining – Pipelined datapath and control – Handling Data hazards & Control hazards – Exceptions.

UNIT IV PARALLELISM

9

Instruction-level-parallelism – Parallel processing challenges – Flynn's classification – Hardware multithreading – Multicore processors

UNIT V MEMORY AND I/O SYSTEMS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Memory hierarchy - Memory technologies - Cache basics - Measuring and improving cache performance - Virtual memory, TLBs - Input/output system, programmed I/O, DMA and interrupts, I/O processors.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

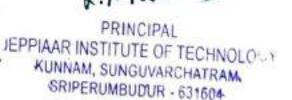
- Design arithmetic and logic unit.
- Design and anlayse pipelined control units
- Evaluate performance of memory systems.
- Understand parallel processing architectures.

TEXT BOOK:

1. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessey, "Computer Organization and Design", Fifth edition, Morgan Kauffman / Elsevier, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. V.Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G. Varanesic and Safat G. Zaky, "Computer Organisation", VI edition, Mc Graw-Hill Inc, 2012.
- 2. William Stallings "Computer Organization and Architecture", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 3. Vincent P. Heuring. Harry F. Jordan, "Computer System Architecture", Second Edition,



- 4. Govindarajalu, "Computer Architecture and Organization, Design Principles and Applications", first edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. John P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", Third Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1998.
- 6. http://nptel.ac.in/.

CS6551

COMPUTER NETWORKS

LT PC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the division of network functionalities into layers.
- Be familiar with the components required to build different types of networks
- Be exposed to the required functionality at each layer
- Learn the flow control and congestion control algorithms

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS & LINK LAYER

9

Building a network – Requirements - Layering and protocols - Internet Architecture – Network software – Performance ; Link layer Services - Framing - Error Detection - Flow control

UNIT II MEDIA ACCESS & INTERNETWORKING

9

Media access control - Ethernet (802.3) - Wireless LANs - 802.11 - Bluetooth - Switching and bridging - Basic Internetworking (IP, CIDR, ARP, DHCP,ICMP)

UNIT III ROUTING

9

Routing (RIP, OSPF, metrics) – Switch basics – Global Internet (Areas, BGP, IPv6), Multicast – addresses – multicast routing (DVMRP, PIM)

UNIT IV TRANSPORT LAYER

9

Overview of Transport layer - UDP - Reliable byte stream (TCP) - Connection management - Flow control - Retransmission - TCP Congestion control - Congestion avoidance (DECbit, RED) - QoS - Application requirements

UNIT V APPLICATION LAYER

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Traditional applications -Electronic Mail (SMTP, POP3, IMAP, MIME) – HTTP – Web Services – DNS - SNMP

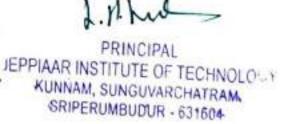
OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify the components required to build different types of networks
- Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application
- Identify solution for each functionality at each layer
- Trace the flow of information from one node to another node in the network

TEXT BOOK:

1. Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.



REFERENCES:

- 1. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. Nader. F. Mir, "Computer and Communication Networks", Pearson Prentice Hall Publishers, 2010.
- 3. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang, Fred Baker, "Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach", Mc Graw Hill Publisher, 2011.
- 4. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data communication and Networking", Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.

EC6601 VLSI DESIGN L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- In this course, the MOS circuit realization of the various building blocks that is common to any microprocessor or digital VLSI circuit is studied.
- Architectural choices and performance tradeoffs involved in designing and realizing the circuits in CMOS technology are discussed.
- The main focus in this course is on the transistor circuit level design and realization for digital operation and the issues involved as well as the topics covered are quite distinct from those encountered in courses on CMOS Analog IC design.

UNIT I MOS TRANSISTOR PRINCIPLE

9

NMOS and PMOS transistors, Process parameters for MOS and CMOS, Electrical properties of CMOS circuits and device modeling, Scaling principles and fundamental limits, CMOS inverter scaling, propagation delays, Stick diagram, Layout diagrams

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

9

Examples of Combinational Logic Design, Elmore's constant, Pass transistor Logic, Transmission gates, static and dynamic CMOS design, Power dissipation – Low power design principles

UNIT III SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

9

Static and Dynamic Latches and Registers, Timing issues, pipelines, clock strategies, Memory architecture and memory control circuits, Low power memory circuits, Synchronous and Asynchronous design

UNIT IV DESIGNING ARITHMETIC BUILDING BLOCKS

9

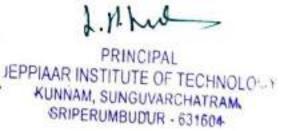
Data path circuits, Architectures for ripple carry adders, carry look ahead adders, High speed adders, accumulators, Multipliers, dividers, Barrel shifters, speed and area tradeoff

UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

9

Full custom and Semi custom design, Standard cell design and cell libraries, FPGA building block architectures, FPGA interconnect routing procedures.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students should

- Explain the basic CMOS circuits and the CMOS process technology.
- Discuss the techniques of chip design using programmable devices.
- Model the digital system using Hardware Description Language.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Jan Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, B.Nikolic, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 2. M.J. Smith, "Application Specific Integrated Circuits", Addisson Wesley, 1997

REFERENCES:

- 1. N.Weste, K.Eshraghian, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design", Second Edition, Addision Wesley 1993
- 2. R.Jacob Baker, Harry W.LI., David E.Boyee, "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation", Prentice Hall of India 2005
- 3. A.Pucknell, Kamran Eshraghian, "BASIC VLSI Design", Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

EC6602

ANTENNA AND WAVE PROPAGATION

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To give insight of the radiation phenomena.
- To give a thorough understanding of the radiation characteristics of different types of antennas
- To create awareness about the different types of propagation of radio waves at different frequencies

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF RADIATION

9

Definition of antenna parameters – Gain, Directivity, Effective aperture, Radiation Resistance, Band width, Beam width, Input Impedance. Matching – Baluns, Polarization mismatch, Antenna noise temperature, Radiation from oscillating dipole, Half wave dipole. Folded dipole, Yagi array.

UNIT II APERTURE AND SLOT ANTENNAS

9

Radiation from rectangular apertures, Uniform and Tapered aperture, Horn antenna, Reflector antenna, Aperture blockage, Feeding structures, Slot antennas, Microstrip antennas – Radiation mechanism – Application, Numerical tool for antenna analysis

UNIT III ANTENNA ARRAYS

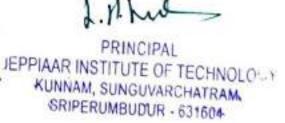
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N element linear array, Pattern multiplication, Broadside and End fire array – Concept of Phased arrays, Adaptive array, Basic principle of antenna Synthesis-Binomial array

UNIT IV SPECIAL ANTENNAS

9

Principle of frequency independent antennas –Spiral antenna, Helical antenna, Log periodic. Modern antennas- Reconfigurable antenna, Active antenna, Dielectric antennas, Electronic band gap structure and applications, Antenna Measurements-Test Ranges, Measurement of Gain, Radiation pattern, Polarization, VSWR



Modes of propagation , Structure of atmosphere , Ground wave propagation , Tropospheric propagation , Duct propagation , Troposcatter propagation , Flat earth and Curved earth concept Sky wave propagation – Virtual height, critical frequency , Maximum usable frequency – Skip distance, Fading , Multi hop propagation

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Explain the various types of antennas and wave propagation.
- Write about the radiation from a current element.
- Analyze the antenna arrays, aperture antennas and special antennas such as frequency independent and broad band

TEXT BOOK:

1. John D Kraus," Antennas for all Applications", 3rd Edition, Mc Graw Hill, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Edward C.Jordan and Keith G.Balmain" Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems" Prentice Hall of India. 2006
- 2. R.E.Collin,"Antennas and Radiowave Propagation", Mc Graw Hill 1985.
- 3. Constantine. A. Balanis "Antenna Theory Analysis and Design", Wiley Student Edition, 2006.
- 4. Rajeswari Chatterjee, "Antenna Theory and Practice" Revised Second Edition New Age International Publishers, 2006.
- 5. S. Drabowitch, "Modern Antennas" Second Edition, Springer Publications, 2007.
- 6. Robert S.Elliott "Antenna Theory and Design" Wiley Student Edition, 2006.
- 7. H.Sizun "Radio Wave Propagation for Telecommunication Applications", First Indian Reprint, Springer Publications, 2007.

EC6001

MEDICAL ELECTRONICS

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge about the various physiological parameters both electrical and non electrical and the methods of recording and also the method of transmitting these parameters.
- To study about the various assist devices used in the hospitals.
- To gain knowledge about equipment used for physical medicine and the various recently developed diagnostic and therapeutic techniques.

UNIT I ELECTRO-PHYSIOLOGY AND BIO-POTENTIAL RECORDING

The origin of Bio-potentials; biopotential electrodes, biological amplifiers, ECG, EEG, EMG, PCG, lead systems and recording methods, typical waveforms and signal characteristics.

UNIT II BIO-CHEMICAL AND NON ELECTRICAL PARAMETER MEASUREMENT

pH, PO2, PCO2, colorimeter, Auto analyzer, Blood flow meter, cardiac output, respiratory measurement, Blood pressure, temperature, pulse, Blood Cell Counters.

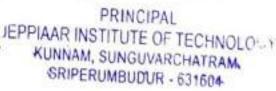
UNIT III ASSIST DEVICES

Cardiac pacemakers, DC Defibrillator, Dialyser, Heart lung machine

UNIT IV PHYSICAL MEDICINE AND BIOTELEMETRY

J.11/w

sonic and microwave type and their applications, Surgical Diathermy



Telemetry principles, frequency selection, biotelemetry, radiopill, electrical safety

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION

Thermograph, endoscopy unit, Laser in medicine, cryogenic application, Introduction to telemedicine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Discuss the application of electronics in diagnostic and therapeutic area.
- Measure biochemical and various physiological information.
- Describe the working of units which will help to restore normal functioning.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Leslie Cromwell, —Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurementll, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. John G.Webster, —Medical Instrumentation Application and DesignII, 3rd Edition, Wiley India Edition, 2007

REFERENCES:

- 1. Khandpur, R.S., —Handbook of Biomedical InstrumentationII, TATA Mc Graw-Hill, New Delhi,
- 2. Joseph J.Carr and John M.Brown, —Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technologyll, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2004. Visit & Downloaded from: www.LearnEngineering.in Visit & Downloaded from

EC6611

COMPUTER NETWORKS LABORATORY

0032

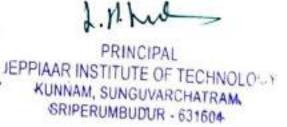
OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn to communicate between two desktop computers.
- Learn to implement the different protocols
- Be familiar with socket programming.
- Be familiar with the various routing algorithms
- Be familiar with simulation tools.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implementation of Error Detection / Error Correction Techniques
- 2. Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and sliding window
- 3. Implementation and study of Goback-N and selective repeat protocols
- 4. Implementation of High Level Data Link Control
- 5. Study of Socket Programming and Client Server model
- 6. Write a socket Program for Echo/Ping/Talk commands.
- 7. To create scenario and study the performance of network with CSMA / CA protocol and compare with CSMA/CD protocols.
- 8. Network Topology Star, Bus, Ring
- 9. Implementation of distance vector routing algorithm



LT PC

- 10. Implementation of Link state routing algorithm
- 11. Study of Network simulator (NS) and simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS
- 12. Encryption and decryption.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Communicate between two desktop computers.
- Implement the different protocols
- Program using sockets.
- Implement and compare the various routing algorithms
- Use simulation tool.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS SOFTWARE

- C / C++ / Java / Equivalent Compiler
- Network simulator like NS2/ NS3 / Glomosim/OPNET/ Equivalent

30

HARDWARE

Standalone desktops

30 Nos

EC6612

VLSI DESIGN LABORATORY

LT PC 0032

OBJECTIVES:

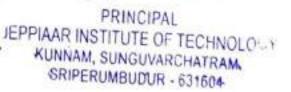
- To learn Hardware Descriptive Language(Verilog/VHDL)
- To learn the fundamental principles of VLSI circuit design in digital and analog domain
- To familiarise fusing of logical modules on FPGAs
- To provide hands on design experience with professional design (EDA) platforms.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS FPGA BASED EXPERIMENTS.

- 1. HDL based design entry and simulation of simple counters, state machines, adders (min 8 bit) and multipliers (4 bit min).
- 2. Synthesis, P&R and post P&R simulation of the components simulated in (I) above. Critical paths and static timing analysis results to be identified. Identify and verify possible conditions under which the blocks will fail to work correctly.
- 3. Hardware fusing and testing of each of the blocks simulated in (I). Use of either chipscope feature (Xilinx) or the signal tap feature (Altera) is a must. Invoke the PLL and demonstrate the use of the PLL module for clock generation in FPGAs.

IC DESIGN EXPERIMENTS: (BASED ON CADENCE / MENTOR GRAPHICS / EQUIVALENT)

- 4. Design and simulation of a simple 5 transistor differential amplifier. Measure gain, ICMR, and CMRR
- 5. Layout generation, parasitic extraction and resimulation of the circuit designed in (I)
- Synthogic and Standard cell based design of an circuits simulated in 1(I) above. Identification of umption.



- 7. For expt (c) above, P&R, power and clock routing, and post P&R simulation.
- 8. Analysis of results of static timing analysis.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Write HDL code for basic as well as advanced digital integrated circuits.
- Import the logic modules into FPGA Boards.
- Synthesize, Place and Route the digital IPs.
- Design, Simulate and Extract the layouts of Analog IC Blocks using EDA tools.

LAB EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENSTS:

Xilinx or Altera FPGA

10 nos

Xilinx software

Cadence/MAGMA/Tanner or equivalent software package 10 User License

PCs 10 No.s

GE6674 COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS- LABORATORY BASED

L T P C 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

To enable learners to,

- Develop their communicative competence in English with specific reference to speaking and listening
- Enhance their ability to communicate effectively in interviews.
- Strengthen their prospects of success in competitive examinations.

UNIT I LISTENING AND SPEAKING SKILLS

12

Conversational skills (formal and informal)- group discussion- making effective presentations using computers, listening/watching interviews conversations, documentaries. Listening to lectures, discussions from TV/ Radio/ Podcast.

UNIT II READING AND WRITING SKILLS

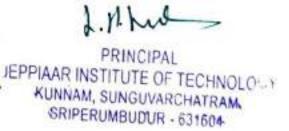
12

Reading different genres of tests ranging from newspapers to creative writing. Writing job applications-cover letter- resume- emails- letters- memos- reports. Writing abstracts- summaries- interpreting visual texts.

UNIT III ENGLISH FOR NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS AND PLACEMENTS

12

International English Language Testing System (IELTS) - Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) - Civil Service(Language related)- Verbal Ability.



Different types of Interview format- answering questions- offering information- mock interviews-body language(paralinguistic features)- articulation of sounds- intonation.

UNIT V SOFT SKILLS

12

Motivation- emotional intelligence-Multiple intelligences- emotional intelligence- managing changes-time management-stress management-leadership straits-team work- career planning - intercultural communication- creative and critical thinking

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Teaching Methods:

- 1. To be totally learner-centric with minimum teacher intervention as the course revolves around practice.
- 2. Suitable audio/video samples from Podcast/YouTube to be used for illustrative purposes.
- 3. Portfolio approach for writing to be followed. Learners are to be encouraged to blog, tweet, text and email employing appropriate language.
- 4. GD/Interview/Role Play/Debate could be conducted off the laboratory (in a regular classroom) but learners are to be exposed to telephonic interview and video conferencing.
- 5. Learners are to be assigned to read/write/listen/view materials outside the classroom as well for graining proficiency and better participation in the class.

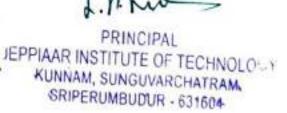
Lab Infrastructure:

Lab infrastructure:				
S. No.	Description of Equipment (minimum configuration)	Qty Required		
1	Server	1 No.		
	PIV System			
	• 1 GB RAM / 40 GB HDD			
	OS: Win 2000 server			
	 Audio card with headphones 			
	• JRE 1.3			
2	Client Systems	60 Nos.		
	PIII or above			
	 256 or 512 MB RAM / 40 GB HDD 			
	OS: Win 2000			
	 Audio card with headphones 			
	• JRE 1.3			
3	Handicam	1 No.		
4	Television 46"	1 No.		
5	Collar mike	1 No.		
6	Cordless mike	1 No.		
7	Audio Mixer	1 No.		
8	DVD recorder/player	1 No.		
9	LCD Projector with MP3/CD/DVD provision for	1 No.		
	Audio/video facility			

Evaluation:

Internal: 20 marks

Record maintenance: Students should write a report on a regular basis on the activities conducted, focusing on the details such as the description of the activity, ideas emerged, learning outcomes and so on. At the end of the semester records can be evaluated out of 20 marks.



Online Test - 35 marks
Interview - 15 marks
Presentation - 15 marks
Group Discussion - 15 marks

Note on Internal and External Evaluation:

- 1. Interview mock interview can be conducted on one-on-one basis.
- 2. Speaking example for role play:
 - a. Marketing engineer convincing a customer to buy his product.
 - b. Telephonic conversation- fixing an official appointment / placing an order / enquiring and so on.
- 3. Presentation should be extempore on simple topics.
- 4. Discussion topics of different kinds; general topics, and case studies.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners should be able to

- Take international examination such as IELTS and TOEFL
- Make presentations and Participate in Group Discussions.
- Successfully answer questions in interviews.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Business English Certificate Materials, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. **Graded Examinations in Spoken English and Spoken English for Work** downloadable materials from Trinity College, London.
- 3. International English Language Testing System Practice Tests, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Interactive Multimedia Programs on Managing Time and Stress.
- 5. Personality Development (CD-ROM), Times Multimedia, Mumbai.
- 6. Robert M Sherfield and et al. "**Developing Soft Skills**" 4th edition, New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.

Web Sources:

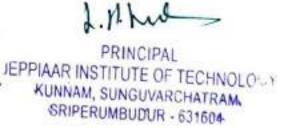
http://www.slideshare.net/rohitjsh/presentation-on-group-discussion

http://www.washington.edu/doit/TeamN/present_tips.html

http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/words/writing-job-applications

http://www.kent.ac.uk/careers/cv/coveringletters.htm

http://www.mindtools.com/pages/article/newCDV_34.htm



WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

LTP C300

AIM

To introduce the concepts of wireless / mobile communication using cellular environment. To make the students to know about the various modulation techniques, propagation methods, coding and multi access techniques used in the mobile communication. Various wireless network systems and standards are to be introduced.

OBJECTIVES:

- It deals with the fundamental cellular radio concepts such as frequency reuse and handoff. This also demonstrates the principle of trunking efficiency and how trunking and interference issues between mobile and base stations combine to affect the overall capacity of cellular systems.
- It presents different ways to radio propagation models and predict the large scale
 effects of radio propagation in many operating environment. This also covers small
 propagation effects such as fading, time delay spread and Doppler spread and
 describes how to measures and model the impact that signal bandwidth and motion
 have on the instantaneous received signal through the multi-path channel.
- It provides idea about analog and digital modulation techniques used in wireless communication.
- It also deals with the different types of equalization techniques and diversity concepts.. It provides an introduction to speech coding principles which have driven the development of adaptive pulse code modulation and linear predictive coding techniques.
- It deals with advanced transceiver schemes and second generation and third generation wireless networks.

UNIT I SERVICES AND TECHNICAL CHALLENGES

9

Types of Services, Requirements for the services, Multipath propagation, Spectrum Limitations, Noise and Interference limited systems, Principles of Cellular networks, Multiple Access Schemes.

UNIT II WIRELESS PROPAGATION CHANNELS

9

Propagation Mechanisms (Qualitative treatment), Propagation effects with mobile radio, Channel Classification, Link calculations, Narrowband and Wideband models.

UNIT III WIRELESS TRANSCEIVERS

9

Structure of a wireless communication link, Modulation and demodulation – Quadrature Phase Shift Keying, $\pi/4$ -Differential Quadrature Phase Shift Keying, Offset-Quadrature Phase Shift Keying, Binary Frequency Shift Keying, Minimum Shift Keying, Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying, Power spectrum and Error performance in fading channels.

UNIT IV SIGNAL PROCESSING IN WIRELESS SYSTEMS

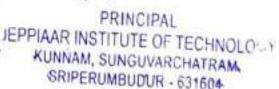
9

Principle of Diversity, Macrodiversity, Microdiversity, Signal Combining Techniques,

Transmit diversity Equalisers- Linear and Decision Feedback equalisers, Review of
ech coding techniques.

CED TRANSCEIVER SCHEMES

9



Spread Spectrum Systems- Cellular Code Division Multiple Access Systems- Principle, Power control, Effects of multipath propagation on Code Division Multiple Access, Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing – Principle, Cyclic Prefix, Transceiver implementation, Second Generation(GSM, IS-95) and Third Generation Wireless Networks and Standards

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Andreas.F. Molisch, "Wireless Communications", John Wiley India, 2006.
- 2. Simon Haykin & Michael Moher, "Modern Wireless Communications", Pearson Education. 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rappaport. T.S., "Wireless communications", Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Gordon L. Stuber, "Principles of Mobile Communication", Springer International Ltd., 2001.
- 3. Andrea Goldsmith, Wireless Communications, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

EC2402

OPTICAL COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING

LTPC 3003

AIM

- To introduce the various optical fiber modes, configurations and various signal degradation factors associated with optical fiber.
- To study about various optical sources and optical detectors and their use in the optical communication system. Finally to discuss about digital transmission and its associated parameters on system performance.

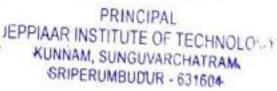
OBJECTIVES

- To learn the basic elements of optical fiber transmission link, fiber modes configurations and structures.
- To understand the different kind of losses, signal distortion in optical wave guides and other signal degradation factors. Design optimization of SM fibers, RI profile and cut-off wave length.
- To learn the various optical source materials, LED structures, quantum efficiency, Laser diodes and different fiber amplifiers.
- To learn the fiber optical receivers such as PIN APD diodes, noise performance in photo detector, receiver operation and configuration.
- To learn fiber slicing and connectors, noise effects on system performance, operational principles WDM and solutions.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction. Rav theory transmission- Total internal reflection-Acceptance angle –
ew rays – Electromagnetic mode theory of optical propagation –
anar guide – phase and group velocity – cylindrical fibers – SM



UNIT II TRANSMISSION CHARACTERISTICS OF OPTICAL FIBERS 9
Attenuation – Material absorption losses in silica glass fibers – Linear and Non linear Scattering losses - Fiber Bend losses – Midband and farband infra red transmission – Intra and inter Modal Dispersion – Over all Fiber Dispersion – Polarization- non linear Phenomena. Optical fiber connectors, Fiber alignment and Joint Losses – Fiber Splices – Fiber connectors – Expanded Beam Connectors – Fiber Couplers.

UNIT III SOURCES AND DETECTORS

9

Optical sources: Light Emitting Diodes - LED structures - surface and edge emitters, mono and hetero structures - internal - quantum efficiency, injection laser diode structures - comparison of LED and ILD

Optical Detectors: PIN Photo detectors, Avalanche photo diodes, construction, characteristics and properties, Comparison of performance, Photo detector noise -Noise sources, Signal to Noise ratio, Detector response time.

UNIT IV FIBER OPTIC RECEIVER AND MEASUREMENTS

9

Fundamental receiver operation, Pre amplifiers, Error sources – Receiver Configuration – Probability of Error – Quantum limit.

Fiber Attenuation measurements- Dispersion measurements – Fiber Refractive index profile measurements – Fiber cut- off Wave length Measurements – Fiber Numerical Aperture Measurements – Fiber diameter measurements.

UNIT V OPTICAL NETWORKS

9

Basic Networks – SONET / SDH – Broadcast – and –select WDM Networks – Wavelength Routed Networks – Non linear effects on Network performance – Performance of WDM + EDFA system – Solitons – Optical CDMA – Ultra High Capacity Networks.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

- Optical Fiber Communication John M. Senior Pearson Education Second Edition. 2007
- 2. Optical Fiber Communication Gerd Keiser Mc Graw Hill Third Edition. 2000

REFERENCES

- 1. J.Gower, "Optical Communication System", Prentice Hall of India, 2001
- 2. Rajiv Ramaswami, "Optical Networks", Second Edition, Elsevier, 2004.
- 3. Govind P. Agrawal, "Fiber-optic communication systems", third edition, John Wiley & sons, 2004.
- 4. R.P. Khare, "Fiber Optics and Optoelectronics", Oxford University Press, 2007.

EC2403

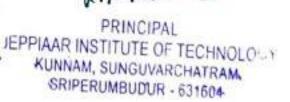
RF AND MICROWAVE ENGINEERING

LTP C

3003

AIM:

To enable the student to become familiar with active & passive microwave devices & rowave communication systems.



- To study about multi- port RF networks and RF transistor amplifiers
- To study passive microwave components and their S- Parameters.
- To study Microwave semiconductor devices & applications.
- To study Microwave sources and amplifiers.

UNIT I TWO PORT RF NETWORKS-CIRCUIT REPRESENTATION

Low frequency parameters-impedance ,admittance, hybrid and ABCD. High frequency parameters-Formulation of S parameters, properties of S parameters-Reciprocal and lossless networks, transmission matrix, Introduction to component basics, wire, resistor, capacitor and inductor, applications of RF

UNIT II RFTRANSISTOR AMPLIFIER DESIGN AND MATCHING NETWORKS 9

Amplifier power relation, stability considerations, gain considerations noise figure, impedance matching networks, frequency response, T and Π matching networks, microstripline matching networks

UNIT III MICROWAVE PASSIVE COMPONENTS

9

Microwave frequency range, significance of microwave frequency range - applications of microwaves. Scattering matrix -Concept of N port scattering matrix representation-Properties of S matrix- S matrix formulation of two-port junction. Microwave junctions - Tee junctions - Magic Tee - Rat race - Corners - bends and twists - Directional couplers - two hole directional couplers- Ferrites - important microwave properties and applications - Termination - Gyrator- Isolator-Circulator - Attenuator - Phase changer - S Matrix for microwave components - Cylindrical cavity resonators.

UNIT IV MICROWAVE SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

9

Microwave semiconductor devices- operation - characteristics and application of BJTs and FETs -Principles of tunnel diodes - Varactor and Step recovery diodes - Transferred Electron Devices -Gunn diode- Avalanche Transit time devices- IMPATT and TRAPATT devices. Parametric devices -Principles of operation - applications of parametric amplifier .Microwave monolithic integrated circuit (MMIC) - Materials and fabrication techniques

UNIT V MICROWAVE TUBES AND MEASUREMENTS

9

Microwave tubes- High frequency limitations - Principle of operation of Multicavity Klystron, Reflex Klystron, Traveling Wave Tube, Magnetron. Microwave measurements: Measurement of power, wavelength, impedance, SWR, attenuation, Q and Phase shift.

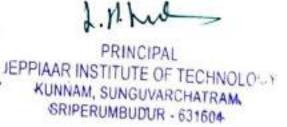
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Samuel Y Liao, "Microwave Devices & Circuits", Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. Reinhold.Ludwig and Pavel Bretshko 'RF Circuit Design", Pearson Education, Inc., 2006

REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert. E.Collin-Foundation of Microwave Engg –Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Annapurna Das and Sisir K Das, "Microwave Engineering", Tata Mc Graw Hill Inc., 2004.
- 3. M.M.Radmanesh , RF & Microwave Electronics Illustrated, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. Robert E.Colin, 2ed "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2001
- 5. D.M.Pozar, "Microwave Engineering.", John Wiley & sons, Inc., 2006.



LT PC 3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of manufacturing and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - Definition of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM.

UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES

9

Leadership – Strategic quality planning, Quality statements - Customer focus – Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement – PDSA cycle, 5s, Kaizen - Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I

9

The seven traditional tools of quality – New management tools – Six-sigma: Concepts, methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT – Bench marking – Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process – FMEA – Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II

9

Quality circles – Quality Function Deployment (QFD) – Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Cost of Quality – Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS

q

Need for ISO 9000- ISO 9000-2000 Quality System – Elements, Documentation, Quality auditing- QS 9000 – ISO 14000 – Concepts, Requirements and Benefits – Case studies of TQM implementation in manufacturing and service sectors including IT.

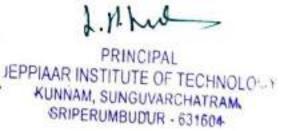
TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK

1. Dale H.Besterfiled, et at., "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, 3rd Edition, Indian Reprint (2006).

REFERENCES

- 1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 6th Edition, South-Western (Thomson Learning), 2005.
- 2. Oakland, J.S., "TQM Text with Cases", Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- 3. Suganthi,L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2006.
- 4. Janakiraman, B and Gopal, R.K, "Total Quality Management Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.



LTP C300

3

AIM

To highlight the features of different technologies involved in High Speed Networking and their performance.

OBJECTIVES

- Students will get an introduction about ATM and Frame relay.
- Students will be provided with an up-to-date survey of developments in High Speed Networks.
- Enable the students to know techniques involved to support real-time traffic and congestion control.
- Students will be provided with different levels of quality of service (Q.S) to different applications.

UNIT I HIGH SPEED NETWORKS

9

Frame Relay Networks – Asynchronous transfer mode – ATM Protocol Architecture, ATM logical Connection, ATM Cell – ATM Service Categories – AAL, High Speed LANs: Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, Fiber Channel – Wireless LANs: applications, requirements – Architecture of 802.11

UNIT II CONGESTION AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

8

Queuing Analysis- Queuing Models – Single Server Queues – Effects of Congestion – Congestion Control – Traffic Management – Congestion Control in Packet Switching Networks – Frame Relay Congestion Control.

UNIT III TCP AND ATM CONGESTION CONTROL

11

TCP Flow control – TCP Congestion Control – Retransmission – Timer Management – Exponential RTO backoff – KARN's Algorithm – Window management – Performance of TCP over ATM. Traffic and Congestion control in ATM – Requirements – Attributes – Traffic Management Frame work, Traffic Control – ABR traffic Management – ABR rate control, RM cell formats, ABR Capacity allocations – GFR traffic management.

UNIT IV INTEGRATED AND DIFFERENTIATED SERVICES

8

Integrated Services Architecture – Approach, Components, Services- Queuing Discipline, FQ, PS, BRFQ, GPS, WFQ – Random Early Detection, Differentiated Services

UNIT V PROTOCOLS FOR QOS SUPPORT

9

RSVP – Goals & Characteristics, Data Flow, RSVP operations, Protocol Mechanisms – Multiprotocol Label Switching – Operations, Label Stacking, Protocol details – RTP – Protocol Architecture, Data Transfer Protocol, RTCP.

TEXT BOOK

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

1. William Stallings, "HIGH SPEED NETWORKS AND INTERNET", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2002.

PRINCIPAL
JEPPIAAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
KUNNAM, SUNGUVARCHATRAM,
SRIPERUMBUDUR - 631604

ijya, "High performance communication networks", Second

Edition, Jean Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd., , 2001.

- 2. Irvan Pepelnjk, Jim Guichard, Jeff Apcar, "MPLS and VPN architecture", Cisco Press, Volume 1 and 2, 2003.
- 3. Abhijit S. Pandya, Ercan Sea, "ATM Technology for Broad Band Telecommunication Networks", CRC Press, New York, 2004.

EC2029

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

LTPC 3003

AIM

To introduce the student to various image processing techniques.

OBJECTIVES

- To study the image fundamentals and mathematical transforms necessary for image processing.
- To study the image enhancement techniques
- To study image restoration procedures.
- To study the image compression procedures.
- To study the image segmentation and representation techniques.

UNIT I DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS

Elements of digital image processing systems, Vidicon and Digital Camera working principles, Elements of visual perception, brightness, contrast, hue, saturation, mach band effect, Color image fundamentals - RGB, HSI models, Image sampling, Quantization, dither, Two-dimensional mathematical preliminaries, 2D transforms - DFT, DCT, KLT, SVD.

UNIT II **IMAGE ENHANCEMENT**

9

Histogram equalization and specification techniques, Noise distributions, Spatial averaging, Directional Smoothing, Median, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean, Contraharmonic mean filters, Homomorphic filtering, Color image enhancement.

UNIT III **IMAGE RESTORATION**

Image Restoration - degradation model, Unconstrained restoration - Lagrange multiplier and Constrained restoration, Inverse filtering-removal of blur caused by uniform linear motion, Wiener filtering, Geometric transformations-spatial transformations.

UNIT IV IMAGE SEGMENTATION

Edge detection, Edge linking via Hough transform - Thresholding - Region based segmentation - Region growing - Region splitting and Merging - Segmentation by morphological watersheds - basic concepts - Dam construction - Watershed segmentation algorithm.

UNIT V IMAGE COMPRESSION

9

Need for data compression, Huffman, Run Length Encoding, Shift codes, Arithmetic coding, Vector Quantization, Transform coding, JPEG standard, MPEG.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOK

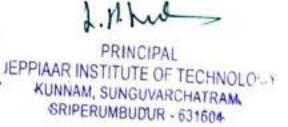
1. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, , Digital Image Processing', Pearson,

nentals of Digital Image Processing', Pearson 2002.

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REFERENCES

- 1. Kenneth R. Castleman, Digital Image Processing, Pearson, 2006.
- 2. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins,' Digital Image Processing using MATLAB', Pearson Education, Inc., 2004.
- 3. D,E. Dudgeon and RM. Mersereau, , Multidimensional Digital Signal Processing', Prentice Hall Professional Technical Reference, 1990.
- 4. William K. Pratt, , Digital Image Processing' , John Wiley, New York, 2002
- 5. Milan Sonka et al, 'IMAGE PROCESSING, ANALYSIS AND MACHINE VISION', Brookes/Cole, Vikas Publishing House, 2nd edition, 1999,



1. Design of a 4-20 mA transmitter for a bridge type transducer.

Design the Instrumentation amplifier with the bridge type transducer (Thermistor or any resistance variation transducers) and convert the amplified voltage from the instrumentation amplifier to $4-20\,$ mA current using op-amp. Plot the variation of the temperature Vs output current.

2. Design of AC/DC voltage regulator using SCR

Design a phase controlled voltage regulator using full wave rectifier and SCR, vary the conduction angle and plot the output voltage.

3. Design of process control timer

Design a sequential timer to switch on & off at least 3 relays in a particular sequence using timer IC.

4. Design of AM / FM modulator / demodulator

Design AM signal using multiplier IC for the given carrier frequency and modulation index and demodulate the AM signal using envelope detector. Design FM signal using VCO IC NE566 for the given carrier frequency and demodulate the same using PLL NE 565.

Design of Wireless data modem.

Design a FSK modulator using 555/XR 2206 and convert it to sine wave using filter and transmit the same using IR LED and demodulate the same PLL NE 565/XR 2212.

PCB layout design using CAD

Drawing the schematic of simple electronic circuit and design of PCB layout using CAD

7. Microcontroller based systems design

Design of microcontroller based system for simple applications like security systems combination lock.

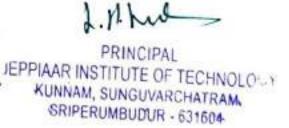
8. DSP based system design

Design a DSP based system for echo cancellation, using TMS/ADSP DSP kit.

9. Psuedo-random Sequence Generator

11. Arithmetic Logic Unit Design

Note: Kits should not be used. Instead each experiment may be given as mini project.



EC2405 OPTICAL & MICROWAVE LAB LTPC

0032

MICROWAVE EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Reflex Klystron Mode characteristics
- 2. Gunn Diode Characteristics
- 3. VSWR, Frequency and Wave Length Measurement
- 4. Directional Coupler Directivity and Coupling Coefficient S
 - parameter measurement
- 5. Isolator and Circulator S parameter measurement
- 6. Attenuation and Power measurement
- 7. S matrix Characterization of E-Plane T, H-Plane T and Magic T.
- 8. Radiation Pattern of Antennas.
- 9. Antenna Gain Measurement

OPTICAL EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. DC characteristics of LED and PIN Photo Diode.
- 2. Mode Characteristics of Fibers
- 3. Measurement of Connector and Bending Losses.
- 4. Fiber Optic Analog and Digital Link
- 5. Numerical Aperture Determination for Fibers
- 6. Attenuation Measurement in Fibers

EC2042 P C

EMBEDDED AND REAL TIME SYSTEMS

LT

AIM

3 0 0 3

To give sufficient background for undertaking embedded and real time systems design.

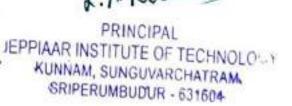
OBJECTIVES

- To introduce students to the embedded systems, its hardware and software.
- To introduce devices and buses used for embedded networking.
- To explain programming concepts and embedded programming in C and C++.
- To explain real time operating systems and inter-task communication.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED COMPUTING

9

Complex systems and microprocessors – Design example: Model train controller – Embedded system design process – Formalism for system design – Instruction sets Preliminaries – ARM Processor – CPU: Programming input and output – Supervisor mode, exception and traps – Coprocessor – Memory evetem mechanism – CPU performance – CPU power consumption.



UNIT II COMPUTING PLATFORM AND DESIGN ANALYSIS

CPU buses – Memory devices – I/O devices – Component interfacing – Design with microprocessors – Development and Debugging – Program design – Model of programs

 Assembly and Linking – Basic compilation techniques – Analysis and optimization ofexecution time, power, energy, program size – Program validation and testing.

UNIT III PROCESS AND OPERATING SYSTEMS

9

9

Multiple tasks and multi processes – Processes – Context Switching – Operating Systems –Scheduling policies - Multiprocessor – Inter Process Communication mechanisms – Evaluating operating system performance – Power optimization strategies for processes.

UNIT IV HARDWARE ACCELERATES & NETWORKS

9

Accelerators – Accelerated system design – Distributed Embedded Architecture –Networks for Embedded Systems – Network based design – Internet enabled systems.

UNIT V CASE STUDY

9

Hardware and software co-design - Data Compressor - Software Modem - Personal Digital Assistants - Set-Top-Box. - System-on-Silicon - FOSS Tools for embedded system development.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Wayne Wolf, "Computers as Components - Principles of Embedded ComputerSystem Design", Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. David E-Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Pearson Education, 2007.
- K.V.K.K.Prasad, "Embedded Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design &Programming", dreamtech press, 2005.
- 3. Tim Wilmshurst, "An Introduction to the Design of Small Scale Embedded Systems", Pal grave Publisher, 2004.
- 4. Sriram V Iyer, Pankaj Gupta, "Embedded Real Time Systems Programming", TataMc-Graw Hill, 2004.
- 5. Tammy Noergaard, "Embedded Systems Architecture", Elsevier, 2006.

EC2045

SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

L T PC 3 0 0 3

AIM

To enable the student to become familiar with satellites and satellite services.

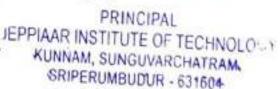
OBJECTIVES

- Overview of satellite systems in relation to other terrestrial systems.
- Study of satellite orbits and launching.
- Study of earth segment and space segment components
- Study of satellite access by various users.
- Study of DTH and compression standards.

J.11/w

LITE ORBITS

8



Kepler's Laws, Newton's law, orbital parameters, orbital perturbations, station keeping, geo stationary and non Geo-stationary orbits – Look Angle Determination- Limits of visibility –eclipse-Sub satellite point –Sun transit outage-Launching Procedures - launch vehicles and propulsion.

UNIT II SPACE SEGMENT AND SATELLITE LINK DESIGN

12

Spacecraft Technology- Structure, Primary power, Attitude and Orbit control, Thermal control and Propulsion, communication Payload and supporting subsystems, Telemetry, Tracking and command. Satellite uplink and downlink Analysis and Design, link budget, E/N calculation- performance impairments-system noise, inter modulation and interference, Propagation Characteristics and Frequency considerations- Systemreliability and design lifetime.

UNIT III SATELLITE ACCESS:

10

Modulation and Multiplexing: Voice, Data, Video, Analog – digital transmission system, Digital video Brocast, multiple access: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, Assignment Methods, Spread Spectrum communication, compression – encryption

UNIT IV EARTH SEGMENT

5

Earth Station Technology-- Terrestrial Interface, Transmitter and Receiver, Antenna Systems TVRO, MATV, CATV, Test Equipment Measurements on G/T, C/No, EIRP, Antenna Gain.

UNIT V SATELLITE APPLICATIONS

10

INTELSAT Series, INSAT, VSAT, Mobile satellite services: GSM, GPS, INMARSAT, LEO, MEO, Satellite Navigational System. Direct Broadcast satellites (DBS)- Direct to home Broadcast (DTH), Digital audio broadcast (DAB)- Worldspace services, Business TV(BTV), GRAMSAT, Specialized services – E –mail, Video conferencing, Internet

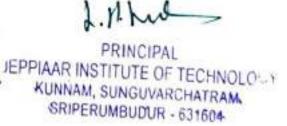
TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Dennis Roddy, 'Satellite Communication', McGraw Hill International, 4th Edition, 2006.
- 2. Wilbur L. Pritchard, Hendri G. Suyderhoud, Robert A. Nelson, 'SatelliteCommunication Systems Engineering', Prentice Hall/Pearson, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. N.Agarwal, 'Design of Geosynchronous Space Craft, Prentice Hall, 1986.
- 2. Bruce R. Elbert, 'The Satellite Communication Applications' Hand Book, ArtechHouseBostan London, 1997.
- 3. Tri T. Ha, 'Digital Satellite Communication', II edition, 1990.
- 4. Emanuel Fthenakis, 'Manual of Satellite Communications', McGraw Hill Book Co.,1984.
- Robert G. Winch, 'Telecommunication Trans Mission Systems', McGraw-Hill BookCo., 1983.
- 6. Brian Ackroyd, 'World Satellite Communication and earth station Design', BSPprofessional Books, 1990.
- 7. G.B.Bleazard, 'Introducing Satellite communications NCC Publication, 1985.
- 8. M.Richharia, 'Satellite Communication Systems-Design Principles' Macmillan 2003



OBJECTIVES:

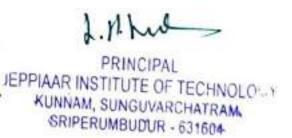
• To develop the ability to solve a specific problem right from its identification and literature review till the successful solution of the same. To train the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva voce examination.

The students in a group of 3 to 4 works on a topic approved by the head of the department under the guidance of a faculty member and prepares a comprehensive project report after completing the workto the satisfaction of the supervisor. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

TOTAL: 180 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 On Completion of the project work students will be in a position to take up any challengingpractical problems and find solution by formulating proper methodology.



MECH

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable learners of Engineering and Technology develop their basic communication skills in English.
- To emphasize specially the development of speaking skills amongst learners of Engineering and Technology.
- To ensure that learners use the electronic media such as internet and supplement the learning materials used in the classroom.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and writing leading to effective and efficient communication.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening to audio (verbal & sounds); Speaking - Speaking about one's place, important festivals etc. - Introducing oneself, one's family / friend; Reading - Skimming a reading passage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing - Free writing on any given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.) - Sentence completion - Autobiographical writing (writing about one's leisure time activities, hometown, etc.); Grammar - Prepositions - Reference words - Wh-questions - Tenses (Simple); Vocabulary - Word formation - Word expansion (root words / etymology); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar & Vocabulary - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to audio files and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening and responding to video lectures / talks; Speaking - Describing a simple process (filling a form, etc.) - Asking and answering questions - Telephone skills - Telephone etiquette; Reading - Critical reading - Finding key information in a given text - Sifting facts from opinions; Writing - Biographical writing (place, people) - Process descriptions (general/specific) - Definitions - Recommendations - Instructions; Grammar - Use of imperatives - Subject-verb agreement; Vocabulary - Compound words - Word Association (connotation); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening exercises with sample telephone conversations / lectures - Picture-based activities.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to specific task - focused audio tracks; Speaking - Role-play - Simulation - Group interaction - Speaking in formal situations (teachers, officials, foreigners); Reading - Reading and interpreting visual material; Writing - Jumbled sentences - Coherence and cohesion in writing - Channel conversion (flowchart into process) - Types of paragraph (cause and effect / compare and contrast / narrative / analytical) - Informal writing (letter/e-mail/blogs) - Paraphrasing; Grammar - Tenses (Past) - Use of sequence words - Adjectives; Vocabulary - Different forms and uses of words, Cause and effect words; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Excerpts from films related to the theme and follow up exercises - Pictures of flow charts and tables for interpretations.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Watching videos / documentaries and responding to questions based on them; Speaking - Responding to questions - Different forms of interviews - Speaking at different types of interviews; Reading - Making inference from the reading passage - Predicting the content of a reading passage; Writing - Interpreting visual materials (line graphs, pie charts etc.) - Essay writing - Different types of essays; Grammar - Adverbs - Tenses - future time reference; Vocabulary - Single word substitutes - Use of abbreviations and acronyms; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sample interviews - film scenes - dialogue writing.



UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Listening to different accents, Listening to Speeches/Presentations, Listening to broadcast and telecast from Radio and TV; Speaking - Giving impromptu talks, Making presentations on given topics; Reading - Email communication - Reading the attachment files having a poem/joke/proverb - Sending their responses through email; Writing - Creative writing, Poster making; Grammar - Direct and indirect speech; Vocabulary - Lexical items (fixed / semi fixed expressions); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sending emails with attachment – Audio / video excerpts of different accents - Interpreting posters.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to

- Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Raman, Meenakshi & Sangeetha Sharma. Technical Communication: Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press, New Delhi. 2011.
- 2. Regional Institute of English. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi. 2006.
- 3. Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Rutherford, Andrea. J Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson, New Delhi. 2001.
- 5. Viswamohan, Aysha. English for Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2008.

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

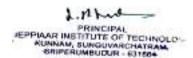
1. Kalam, Abdul. Wings of Fire. Universities Press, Hyderabad. 1999.

WEBSITES:

- 1. http://www.usingenglish.com
- 2. http://www.uefap.com

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like self introduction, peer introduction, group poster making, grammar and vocabulary games, etc.
- Discussions
- Role play activities
- Short presentations
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussion, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc.



EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Reviews
- Creative writing
- Poster making, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual speaking activities, Pair work activities like role play, Interview, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions graded from simple to complex, from direct to inferential
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing paragraphs, essays etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6151 MATHEMATICS – I

LT P C 310 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques this is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To make the student knowledgeable in the area of infinite series and their convergence so that he/ she will be familiar with limitations of using infinite series approximations for solutions arising in mathematical modeling.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches of engineering.
- To introduce the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in engineering applications.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

UNIT I MATRICES 9+3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Statement and applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem – Diagonalization of matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms.

UNIT II SEQUENCES AND SERIES

9+3

Sequences: Definition and examples – Series: Types and Convergence – Series of positive terms – Tests of convergence: Comparison test, Integral test and D'Alembert's ratio test – Alternating series – Leibnitz's test – Series of positive and negative terms – Absolute and conditional convergence.



UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

9+3

Curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates – Centre and radius of curvature – Circle of curvature – Evolutes – Envelopes - Evolute as envelope of normals.

UNIT IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

9+3

Limits and Continuity – Partial derivatives – Total derivative – Differentiation of implicit functions – Jacobian and properties – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9+3

Double integrals in cartesian and polar coordinates – Change of order of integration – Area enclosed by plane curves – Change of variables in double integrals – Area of a curved surface - Triple integrals – Volume of Solids.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 This course equips students to have basic knowledge and understanding in one fields of materials, integral and differential calculus.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

PH6151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

 To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.

UNIT I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

9

Lattice – Unit cell – Bravais lattice – Lattice planes – Miller indices – d spacing in cubic lattice – Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell – Atomic radius – Coordination number – Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures – Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment) - Crystal growth techniques –solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)



UNIT II PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS

9

Elasticity- Hooke's law - Relationship between three modulii of elasticity (qualitative) – stress -strain diagram – Poisson's ratio –Factors affecting elasticity –Bending moment – Depression of a cantilever –Young's modulus by uniform bending- I-shaped girders

Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton's law of cooling - Linear heat flow - Lee's disc method - Radial heat flow - Rubber tube method - conduction through compound media (series and parallel)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation – Planck's theory (derivation) – Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh – Jeans' Law from Planck's theory – Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification – Properties of Matter waves – G.P Thomson experiment -Schrödinger's wave equation – Time independent and time dependent equations – Physical significance of wave function – Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope - Transmission electron microscope.

UNIT IV ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS

9

Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber–Fechner law – Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method – Absorption Coefficient and its determination –factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing - pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C - scan displays, Medical applications - Sonogram

UNIT V PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS

9

Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion -Einstein's A and B coefficients - derivation. Types of lasers – Nd:YAG, CO₂, Semiconductor lasers (homojunction & heterojunction)-Industrial and Medical Applications.

Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres – Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – attenuation, dispersion, bending - Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The students will have knowledge on the basics of physics related to properties of matter, optics, acoustics etc., and they will apply these fundamental principles to solve practical problems related to materials used for engineering applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M. Engineering Physics. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L. Engineering Physics. Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2009
- Mani Naidu S. Engineering Physics, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Searls and Zemansky. University Physics, 2009
- 2. Mani P. Engineering Physics I. Dhanam Publications, 2011
- 3. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009
- 4. Palanisamy P.K. Engineering Physics. SCITECH Publications, 2011
- 5. Rajagopal K. Engineering Physics. PHI, New Delhi, 2011
- 6. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics I. VRB Publishers, 2011.



OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with basics of polymer chemistry.
- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of second law of thermodynamics and second law based derivations of importance in engineering applications in all disciplines.
- To acquaint the student with concepts of important photophysical and photochemical processes and spectroscopy.
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.
- To acquaint the students with the basics of nano materials, their properties and applications.

UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction: Classification of polymers – Natural and synthetic; Thermoplastic and Thermosetting. Functionality – Degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization: Addition (Free Radical, cationic and anionic); condensation and copolymerization. Properties of polymers: Tg, Tacticity, Molecular weight – weight average, number average and polydispersity index. Techniques of polymerization: Bulk, emulsion, solution and suspension. Preparation, properties and uses of Nylon 6,6, and Epoxy resin.

UNIT II CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS

9

Terminology of thermodynamics - Second law: Entropy - entropy change for an ideal gas, reversible and irreversible processes; entropy of phase transitions; Clausius inequality. Free energy and work function: Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy functions (problems); Criteria of spontaneity; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation (problems); Clausius-Clapeyron equation; Maxwell relations – Van't Hoff isotherm and isochore(problems).

UNIT III PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY

9

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Quantum efficiency - determination- Photo processes - Internal Conversion, Intersystem crossing, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescence and Photo-sensitization. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - Absorption of radiation - Electronic, Vibrational and rotational transitions. UV-visible and IR spectroscopy - principles, instrumentation (Block diagram only).

UNIT IV PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS

9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, One Component System- watersystem - Reduced phase rule - Two Component Systems- classification - lead-silver system, zinc-magnesium system. Alloys: Introduction- Definition- Properties of alloys- Significance of alloying, Functions and effect of alloying elements- Ferrous alloys- Nichrome and Stainless steel - heat treatment of steel; Non-ferrous alloys - brass and bronze.

UNIT V NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Basics - distinction between molecules, nanoparticles and bulk materials; size-dependent properties. Nanoparticles: nano cluster, nano rod, nanotube(CNT) and nanowire. Synthesis: precipitation, thermolysis, hydrothermal, solvothermal, electrode position, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation; Properties and applications

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The knowledge gained on polymer chemistry, thermodynamics. spectroscopy, phase rule and nano materials will provide a strong platform to understand the concepts on these subjects for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain P.C. and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
- 2. Kannan P., Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dara S.S, Umare S.S, "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi 2010
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Gowariker V.R., Viswanathan N.V. and JayadevSreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International P (Ltd..), Chennai, 2006.
- 4. Ozin G. A. and Arsenault A. C., "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", RSC Publishing, 2005.

GE6151

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Learn the organization of a digital computer.
- Be exposed to the number systems.
- Learn to think logically and write pseudo code or draw flow charts for problems.
- Be exposed to the syntax of C.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use arrays, strings, functions, pointers, structures and unions in C.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Generation and Classification of Computers- Basic Organization of a Computer –Number System – Binary – Decimal – Conversion – Problems. Need for logical analysis and thinking – Algorithm – Pseudo code – Flow Chart.

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING BASICS

10

Problem formulation – Problem Solving - Introduction to 'C' programming –fundamentals – structure of a 'C' program – compilation and linking processes – Constants, Variables – Data Types – Expressions using operators in 'C' – Managing Input and Output operations – Decision Making and Branching – Looping statements – solving simple scientific and statistical problems.

UNIT III ARRAYS AND STRINGS

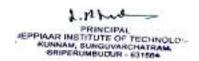
9

Arrays – Initialization – Declaration – One dimensional and Two dimensional arrays. String- String operations – String Arrays. Simple programs- sorting- searching – matrix operations.

UNIT IV FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS

9

Function – definition of function – Declaration of function – Pass by value – Pass by reference – Recursion – Pointers - Definition – Initialization – Pointers arithmetic – Pointers and arrays- Example Problems.



UNIT V STRUCTURES AND UNIONS

9

Introduction – need for structure data type – structure definition – Structure declaration – Structure within a structure - Union - Programs using structures and Unions – Storage classes, Pre-processor directives.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design C Programs for problems.
- Write and execute C programs for simple applications.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, 2011.
- 2. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Fundamentals of Computing and Programming in C", First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009
- 3. Yashavant P. Kanetkar. "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill. 2006.
- 2. Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007.
- 3. Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie, D.M, "The C Programming language", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

GE6152

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

LT P C 2 0 3 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in students, graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of Engineering products.
- T o expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

1

Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments – BIS conventions and specifications – Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets – Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING

5+9

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method – Construction of cycloid – construction of involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves, Scales: Construction of Diagonal and Vernier scales.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles –Representation of Three Dimensional objects – Layout of views- Free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

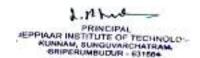
UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

5+9

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

5+9



Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

5+9

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS

6+9

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale –lsometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions and miscellaneous problems. Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method .

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (Demonstration Only)

3

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration of their use.

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to

- perform free hand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of objects.
- do orthographic projection of lines and plane surfaces.
- draw projections and solids and development of surfaces.
- prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.
- demonstrate computer aided drafting.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 50th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2007.
- 2. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff,John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.
- 5. Natrajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- 6. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.

Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- 1. IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- 2. IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- 3. IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- 4. IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003: Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.



5. IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) – 2001: Technical drawings – Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- 1. There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- 3. The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
- 4. The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

GE6161

COMPUTER PRACTICES LABORATORY

LT P C 003 2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with the use of Office software.
- Be exposed to presentation and visualization tools.
- Be exposed to problem solving techniques and flow charts.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use Arrays, strings, functions, structures and unions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Search, generate, manipulate data using MS office/ Open Office
- 2. Presentation and Visualization graphs, charts, 2D, 3D
- 3. Problem formulation, Problem Solving and Flowcharts
- 4. C Programming using Simple statements and expressions
- 5. Scientific problem solving using decision making and looping.
- 6. Simple programming for one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.
- 7. Solving problems using String functions
- 8. Programs with user defined functions Includes Parameter Passing
- Program using Recursive Function and conversion from given program to flow chart.
- 10. Program using structures and unions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Design and implement C programs for simple applications.
- Develop recursive programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

(or)

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.



GE6162

ENGINEERING PRACTICES LABORATORY

LT P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES:

 To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

9

Buildings:

(a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.

(e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.
- (b) Gas welding practice

Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making Trays, funnels, etc.
- (c) Different type of joints.

Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

(a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example – Exercise – Production of hexagonal headed bolt.

- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and vee fitting models.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

10

- 1. Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- 4. Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & powerfactor in RLC circuit.
- 5. Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- 6. Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

V ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

- 1. Study of Electronic components and equipments Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.
- 2. Study of logic gates AND, OR, EOR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- 4. Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB.
- 5. Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- ability to use welding equipments to join the structures.
- ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jeyachandran K., Natarajan S. & Balasubramanian S., "A Primer on Engineering Practices Laboratory", Anuradha Publications, 2007.
- 2. Jeyapoovan T., Saravanapandian M. & Pranitha S., "Engineering Practices Lab Manual", Vikas Puplishing House Pvt.Ltd, 2006.
- 3. Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2007.
- 4. Rajendra Prasad A. & Sarma P.M.M.S., "Workshop Practice", Sree Sai Publication, 2002.
- 5. Kannaiah P. & Narayana K.L., "Manual on Workshop Practice", Scitech Publications, 1999.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

CIVIL

1. Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs an	
other fittings.	15 Sets.
2. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench)	15 Nos.
3. Standard woodworking tools	15 Sets.
4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints	5 each
5. Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer	2 Nos
(b) Demolition Hammer	2 Nos
(c) Circular Saw	2 Nos
(d) Planer	2 Nos
(e) Hand Drilling Machine	2 Nos
(f) Jigsaw	2 Nos



MECHANICAL

 Arc welding transformer with cables and holders Welding booth with exhaust facility Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer, wire brush, etc. Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other welding outfit. 	5 Nos.5 Nos.5 Sets.2 Nos.
 5. Centre lathe 6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools 7. Moulding table, foundry tools 8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder 9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner 	2 Nos. 2 Sets. 2 Sets. 2 Nos ne each.
1. Assorted electrical components for house wiring 2. Electrical measuring instruments 3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergency la 4. Megger (250V/500V) 5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder (b) Digital Live-wire detector	15 Sets 10 Sets amp 1 each 1 No. 2 Nos 2 Nos
ELECTRONICS	
 Soldering guns Assorted electronic components for making circuits Small PCBs Multimeters Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage power supply 	10 Nos. 50 Nos. 10 Nos. 10 Nos.

GE6163

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY – I

L T P C 0 0 2 1

PHYSICS LABORATORY - I

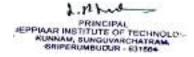
OBJECTIVES:

To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. (a) Determination of Wavelength, and particle size using Laser
 - (b) Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.
- 2. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic interferometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum spectrometer grating
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Lee's Disc method.
- 5. Determination of Young's modulus by Non uniform bending method
- 6. Determination of specific resistance of a given coil of wire Carey Foster's Bridge



OUTCOMES:

The hands on exercises undergone by the students will help them to apply physics principles
of optics and thermal physics to evaluate engineering properties of materials.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Diode laser, lycopodium powder, glass plate, optical fiber.
- 2. Ultrasonic interferometer
- 3. Spectrometer, mercury lamp, grating
- 4. Lee's Disc experimental set up
- 5. Traveling microscope, meter scale, knife edge, weights
- 6. Carey foster's bridge set up (vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY-I

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric and instrumental analysis.
- To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by vacometry.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1 Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
- 2 Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method.
- 3 Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
- 4 Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter.
- 5 Estimation of iron content of the water sample using spectrophotometer. (1,10- phenanthroline / thiocyanate method).
- 6 Determination of molecular weight of polyvinylalcohol using Ostwald viscometer.
- 7 Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base.

OUTCOMES:

 The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 2001.
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry", LBS Singapore 1994.
- 3. Jeffery G.H., Bassett J., Mendham J.and Denny vogel's R.C, "Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M., Sandell E.B. et al. "Quantitative chemical analysis", Mcmillan, Madras 1980.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

lodine flask - 30 Nos
 pH meter - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos
 Spectrophotometer - 5 Nos
 Ostwald Viscometer - 10 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (each 30 Nos.)



TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES:

- To make learners acquire listening and speaking skills in both formal and informal contexts.
- To help them develop their reading skills by familiarizing them with different types of reading strategies.
- To equip them with writing skills needed for academic as well as workplace contexts.
- To make them acquire language skills at their own pace by using e-materials and language lab components.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Listening to informal conversations and participating; Speaking - Opening a conversation (greetings, comments on topics like weather) - Turn taking - Closing a conversation (excuses, general wish, positive comment, thanks); Reading - Developing analytical skills, Deductive and inductive reasoning - Extensive reading; Writing - Effective use of SMS for sending short notes and messages - Using 'emoticons' as symbols in email messages; Grammar - Regular and irregular verbs - Active and passive voice; Vocabulary - Homonyms (e.g. 'can') - Homophones (e.g. 'some', 'sum'); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - blogging; Language Lab - Listening to different types of conversation and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening to situation based dialogues; Speaking - Conversation practice in real life situations, asking for directions (using polite expressions), giving directions (using imperative sentences), Purchasing goods from a shop, Discussing various aspects of a film (they have already seen) or a book (they have already read); Reading - Reading a short story or an article from newspaper, Critical reading, Comprehension skills; Writing - Writing a review / summary of a story / article, Personal letter (Inviting your friend to a function, congratulating someone for his / her success, thanking one's friends / relatives); Grammar - modal verbs, Purpose expressions; Vocabulary - Phrasal verbs and their meanings, Using phrasal verbs in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and vocabulary, Extensive reading activity (reading stories / novels), Posting reviews in blogs - Language Lab - Dialogues (Fill up exercises), Recording students' dialogues.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to the conversation - Understanding the structure of conversations; Speaking - Conversation skills with a sense of stress, intonation, pronunciation and meaning - Seeking information – expressing feelings (affection, anger, regret, etc.); Reading - Speed reading – reading passages with time limit - Skimming; Writing - Minutes of meeting – format and practice in the preparation of minutes - Writing summary after reading articles from journals - Format for journal articles – elements of technical articles (abstract, introduction, methodology, results, discussion, conclusion, appendices, references) - Writing strategies; Grammar - Conditional clauses - Cause and effect expressions; Vocabulary - Words used as nouns and verbs without any change in the spelling (e.g. 'rock', 'train', 'ring'); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - Speed Reading practice exercises; Language Lab - Intonation practice using EFLU and RIE materials – Attending a meeting and writing minutes.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Listening to a telephone conversation, Viewing model interviews (face-to-face, telephonic and video conferencing); Speaking - Role play practice in telephone skills - listening and responding, -asking questions, -note taking – passing on messages, Role play and mock interview for grasping interview skills; Reading - Reading the job advertisements and the profile of the company concerned – scanning; Writing - Applying for a job – cover letter - résumé preparation – vision, mission and goals of the candidate; Grammar - Numerical expressions - Connectives (discourse markers); Vocabulary - Idioms and their meanings – using idioms in sentences; E-materials - Interactive exercises on



Grammar and Vocabulary - Different forms of résumés- Filling up a résumé / cover letter; Language Lab - Telephonic interview – recording the responses - e-résumé writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Viewing a model group discussion and reviewing the performance of each participant - Identifying the characteristics of a good listener; Speaking - Group discussion skills - initiating the discussion - exchanging suggestions and proposals - expressing dissent/agreement - assertiveness in expressing opinions - mind mapping technique; Reading - Note making skills - making notes from books, or any form of written materials - Intensive reading; Writing - Checklist - Types of reports - Feasibility / Project report - report format - recommendations / suggestions - interpretation of data (using charts for effective presentation); Grammar - Use of clauses; Vocabulary - Collocation; Ematerials - Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises - Sample GD - Pictures for discussion, Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises; Language Lab - Different models of group discussion.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to

- Speak convincingly, express their opinions clearly, initiate a discussion, negotiate, argue using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write effectively and persuasively and produce different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- Read different genres of texts, infer implied meanings and critically analyse and evaluate them for ideas as well as for method of presentation.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken excerpts critically and infer unspoken and implied meanings.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- 2. Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- Anderson, Paul V. Technical Communication: A Reader-Centered Approach. Cengage. New Delhi. 2008
- 2. Muralikrishna, & Sunita Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers. Pearson, New Delhi. 2011
- 3. Riordan, Daniel. G. Technical Communication. Cengage Learning, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Sharma, Sangeetha & Binod Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists. PHI Learning, New Delhi. 2009
- 5. Smith-Worthington, Darlene & Sue Jefferson. Technical Writing for Success. Cengage, Mason USA. 2007

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

Khera, Shiv. You can Win. Macmillan, Delhi. 1998.

Websites

- 1. http://www.englishclub.com
- 2. http://owl.english.purdue.edu



TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like individual writing and presentations, group discussions, interviews, reporting, etc
- Long presentations using visual aids
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussions, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc
- Projects like group reports, mock interviews etc using a combination of two or more of the language skills

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Report
- Creative writing, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- ✓ Speaking assessment: Individual presentations, Group discussions
- ✓ Reading assessment: Reading passages with comprehension questions gradedfollowing Bloom's taxonomy
- ✓ Writing assessment: Writing essays, CVs, reports etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
- ✓ Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content graded following Bloom's taxonomy.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6251 MATHEMATICS – II LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential equations that model engineering problems.
- To acquaint the student with the concepts of vector calculus needed for problems in all engineering disciplines.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory so as to enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow the of electric current.
- To make the student appreciate the purpose of using transforms to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.



UNIT I VECTOR CALCULUS

9+3

Gradient, divergence and curl – Directional derivative – Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields – Vector integration – Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes' theorem (excluding proofs) – Simple applications involving cubes and rectangular parallelopipeds.

UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

9+3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients – Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT III LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Laplace transform – Sufficient condition for existence – Transform of elementary functions – Basic properties – Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse functions – Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform - Statement of Convolution theorem – Initial and final value theorems – Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients using Laplace transformation techniques.

UNIT IV ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions of a complex variable – Analytic functions: Necessary conditions – Cauchy-Riemann equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs) – Harmonic and orthogonal properties of analytic function – Harmonic conjugate – Construction of analytic functions – Conformal mapping: w = z+k, kz, 1/z, z^2 , e^z and bilinear transformation.

UNIT V COMPLEX INTEGRATION

9+3

Complex integration – Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions – Singular points – Residues – Cauchy's residue theorem – Evaluation of real definite integrals as contour integrals around unit circle and semi-circle (excluding poles on the real axis).

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The subject helps the students to develop the fundamentals and basic concepts in vector calculus, ODE, Laplace transform and complex functions. Students will be able to solve problems related to engineering applications by using these techniques.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd.,2011.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41 Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011
- 2. Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- 4. Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi. 2008.
- 5. Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics" Volume II, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.



PH6251

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - II

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

 To enrich the understanding of various types of materials and their applications in engineering and technology.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Conductors – classical free electron theory of metals – Electrical and thermal conductivity – Wiedemann – Franz law – Lorentz number – Draw backs of classical theory – Quantum theory – Fermi distribution function – Effect of temperature on Fermi Function – Density of energy states – carrier concentration in metals.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Intrinsic semiconductor – carrier concentration derivation – Fermi level – Variation of Fermi level with temperature – electrical conductivity – band gap determination – compound semiconductors -direct and indirect band gap- derivation of carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration — Hall effect –Determination of Hall coefficient – Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Origin of magnetic moment – Bohr magneton – comparison of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism – Domain theory – Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – antiferromagnetic materials – Ferrites and its applications

Superconductivity: properties – Type I and Type II superconductors – BCS theory of superconductivity(Qualitative) - High T_c superconductors – Applications of superconductors – SQUID, cryotron, magnetic levitation.

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

9

Electrical susceptibility – dielectric constant – electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization – frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation – internal field – Claussius – Mosotti relation (derivation) – dielectric loss – dielectric breakdown – uses of dielectric materials (capacitor and transformer) – ferroelectricity and applications.

UNIT V ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Metallic glasses: preparation, properties and applications. Shape memory alloys (SMA): Characteristics, properties of NiTi alloy, application, Nanomaterials— Preparation -pulsed laser deposition — chemical vapour deposition — Applications — NLO materials —Birefringence- optical Kerr effect — Classification of Biomaterials and its applications

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

• The students will have the knowledge on physics of materials and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arumugam M., Materials Science. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- 2. Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics. New Age International(P) Ltd., publishers, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Palanisamy P.K. Materials Science. SCITECH Publishers, 2011
- 2. Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2011
- 3. Mani P. Engineering Physics II. Dhanam Publications, 2011
- 4. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.
- Principles of electrochemical reactions, redox reactions in corrosion of materials and methods for corrosion prevention and protection of materials.
- Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.
- Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

9

Introduction to boiler feed water-requirements-formation of deposits in steam boilers and heat exchangers- disadvantages (wastage of fuels, decrease in efficiency, boiler explosion) prevention of scale formation -softening of hard water -external treatment zeolite and demineralization -internal treatment- boiler compounds (phosphate, calgon, carbonate, colloidal) - caustic embrittlement -boiler corrosion-priming and foaming- desalination of brackish water —reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION

9

Electrochemical cell - redox reaction, electrode potential- origin of electrode potential- oxidation potential- reduction potential, measurement and applications - electrochemical series and its significance - Nernst equation (derivation and problems). Corrosion- causes- factors- types-chemical, electrochemical corrosion (galvanic, differential aeration), corrosion control - material selection and design aspects - electrochemical protection – sacrificial anode method and impressed current cathodic method. Paints- constituents and function. Electroplating of Copper and electroless plating of nickel.

UNIT III ENERGY SOURCES

9

Introduction- nuclear energy- nuclear fission- controlled nuclear fission- nuclear fusion- differences between nuclear fission and fusion- nuclear chain reactions- nuclear reactor power generator-classification of nuclear reactor- light water reactor- breeder reactor- solar energy conversion-solar cells- wind energy. Batteries and fuel cells: Types of batteries- alkaline battery- lead storage battery- nickel-cadmium battery- lithium battery- fuel cell H_2 - O_2 fuel cell- applications.

UNIT IV ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Abrasives: definition, classification or types, grinding wheel, abrasive paper and cloth. Refractories: definition, characteristics, classification, properties – refractoriness and RUL, dimensional stability, thermal spalling, thermal expansion, porosity; Manufacture of alumina, magnesite and silicon carbide, Portland cement- manufacture and properties - setting and hardening of cement, special cement- waterproof and white cement-properties and uses. Glass - manufacture, types, properties and uses.

UNIT V FUELS AND COMBUSTION

9

Fuel: Introduction- classification of fuels- calorific value- higher and lower calorific values- coal-analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate)- carbonization- manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum- manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process)- knocking-octane number - diesel oil- cetane number - natural gas- compressed natural gas(CNG)- liquefied petroleum gases(LPG)- producer gas- water gas. Power alcohol and bio diesel. Combustion of fuels: introduction- theoretical calculation of calorific value- calculation of stoichiometry of fuel and air ratio- ignition temperature- explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Vairam S, Kalyani P and SubaRamesh., "Engineering Chemistry"., Wiley India PvtLtd., New Delhi., 2011
- 2. DaraS.S,UmareS.S."Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi , 2010

REFERENCES:

- 1 Kannan P. and Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009
- 2. AshimaSrivastava and Janhavi N N., "Concepts of Engineering Chemistry", ACME Learning Private Limited., New Delhi., 2010.
- 3. RenuBapna and Renu Gupta., "Engineering Chemistry", Macmillan India Publisher Ltd., 2010.
- 4 Pahari A and Chauhan B., "Engineering Chemistry"., Firewall Media., New Delhi., 2010

GE6252 BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

L T P C 4 0 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To explain the basic theorems used in Electrical circuits and the different components and function of electrical machines.
- To explain the fundamentals of semiconductor and applications.
- To explain the principles of digital electronics
- To impart knowledge of communication.

UNIT I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS & MEASURMENTS

12

Ohm's Law – Kirchoff's Laws – Steady State Solution of DC Circuits – Introduction to AC Circuits – Waveforms and RMS Value – Power and Power factor – Single Phase and Three Phase Balanced Circuits.

Operating Principles of Moving Coil and Moving Iron Instruments (Ammeters and Voltmeters), Dynamometer type Watt meters and Energy meters.

UNIT II ELECTRICAL MECHANICS

12

Construction, Principle of Operation, Basic Equations and Applications of DC Generators, DC Motors, Single Phase Transformer, single phase induction Motor.

UNIT III SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND APPLICATIONS

12

Characteristics of PN Junction Diode – Zener Effect – Zener Diode and its Characteristics – Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers – Voltage Regulation.

Bipolar Junction Transistor – CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics – Elementary Treatment of Small Signal Amplifier.



UNIT IV DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

12

Binary Number System – Logic Gates – Boolean Algebra – Half and Full Adders – Flip-Flops – Registers and Counters – A/D and D/A Conversion (single concepts)

UNIT V FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

12

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Types of Signals: Analog and Digital Signals – Modulation and Demodulation: Principles of Amplitude and Frequency Modulations.

Communication Systems: Radio, TV, Fax, Microwave, Satellite and Optical Fibre (Block Diagram Approach only).

OUTCOMES:

- ability to identify the electrical components explain the characteristics of electrical machines.
- ability to identify electronics components and use of them to design circuits.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mittle N., "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. Sedha R.S., "Applied Electronics", S. Chand & Co., 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Muthusubramanian R, Salivahanan S and Muraleedharan K A, "Basic Electrical, Electronics and Computer Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition, 2006.
- 2. Nagsarkar T K and Sukhija M S, "Basics of Electrical Engineering", Oxford press 2005.
- 3. Mehta V K, "Principles of Electronics", S.Chand & Company Ltd, 1994.
- 4. Mahmood Nahvi and Joseph A. Edminister, "Electric Circuits", Schaum' Outline Series, McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 5. Premkumar N, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Anuradha Publishers, 2003.

GE6253

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

LTP C 3104

OBJECTIVES:

 To develop capacity to predict the effect of force and motion in the course of carrying out the design functions of engineering.

UNIT I BASICS AND STATICS OF PARTICLES

12

Introduction – Units and Dimensions – Laws of Mechanics – Lami's theorem, Parallelogram and triangular Law of forces — Vectorial representation of forces – Vector operations of forces -additions, subtraction, dot product, cross product – Coplanar Forces – rectangular components – Equilibrium of a particle – Forces in space – Equilibrium of a particle in space – Equivalent systems of forces – Principle of transmissibility .

UNIT II EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODIES

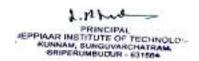
12

Free body diagram – Types of supports –Action and reaction forces –stable equilibrium – Moments and Couples – Moment of a force about a point and about an axis – Vectorial representation of moments and couples – Scalar components of a moment – Varignon's theorem – Single equivalent force -Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in two dimensions – Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in three dimensions

UNIT III PROPERTIES OF SURFACES AND SOLIDS

12

Centroids and centre of mass- Centroids of lines and areas - Rectangular, circular, triangular areas by integration - T section, I section, - Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula -



Theorems of Pappus - Area moments of inertia of plane areas - Rectangular, circular, triangular areas by integration - T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula - Parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem -Principal moments of inertia of plane areas - Principal axes of inertia-Mass moment of inertia -mass moment of inertia for prismatic, cylindrical and spherical solids from first principle - Relation to area moments of inertia.

UNIT IV DYNAMICS OF PARTICLES

12

Displacements, Velocity and acceleration, their relationship – Relative motion – Curvilinear motion - Newton's laws of motion – Work Energy Equation– Impulse and Momentum – Impact of elastic bodies.

UNIT V FRICTION AND ELEMENTS OF RIGID BODY DYNAMICS

12

Friction force – Laws of sliding friction – equilibrium analysis of simple systems with sliding friction – wedge friction-. Rolling resistance -Translation and Rotation of Rigid Bodies – Velocity and acceleration – General Plane motion of simple rigid bodies such as cylinder, disc/wheel and sphere.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- ability to explain the differential principles applies to solve engineering problems dealing with force, displacement, velocity and acceleration.
- ability to analyse the forces in any structures.
- ability to solve rigid body subjected to dynamic forces.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Beer, F.P and Johnston Jr. E.R., "Vector Mechanics for Engineers (In SI Units): Statics and Dynamics", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi (2004).
- 2. Vela Murali, "Engineering Mechanics", Oxford University Press (2010)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hibbeller, R.C and Ashok Gupta, "Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics", 11th Edition, Pearson Education 2010.
- 2. Irving H. Shames and Krishna Mohana Rao. G., "Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics", 4th Edition, Pearson Education 2006.
- 3. Meriam J.L. and Kraige L.G., "Engineering Mechanics- Statics Volume 1, Dynamics- Volume 2", Third Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1993.
- 4. Rajasekaran S and Sankarasubramanian G., "Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics", 3rd Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
- 5. Bhavikatti, S.S and Rajashekarappa, K.G., "Engineering Mechanics", New Age International (P) Limited Publishers, 1998.
- 6. Kumar, K.L., "Engineering Mechanics", 3rd Revised Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing company, New Delhi 2008.

GE6261 COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING AND MODELING LABORATORY

L T P C 0 1 2 2

OBJECTIVES:

To develop skill to use software to create 2D and 3D models.

LIST OF EXERCISES USING SOFTWARE CAPABLE OF DRAFTING AND MODELING

- 1. Study of capabilities of software for Drafting and Modeling Coordinate systems (absolute, relative, polar, etc.) Creation of simple figures like polygon and general multi-line figures.
- 2. Drawing of a Title Block with necessary text and projection symbol.



- 3. Drawing of curves like parabola, spiral, involute using Bspline or cubic spline.
- 4. Drawing of front view and top view of simple solids like prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, etc, and dimensioning.
- 5. Drawing front view, top view and side view of objects from the given pictorial views (eg. V-block, Base of a mixie, Simple stool, Objects with hole and curves).
- 6. Drawing of a plan of residential building (Two bed rooms, kitchen, hall, etc.)
- 7. Drawing of a simple steel truss.
- 8. Drawing sectional views of prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, etc,
- 9. Drawing isometric projection of simple objects.
- 10. Creation of 3-D models of simple objects and obtaining 2-D multi-view drawings from 3-D model.

Note: Plotting of drawings must be made for each exercise and attached to the records written by students.

OUTCOMES:

- ability to use the software packers for drafting and modeling
- ability to create 2D and 3D models of Engineering Components

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

SI.No	Description of Equipment	Quantity
1.	Pentium IV computer or better hardware, with	30 No.
	suitable graphics facility	
2.	Licensed software for Drafting and Modeling.	30 Licenses
3.	Laser Printer or Plotter to print / plot drawings	2 No.

GE6262

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY – II

0 0 2 1

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

PHYSICS LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

• To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method
- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor
- 3. Determination of Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid –Poiseuille's method
- 4. Determination of Dispersive power of a prism Spectrometer
- 5. Determination of thickness of a thin wire Air wedge method
- 6. Determination of Rigidity modulus Torsion pendulum

OUTCOMES:

• The students will have the ability to test materials by using their knowledge of applied physics principles in optics and properties of matter.



LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Traveling microscope, meter scale, Knife edge, weights
- 2. Band gap experimental set up
- 3. Burette, Capillary tube, rubber tube, stop clock, beaker and weighing balance
- 4. spectrometer, prism, sodium vapour lamp.
- 5. Air-wedge experimental set up.
- 6. Torsion pendulum set up.

(vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

 To make the student acquire practical skills in the wet chemical and instrumental methods for quantitative estimation of hardness, alkalinity, metal ion content, corrosion in metals and cement analysis.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1 Determination of alkalinity in water sample
- 2 Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method
- 3 Estimation of copper content of the given solution by EDTA method
- 4 Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 5 Estimation of sodium present in water using flame photometer
- 6 Corrosion experiment weight loss method
- 7 Conductometric precipitation titration using BaCl₂ and Na₂SO₄
- 8 Determination of CaO in Cement.

OUTCOMES:

• The students will be conversant with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters, corrosion measurement and cement analysis.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 2001.
- 2. Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J, Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry, LBS Singapore, 1994.
- 3. Jeffery G.H, Bassett J., Mendham J. and Denny R.C., "Vogel's Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- 4. Kolthoff I.M. and Sandell E.B. et al. Quantitative chemical analysis, McMillan, Madras 1980
- Laboratory classes on alternate weeks for Physics and Chemistry.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Potentiometer - 5 Nos
 Flame photo meter - 5 Nos
 Weighing Balance - 5 Nos
 Conductivity meter - 5 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (30 Nos each)



TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to perform different destructive testing
- Ability to characteristic materials

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	Qty.
1	Universal Tensile Testing machine with double 1 shear attachment –	1
	40 Ton Capacity	
2	Torsion Testing Machine (60 NM Capacity)	1
3	Impact Testing Machine (300 J Capacity)	1
4	Brinell Hardness Testing Machine	1
5	Rockwell Hardness Testing Machine	1
6	Spring Testing Machine for tensile and compressive loads (2500 N)	1
7	Metallurgical Microscopes	3
8	Muffle Furnace (800 C)	1

ME6501

COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

LTP C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To provide an overview of how computers are being used in mechanical component design

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS

9

Product cycle- Design process- sequential and concurrent engineering- Computer aided design – CAD system architecture- Computer graphics – co-ordinate systems- 2D and 3D transformations-homogeneous coordinates - Line drawing -Clipping- viewing transformation

UNIT II GEOMETRIC MODELING

9

Representation of curves- Hermite curve- Bezier curve- B-spline curves-rational curves-Techniques for surface modeling – surface patch- Coons and bicubic patches- Bezier and B-spline surfaces. Solid modeling techniques- CSG and B-rep

UNIT III VISUAL REALISM

9

Hidden – Line-Surface-Solid removal algorithms – shading – colouring – computer animation.

UNIT IV ASSEMBLY OF PARTS

9

Assembly modelling – interferences of positions and orientation – tolerance analysis-massproperty calculations – mechanism simulation and interference checking.

UNIT V CAD STANDARDS

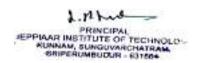
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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Standards for computer graphics- **Graphical Kernel System** (GKS) - standards for exchangeimages- **Open G**raphics Library **(OpenGL)** - Data exchange standards - IGES, STEP, CALSetc. - communication standards.

OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of this course, the students can able to use computer and CAD software's for modeling of mechanical components



TEXT BOOKS:

Ibrahim Zeid "Mastering CAD CAM" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.2007

REFERENCES:

- Chris McMahon and Jimmie Browne "CAD/CAM Principles", "Practice and Manufacturing management "Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1999.
- 2. William M Neumann and Robert F.Sproul "Principles of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1989.
- 3. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics". Prentice Hall, Inc, 1992.
- 4. Foley, Wan Dam, Feiner and Hughes "Computer graphics principles & practice" Pearson Education 2003.

ME6502

HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the mechanisms of heat transfer under steady and transient conditions.
- To understand the concepts of heat transfer through extended surfaces.
- To learn the thermal analysis and sizing of heat exchangers and to understand the basic concepts of mass transfer.

(Use of standard HMT data book permitted)

UNIT I CONDUCTION

9

General Differential equation of Heat Conduction— Cartesian and Polar Coordinates — One Dimensional Steady State Heat Conduction — plane and Composite Systems — Conduction with Internal Heat Generation — Extended Surfaces — Unsteady Heat Conduction — Lumped Analysis — Semi Infinite and Infinite Solids —Use of Heisler's charts.

UNIT II CONVECTION

9

Free and Forced Convection - Hydrodynamic and Thermal Boundary Layer. Free and Forced Convection during external flow over Plates and Cylinders and Internal flow through tubes.

UNIT III PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER AND HEAT EXCHANGERS

9

Nusselt's theory of condensation - Regimes of Pool boiling and Flow boiling. Correlations in boiling and condensation. Heat Exchanger Types - Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient - Fouling Factors - Analysis - LMTD method - NTU method.

UNIT IV RADIATION

9

Black Body Radiation – Grey body radiation - Shape Factor – Electrical Analogy – Radiation Shields. Radiation through gases.

UNIT V MASS TRANSFER

٤

Basic Concepts – Diffusion Mass Transfer – Fick's Law of Diffusion – Steady state Molecular Diffusion – Convective Mass Transfer – Momentum, Heat and Mass Transfer Analogy –Convective Mass Transfer Correlations.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

• Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand and apply different heat and mass transfer principles of different applications.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Yunus A. Cengel, "Heat Transfer A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010



REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Frank P. Incropera and David P. Dewitt, "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", John Wiley & Sons, 1998.
- 2. Venkateshan. S.P., "Heat Transfer", Ane Books, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Ghoshdastidar, P.S, "Heat Transfer", Oxford, 2004,
- 4. Nag, P.K., "Heat Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002
- 5. Holman, J.P., "Heat and Mass Transfer", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000
- 6. Ozisik, M.N., "Heat Transfer", McGraw Hill Book Co., 1994.
- 7. Kothandaraman, C.P., "Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer", New Age International, New Delhi, 1998.
- 8. Yadav, R., "Heat and Mass Transfer", Central Publishing House, 1995.
- 9. M.Thirumaleshwar: Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer, "Heat and Mass Transfer", First Edition, Dorling Kindersley, 2009

ME6503

DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the various steps involved in the Design Process
- To understand the principles involved in evaluating the shape and dimensions of a component to satisfy functional and strength requirements.
- To learn to use standard practices and standard data
- To learn to use catalogues and standard machine components (Use of P S G Design Data Book is permitted)

UNIT I STEADY STRESSES AND VARIABLE STRESSES IN MACHINE MEMBERS 10 Introduction to the design process - factors influencing machine design, selection of materials based on mechanical properties - Preferred numbers, fits and tolerances - Direct, Bending and torsional stress equations - Impact and shock loading - calculation of principle stresses for various load combinations, eccentric loading - curved beams - crane hook and 'C' frame- Factor of safety - theories of failure - Design based on strength and stiffness - stress concentration - Design for variable loading.

UNIT II SHAFTS AND COUPLINGS

8

Design of solid and hollow shafts based on strength, rigidity and critical speed – Keys, keyways and splines - Rigid and flexible couplings.

UNIT III TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT JOINTS

,

Threaded fastners - Bolted joints including eccentric loading, Knuckle joints, Cotter joints - Welded joints, riveted joints for structures - theory of bonded joints.

UNIT IV ENERGY STORING ELEMENTS AND ENGINE COMPONENTS

9

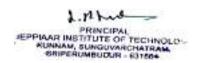
Various types of springs, optimization of helical springs - rubber springs - Flywheels considering stresses in rims and arms for engines and punching machines- Connecting Rods and crank shafts.

UNIT V BEARINGS

9

Sliding contact and rolling contact bearings - Hydrodynamic journal bearings, Sommerfeld Number, Raimondi and Boyd graphs, -- Selection of Rolling Contact bearings.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully design machine components

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Bhandari V, "Design of Machine Elements", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2010.
- 2. Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett "Mechanical Engineering Design", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sundararajamoorthy T. V. Shanmugam .N, "Machine Design", Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2003.
- 2. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, "Fundamentals of Machine Design", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2005
- 3. Alfred Hall, Halowenko, A and Laughlin, H., "Machine Design", Tata McGraw-Hill BookCo.(Schaum's Outline), 2010
- 4. Bernard Hamrock, Steven Schmid, Bo Jacobson, "Fundamentals of Machine Elements", 2nd Edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co.. 2006.
- 5. Orthwein W, "Machine Component Design", Jaico Publishing Co, 2003.
- 6. Ansel Ugural, "Mechanical Design An Integral Approach", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2003.
- 7. Merhyle F. Spotts, Terry E. Shoup and Lee E. Hornberger, "Design of Machine Elements" 8th Edition, Printice Hall, 2003.

ME6504

METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge on various Metrological equipments available to measure the dimension of the components.
- To provide knowledge on the correct procedure to be adopted to measure the dimension of the components.

UNIT I BASICS OF METROLOGY

5

Introduction to Metrology – Need – Elements – Work piece, Instruments – Persons – Environment – their effect on Precision and Accuracy – Errors – Errors in Measurements – Types – Control – Types of standards.

UNIT II LINEAR AND ANGULAR MEASUREMENTS

10

Linear Measuring Instruments – Evolution – Types – Classification – Limit gauges – gauge design – terminology – procedure – concepts of interchange ability and selective assembly – Angular measuring instruments – Types – Bevel protractor clinometers angle gauges, spirit levels sine bar – Angle alignment telescope – Autocollimator – Applications.

UNIT III ADVANCES IN METROLOGY

12

Basic concept of lasers Advantages of lasers – laser Interferometers – types – DC and AC Lasers interferometer – Applications – Straightness – Alignment. Basic concept of CMM – Types of CMM – Constructional features – Probes – Accessories – Software – Applications – Basic concepts of Machine Vision System – Element – Applications.



UNIT IV FORM MEASUREMENT

10

Principles and Methods of straightness – Flatness measurement – Thread measurement, gear measurement, surface finish measurement, Roundness measurement – Applications.

UNIT V MEASUREMENT OF POWER, FLOW AND TEMPERATURE

8

Force, torque, power - mechanical , Pneumatic, Hydraulic and Electrical type. Flow measurement: Venturimeter, Orifice meter, rotameter, pitot tube - Temperature: bimetallic strip, thermocouples, electrical resistance thermometer - Reliability and Calibration - Readability and Reliability.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of this course, the Students can demonstrate different measurement technologies and use of them in Industrial Components

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain R.K. "Engineering Metrology", Khanna Publishers, 2005.
- 2. Gupta. I.C., "Engineering Metrology", Dhanpatrai Publications, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles Reginald Shotbolt, "Metrology for Engineers", 5th edition, Cengage Learning EMEA,1990.
- 2. Backwith, Marangoni, Lienhard, "Mechanical Measurements", Pearson Education, 2006.

ME6505

DYNAMICS OF MACHINES

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the force-motion relationship in components subjected to external forces and analysis of standard mechanisms.
- To understand the undesirable effects of unbalances resulting from prescribed motions in mechanism.
- To understand the effect of Dynamics of undesirable vibrations.
- To understand the principles in mechanisms used for speed control and stability control.

UNIT I FORCE ANALYSIS

9

Dynamic force analysis – Inertia force and Inertia torque – D Alembert's principle –Dynamic Analysis in reciprocating engines – Gas forces – Inertia effect of connecting rod – Bearing loads – Crank shaft torque – Turning moment diagrams –Fly Wheels – Flywheels of punching presses- Dynamics of Camfollower mechanism.

UNIT II BALANCING

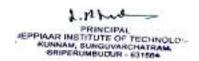
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Static and dynamic balancing – Balancing of rotating masses – Balancing a single cylinder engine – Balancing of Multi-cylinder inline, V-engines – Partial balancing in engines – Balancing of linkages – Balancing machines-Field balancing of discs and rotors.

UNIT III SINGLE DEGREE FREE VIBRATION

9

Basic features of vibratory systems – Degrees of freedom – single degree of freedom – Free vibration – Equations of motion – Natural frequency – Types of Damping – Damped vibration– Torsional vibration of shaft – Critical speeds of shafts – Torsional vibration – Two and three rotor torsional systems.



UNIT IV FORCED VIBRATION

9

Response of one degree freedom systems to periodic forcing – Harmonic disturbances –Disturbance caused by unbalance – Support motion –transmissibility – Vibration isolation vibration measurement.

UNIT V MECHANISM FOR CONTROL

9

Governors – Types – Centrifugal governors – Gravity controlled and spring controlled centrifugal governors – Characteristics – Effect of friction – Controlling force curves. Gyroscopes –Gyroscopic forces and torques – Gyroscopic stabilization – Gyroscopic effects in Automobiles, ships and airplanes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Upon completion of this course, the Students can able to predict the force analysis in mechanical system and related vibration issues and can able to solve the problem

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Uicker, J.J., Pennock G.R and Shigley, J.E., "Theory of Machines and Mechanisms", 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 2. Rattan, S.S, "Theory of Machines", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009

REFERENCES:

- 1. Thomas Bevan, "Theory of Machines", 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors, 2005.
- 2. Cleghorn, W. L. "Mechanisms of Machines", Oxford University Press, 2005
- 3. Benson H. Tongue, "Principles of Vibrations", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2007
- 4. Robert L. Norton, "Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- 5. Allen S. Hall Jr., "Kinematics and Linkage Design", Prentice Hall, 1961
- 6. Ghosh. A and Mallick, A.K., "Theory of Mechanisms and Machines", Affiliated East-West Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1988.
- 7. Rao.J.S. and Dukkipati.R.V. "Mechanisms and Machine Theory", Wiley-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1992.
- 8. John Hannah and Stephens R.C., "Mechanics of Machines", Viva Low-Prices Student Edition, 1999.
- 9. Grover, G.T., "Mechanical Vibrations", Nem Chand and Bros., 1996
- 10. William T. Thomson, Marie Dillon Dahleh, Chandramouli Padmanabhan, "Theory of Vibration with Application", 5th edition, Pearson Education, 2011
- 11. V.Ramamurthi, "Mechanics of Machines", Narosa Publishing House, 2002.
- 12. Khurmi, R.S., "Theory of Machines", 14th Edition, S Chand Publications, 2005.

GE6075

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN ENGINEERING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

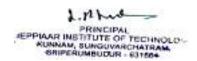
OBJECTIVES:

• To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values, to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES

10

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation – Commitment – Empathy – Self confidence – Character – Spirituality – Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.



UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues – Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – Consensus and Controversy – Models of professional roles - Theories about right action – Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION

9

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics – A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

9

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES

8

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Moral Leadership –Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss
the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the
society

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
- 2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009
- 3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundametals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001
- 5. Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2013.
- 6. World Community Service Centre, "Value Education", Vethathiri publications, Erode, 2011

Web sources:

- 1. www.onlineethics.org
- 2. www.nspe.org
- 3. www.globalethics.org
- 4. www.ethics.org



TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OBJECTIVES:

- To supplement the principles learnt in kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery.
- To understand how certain measuring devices are used for dynamic testing.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. a) Study of gear parameters.
 - b) Experimental study of velocity ratios of simple, compound, Epicyclic and differential gear trains.
- 2. a) Kinematics of Four Bar, Slider Crank, Crank Rocker, Double crank, Double rocker, Oscillating cylinder Mechanisms.
 - b) Kinematics of single and double universal joints.
- 3. a) Determination of Mass moment of inertia of Fly wheel and Axle system.
 - b) Determination of Mass Moment of Inertia of axisymmetric bodies using Turn Table apparatus.
 - c) Determination of Mass Moment of Inertia using bifilar suspension and compound pendulum.
- 4. Motorized gyroscope Study of gyroscopic effect and couple.
- 5. Governor Determination of range sensitivity, effort etc., for Watts, Porter, Proell, and Hartnell Governors.
- 6. Cams Cam profile drawing, Motion curves and study of jump phenomenon
- 7. a) Single degree of freedom Spring Mass System Determination of natural Frequency and verification of Laws of springs Damping coefficient determination.
 - b) Multi degree freedom suspension system Determination of influence coefficient.
- 8. a) Determination of torsional natural frequency of single and Double Rotorsystems.-Undamped and Damped Natural frequencies.
 - b) Vibration Absorber Tuned vibration absorber.
- 9. Vibration of Equivalent Spring mass system undamped and damped vibration.
- 10. Whirling of shafts Determination of critical speeds of shafts with concentrated loads.
- 11. a) Balancing of rotating masses. (b) Balancing of reciprocating masses.
- 12. a) Transverse vibration of Free-Free beam with and without concentrated masses.
 - b) Forced Vibration of Cantilever beam Mode shapes and natural frequencies.
 - c) Determination of transmissibility ratio using vibrating table.

OUTCOME

- Ability to demonstrate the principles of kinematics and dynamics of machinery
- Ability to use the measuring devices for dynamic testing.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	Qty.
1	Cam follower setup.	1 No.
2	Motorised gyroscope.	1 No.
3	Governor apparatus - Watt, Porter, Proell and Hartnell governors.	1 No.
4	Whirling of shaft apparatus.	1 No.
5	Dynamic balancing machine.	1 No.
6	Two rotor vibration setup.	1 No.
7	Spring mass vibration system.	1 No.
8	Torsional Vibration of single rotor system setup.	1 No.
9	Gear Models	1 No.
10	Kinematic Models to study various mechanisms.	1 No.
11	Turn table apparatus.	1 No.
12	Transverse vibration setup of	1 No.
	a) cantilever	

b) Free-Free beam	
c) Simply supported beam.	

ME6512

THERMAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY - II

LTP C 003 2

OBJECTIVES

- To study the heat transfer phenomena predict the relevant coefficient using implementation
- To study the performance of refrigeration cycle / components

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

HEAT TRANSFER LAB:

30

- 1. Thermal conductivity measurement using guarded plate apparatus.
- 2. Thermal conductivity measurement of pipe insulation using lagged pipe apparatus.
- 3. Determination of heat transfer coefficient under natural convection from a vertical cylinder.
- 4. Determination of heat transfer coefficient under forced convection from a tube.
- 5. Determination of Thermal conductivity of composite wall.
- 6. Determination of Thermal conductivity of insulating powder.
- 7. Heat transfer from pin-fin apparatus (natural & forced convection modes)
- 8. Determination of Stefan Boltzmann constant.
- 9. Determination of emissivity of a grey surface.
- 10. Effectiveness of Parallel / counter flow heat exchanger.

REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING LAB

15

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- 1. Determination of COP of a refrigeration system
- 2. Experiments on Psychrometric processes
- 3. Performance test on a reciprocating air compressor
- 4. Performance test in a HC Refrigeration System
- 5. Performance test in a fluidized Bed Cooling Tower

OUTCOMES

 Ability to demonstrate the fundamentals of heat and predict the coefficient used in that transfer application and also design refrigeration cycle.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	Qty.
1	Guarded plate apparatus	1 No.
2	Lagged pipe apparatus	1 No.
3	Natural convection-vertical cylinder apparatus	1 No.
4	Forced convection inside tube apparatus	1 No.
5	Composite wall apparatus	1 No.
6	Thermal conductivity of insulating powder apparatus	1 No.
7	Pin-fin apparatus	1 No.
8	Stefan-Boltzmann apparatus	1 No.
9	Emissivity measurement apparatus	1 No.
10	Parallel/counter flow heat exchanger apparatus	1 No.



11	Single/two stage reciprocating air compressor	1 No.
12	Refrigeration test rig	1 No.
13	Air-conditioning test rig	1 No.

METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 3 2

OBJECTIVES

To familiar with different measurement equipments and use of this industry for quality inspection

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Tool Maker's Microscope
- 2. Comparator
- 3. Sine Bar
- 4. Gear Tooth Vernier Caliper
- 5. Floating gauge Micrometer
- 6. Co ordinate Measuring Machine
- 7. Surface Finish Measuring Equipment
- 8. Vernier Height Gauge
- 9. Bore diameter measurement using telescope gauge
- 10. Bore diameter measurement using micrometer
- 11. Force Measurement
- 12. Torque Measurement
- 13. Temperature measurement
- 14. Autocollimator

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

• Ability to handle different measurement tools and perform measurements in quality impulsion

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	Qty.
1	Micrometer	5
2	Vernier Caliper	5
3	Vernier Height Gauge	2
4	Vernier depth Gauge	2
5	Slip Gauge Set	1
6	Gear Tooth Vernier	1
7	Sine Bar	1
8	Floating Carriage Micrometer	1
9	Profile Projector / Tool Makers Microscope	1
10	Parallel / counter flow heat exchanger apparatus	1
11	Mechanical / Electrical / Pneumatic Comparator	1
12	Autocollimator	1
13	Temperature Measuring Setup	1
14	Force Measuring Setup	1
15	Torque Measuring Setup	1
16	Coordinate measuring machine	1



17	Surface finish measuring equipment	1
18	Bore gauge	1
19	Telescope gauge	1

ME6601

DESIGN OF TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge on the principles and procedure for the design of Mechanical power Transmission components.
- To understand the standard procedure available for Design of Transmission of Mechanical elements
- To learn to use standard data and catalogues (Use of P S G Design Data Book permitted)

UNIT I DESIGN OF FLEXIBLE ELEMENTS

9

Design of Flat belts and pulleys - Selection of V belts and pulleys - Selection of hoisting wire ropes and pulleys - Design of Transmission chains and Sprockets.

UNIT II SPUR GEARS AND PARALLEL AXIS HELICAL GEARS

9

Speed ratios and number of teeth-Force analysis -Tooth stresses - Dynamic effects – Fatigue strength - Factor of safety - Gear materials – Design of straight tooth spur & helical gears based on strength and wear considerations – Pressure angle in the normal and transverse plane- Equivalent number of teeth-forces for helical gears.

UNIT III BEVEL, WORM AND CROSS HELICAL GEARS

9

Straight bevel gear: Tooth terminology, tooth forces and stresses, equivalent number of teeth. Estimating the dimensions of pair of straight bevel gears. Worm Gear: Merits and demerits-terminology. Thermal capacity, materials-forces and stresses, efficiency, estimating the size of the worm gear pair. Cross helical: Terminology-helix angles-Estimating the size of the pair of cross helical gears.

UNIT IV GEAR BOXES

9

Geometric progression - Standard step ratio - Ray diagram, kinematics layout -Design of sliding mesh gear box - Design of multi speed gear box for machine tool applications - Constant mesh gear box - Speed reducer unit. – Variable speed gear box, Fluid Couplings, Torque Converters for automotive applications.

UNIT V CAMS, CLUTCHES AND BRAKES

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Cam Design: Types-pressure angle and under cutting base circle determination-forces and surface stresses. Design of plate clutches –axial clutches-cone clutches-internal expanding rim clutches-Electromagnetic clutches. Band and Block brakes - external shoe brakes – Internal expanding shoe brake.

OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully design transmission components used in Engine and machines



TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bhandari V, "Design of Machine Elements", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2010.
- 2. Joseph Shigley, Charles Mischke, Richard Budynas and Keith Nisbett "Mechanical Engineering Design", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sundararajamoorthy T. V, Shanmugam .N, "Machine Design", Anuradha Publications, Chennai, 2003.
- 2. Gitin Maitra, L. Prasad "Hand book of Mechanical Design", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2001.
- 3. Prabhu. T.J., "Design of Transmission Elements", Mani Offset, Chennai, 2000.
- 4. C.S.Sharma, Kamlesh Purohit, "Design of Machine Elements", Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., 2003.
- 5. Bernard Hamrock, Steven Schmid, Bo Jacobson, "Fundamentals of Machine Elements", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co., 2006.
- 6. Robert C. Juvinall and Kurt M. Marshek, "Fundamentals of Machine Design", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2005
- 7. Alfred Hall, Halowenko, A and Laughlin, H., "Machine Design", Tata McGraw-Hill BookCo.(Schaum's Outline), 2010
- 8. Orthwein W, "Machine Component Design", Jaico Publishing Co, 2003.
- 9. Ansel Ugural, "Mechanical Design An Integral Approach", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Book Co, 2003.
- 10. Merhyle F. Spotts, Terry E. Shoup and Lee E. Hornberger, "Design of Machine Elements" 8th Edition, Printice Hall, 2003.
- 11. U.C.Jindal: Machine Design, "Design of Transmission System", Dorling Kindersley, 2010

MG6851

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

1 T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

 To enable the students to study the evolution of Management, to study the functions and principles of management and to learn the application of the principles in an organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

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Definition of Management – Science or Art – Manager Vs Entrepreneur - types of managers - managerial roles and skills – Evolution of Management – Scientific, human relations , system and contingency approaches – Types of Business organization - Sole proprietorship, partnership, company-public and private sector enterprises - Organization culture and Environment – Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING

9

Nature and purpose of planning – planning process – types of planning – objectives – setting objectives – policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANISING

9

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – organization chart – organization structure – types – Line and staff authority – departmentalization – delegation of authority – centralization and decentralization – Job Design - Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment,



selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

UNIT IV DIRECTING

9

Foundations of individual and group behaviour – motivation – motivation theories – motivational techniques – job satisfaction – job enrichment – leadership – types and theories of leadership – communication – process of communication – barrier in communication – effective communication – communication and IT.

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

System and process of controlling – budgetary and non-budgetary control techniques – use of computers and IT in Management control – Productivity problems and management – control and performance – direct and preventive control – reporting.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 Upon completion of the course, students will be able to have clear understanding of managerial functions like planning, organizing, staffing, leading & controlling and have same basic knowledge on international aspect of management

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, "Management", Prentice Hall (India)Pvt. Ltd., 10th Edition, 2009.
- 2. JAF Stoner, Freeman R.E and Daniel R Gilbert "Management", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo & Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management" 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
- 2. Robert Kreitner & Mamata Mohapatra, "Management", Biztantra, 2008.
- 3. Harold Koontz & Heinz Weihrich, "Essentials of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.
- 4. Tripathy PC & Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1999

ME6602

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

LT P C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the construction and working principle of various parts of an automobile.
- To have the practice for assembling and dismantling of engine parts and transmission system

UNIT I VEHICLE STRUCTURE AND ENGINES

9

Types of automobiles, vehicle construction and different layouts, chassis, frame and body, Vehicle aerodynamics (various resistances and moments involved), IC engines –components-functions and materials, variable valve timing (VVT).

UNIT II ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS

9

Electronically controlled gasoline injection SI system for engines, Electronically controlled diesel injection system (Unit injector Rotary system, distributor type common rail direct injection system), Electronic ignition system (Transistorized coil ignition system, capacitive discharge ignition system), Turbo chargers (WGT, VGT), Engine emission control by three way catalytic converter system, Emission norms (Euro and BS).



UNIT III TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

9

Clutch-types and construction, gear boxes- manual and automatic, gear shift mechanisms, Over drive, transfer box, fluid flywheel, torque converter, propeller shaft, slip joints, universal joints, Differential and rear axle, Hotchkiss Drive and Torque Tube Drive.

UNIT IV STEERING, BRAKES AND SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

9

Steering geometry and types of steering gear box-Power Steering, Types of Front Axle, Types of Suspension Systems, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Braking Systems, Antilock Braking System (ABS), electronic brake force distribution (EBD) and Traction Control.

UNIT V ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES

9

Use of Natural Gas, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, Bio-diesel, Bio-ethanol, Gasohol and Hydrogen in Automobiles- Engine modifications required —Performance, Combustion and Emission Characteristics of SI and CI engines with these alternate fuels - Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Fuel Cell Note: Practical Training in dismantling and assembling of Engine parts and Transmission Systems should be given to the students.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

- Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to identify the different components in automobile engineering.
- Have clear understanding on different auxiliary and transmission systems usual.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kirpal Singh, "Automobile Engineering", Vol 1 & 2, Seventh Edition, Standard Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Jain K.K. and Asthana .R.B, "Automobile Engineering" Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Newton ,Steeds and Garet, "Motor Vehicles", Butterworth Publishers, 1989.
- 2. Joseph Heitner, "Automotive Mechanics," Second Edition, East-West Press, 1999.
- 3. Martin W, Stockel and Martin T Stockle, "Automotive Mechanics Fundamentals," The Good heart –Will Cox Company Inc, USA, 1978.
- 4. Heinz Heisler, "Advanced Engine Technology," SAE International Publications USA, 1998.
- 5. Ganesan V. "Internal Combustion Engines", Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.

ME6603

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

LTP C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of Mathematical Modeling of Engineering Problems.
- To appreciate the use of FEM to a range of Engineering Problems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Historical Background – Mathematical Modeling of field problems in Engineering – Governing Equations – Discrete and continuous models – Boundary, Initial and Eigen Value problems – Weighted Residual Methods – Variational Formulation of Boundary Value Problems – RitzTechnique – Basic concepts of the Finite Element Method.



UNIT II ONE-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

ç

One Dimensional Second Order Equations – Discretization – Element types- Linear and Higher order Elements – Derivation of Shape functions and Stiffness matrices and force vectors- Assembly of Matrices - Solution of problems from solid mechanics and heat transfer. Longitudinal vibration frequencies and mode shapes. Fourth Order Beam Equation – Transverse deflections and Natural frequencies of beams.

UNIT III TWO DIMENSIONAL SCALAR VARIABLE PROBLEMS

9

Second Order 2D Equations involving Scalar Variable Functions – Variational formulation –Finite Element formulation – Triangular elements – Shape functions and element matrices and vectors. Application to Field Problems - Thermal problems – Torsion of Non circular shafts –Quadrilateral elements – Higher Order Elements.

UNIT IV TWO DIMENSIONAL VECTOR VARIABLE PROBLEMS

9

Equations of elasticity – Plane stress, plane strain and axisymmetric problems – Body forces and temperature effects – Stress calculations - Plate and shell elements.

UNIT V ISOPARAMETRIC FORMULATION

9

Natural co-ordinate systems – Isoparametric elements – Shape functions for iso parametric elements – One and two dimensions – Serendipity elements – Numerical integration and application to plane stress problems - Matrix solution techniques – Solutions Techniques to Dynamic problems – Introduction to Analysis Software.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

 Upon completion of this course, the students can able to understand different mathematical Techniques used in FEM analysis and use of them in Structural and thermal problem

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Reddy. J.N., "An Introduction to the Finite Element Method", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005
- 2. Seshu, P, "Text Book of Finite Element Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

- 1. Rao, S.S., "The Finite Element Method in Engineering", 3rd Edition, Butterworth Heinemann, 2004
- 2. Logan, D.L., "A first course in Finite Element Method", Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2002
- 3. Robert D. Cook, David S. Malkus, Michael E. Plesha, Robert J. Witt, "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", 4th Edition, Wiley Student Edition, 2002.
- 4. Chandrupatla & Belagundu, "Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall College Div, 1990
- 5. Bhatti Asghar M, "Fundamental Finite Element Analysis and Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2005 (Indian Reprint 2013)*



ME6004 UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

 To learn about various unconventional machining processes, the various process parameters and their influence on performance and their applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

6

Unconventional machining Process – Need – classification – Brief overview .

UNIT II MECHANICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

a

Abrasive Jet Machining – Water Jet Machining – Abrasive Water Jet Machining - Ultrasonic Machining.(AJM, WJM, AWJM and USM). Working Principles – equipment used – Process parameters – MRR- Applications.

UNIT III ELECTRICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

9

Electric Discharge Machining (EDM)- working Principle-equipments-Process Parameters-Surface Finish and MRR- electrode / Tool – Power and control Circuits- Tool Wear – Dielectric – Flushing – Wire cut EDM – Applications.

UNIT IV CHEMICAL AND ELECTRO-CHEMICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES 11 Chemical machining and Electro-Chemical machining (CHM and ECM)-Etchants – Maskant - techniques of applying maskants - Process Parameters – Surface finish and MRR-Applications. Principles of ECM- equipments-Surface Roughness and MRR Electrical circuit-Process Parameters- ECG and ECH - Applications.

UNIT V THERMAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

10

Laser Beam machining and drilling (LBM), plasma Arc machining (PAM) and Electron Beam Machining (EBM). Principles – Equipment –Types - Beam control techniques – Applications.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Upon completion of this course, the students can able to demonstrate different unconventional machining processes and know the influence of difference process parameters on the performance and their applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Vijay.K. Jain "Advanced Machining Processes" Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007
- 2. Pandey P.C. and Shan H.S. "Modern Machining Processes" Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2007.

- 1. Benedict. G.F. "Nontraditional Manufacturing Processes", Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1987.
- Mc Geough, "Advanced Methods of Machining", Chapman and Hall, London, 1998.
- 3. Paul De Garmo, J.T.Black, and Ronald.A.Kohser, "Material and Processes in Manufacturing" Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 8thEdition, New Delhi , 2001.



ME6604

GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION

1003 LTPC

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic difference between incompressible and compressible flow.
- To understand the phenomenon of shock waves and its effect on flow. To gain some basic knowledge about jet propulsion and Rocket Propulsion. (Use of Standard Gas Tables permitted)

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS AND ISENTROPIC FLOWS

6

Energy and momentum equations of compressible fluid flows – Stagnation states, Mach waves and Mach cone – Effect of Mach number on compressibility – Isentropic flow through variable ducts – Nozzle and Diffusers

UNIT II FLOW THROUGH DUCTS

9

Flows through constant area ducts with heat transfer (Rayleigh flow) and Friction (Fanno flow) – variation of flow properties.

UNIT III NORMAL AND OBLIQUE SHOCKS

10

Governing equations – Variation of flow parameters across the normal and oblique shocks – Prandtl – Meyer relations – Applications.

UNIT IV JET PROPULSION

10

Theory of jet propulsion – Thrust equation – Thrust power and propulsive efficiency – Operating principle, cycle analysis and use of stagnation state performance of ram jet, turbojet, turbofan and turbo prop engines.

UNIT V SPACE PROPULSION

10

Types of rocket engines – Propellants-feeding systems – Ignition and combustion – Theory of rocket propulsion – Performance study – Staging – Terminal and characteristic velocity – Applications – space flights.

OUTCOMES:

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

• Upon completion of this course, the students can able to successfully apply gas dynamics principles in the Jet and Space Propulsion

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Anderson, J.D., "Modern Compressible flow", 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 2. Yahya, S.M. "Fundamentals of Compressible Flow", New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 1996.

- 1. Hill. P. and C. Peterson, "Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion", Addison Wesley Publishing company, 1992.
- 2. Zucrow. N.J., "Aircraft and Missile Propulsion", Vol.1 & II, John Wiley, 1975.
- 3. Zucrow. N.J., "Principles of Jet Propulsion and Gas Turbines", John Wiley, New York, 1970.
- 4. Sutton. G.P., "Rocket Propulsion Elements", John wiley, New York, 1986,..
- 5. Shapiro. A.H.," Dynamics and Thermodynamics of Compressible fluid Flow", John wiley, New York. 1953.
- 6. Ganesan. V., "Gas Turbines", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1999.
- 7. Somasundaram. PR.S.L., "Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsions", New Age International

- Publishers, 1996.
- 8.
- Babu. V., "Fundamentals of Gas Dynamics", ANE Books India, 2008.

 Cohen. H., G.E.C. Rogers and Saravanamutto, "Gas Turbine Theory", Longman Group Ltd., 9. 1980.

ME6611

CAD / CAM LABORATORY

LTPC 0032

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain practical experience in handling 2D drafting and 3D modelling software systems.
- To study the features of CNC Machine Tool.
- To expose students to modern control systems (Fanuc, Siemens etc.,)
- To know the application of various CNC machines like CNC lathe, CNC Vertical Machining centre, CNC EDM and CNC wire-cut and studying of Rapid prototyping.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. 3D GEOMETRIC MODELLING

24 PERIODS

List of Experiments

1. Introduction of 3D Modelling software

Creation of 3D assembly model of following machine elements using 3D Modelling software

- 2. Flange Coupling
- 3. Plummer Block
- 4. Screw Jack
- 5. Lathe Tailstock
- 6. Universal Joint
- 7. Machine Vice
- 8. Stuffing box
- 9. Crosshead
- 10. Safety Valves
- 11. Non-return valves
- 12. Connecting rod
- 13. Piston
- 14. Crankshaft

2. Manual Part Programming.

21 PERIODS

- (i) Part Programming CNC Machining Centre
- a) Linear Cutting.
- b) Circular cutting.
- c) Cutter Radius Compensation.
- d) Canned Cycle Operations.
- (ii) Part Programming CNC Turning Centre
- a) Straight, Taper and Radius Turning.
- b) Thread Cutting.
- c) Rough and Finish Turning Cycle.
- d) Drilling and Tapping Cycle.

3. Computer Aided Part Programming

- e) CL Data and Post process generation using CAM packages.
- f) Application of CAPP in Machining and Turning Centre.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

^{*} Students may also be trained in manual drawing of some of the above components

OUTCOMES

- Ability to develop 2D and 3D models using modeling softwares.
- Ability to understand the CNC control in modern manufacturing system.
- Ability to prepare CNC part programming and perform manufacturing.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

S.No.	Description of Equipment	Qty
HARD	WARE	
1.	Computer Server	1
2.	Computer nodes or systems (High end CPU with atleast 1 GB main memory) networked to the server	30
3.	A3 size plotter	1
4.	Laser Printer	1
-5.	CNC Lathe	<u>l</u>
6.	CNC milling machine	1
0.	ONO Milling Machine	1
SOFT	VARE	
7.	Any High end integrated modeling and manufacturing CAD / CAM software	15 licenses
8.	CAM Software for machining centre and turning centre (CNC Programming and tool path simulation for FANUC / Sinumeric and Heidenhain controller)	15 licenses
9.	Licensed operating system	Adequate
10.	Support for CAPP	Adequate

ME6612

DESIGN AND FABRICATION PROJECT

0042

OBJECTIVES:

 The main objective is to give an opportunity to the student to get hands on training in the fabrication of one or more components of a complete working model, which is designed by them.

GUIDELINE FOR REVIEW AND EVALUATION

The students may be grouped into 2 to 4 and work under a project supervisor. The device/ system/component(s) to be fabricated may be decided in consultation with the supervisor and if possible with an industry. A project report to be submitted by the group and the fabricated model, which will be reviewed and evaluated for internal assessment by a Committee constituted by the Head of the Department. At the end of the semester examination the project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

OUTCOMES:

Use of design principles and develop conceptual and engineering design of any components.

Ability to fabricate any components using different manufacturing tools.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS



GE6563

COMMUNICATION SKILLS – LABORATORY BASED

L T P C 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide opportunities to learners to practice their communicative skills to make them become proficient users of English.
- To enable learners to fine-tune their linguistic skills (LSRW) with the help of technology to communicate globally.
- To enhance the performance of learners at placement interviews and group discussions and other recruitment procedures.

UNIT I LISTENING / VIEWING

10

Listening and note-taking – Listening to telephonic conversations – Ted talks – Inspiring Speeches – Watching documentaries on personalities, places, socio-cultural events, TV news programmes and discussions to answer different kinds questions, viz., identifying key idea and comprehension questions... so on.

UNIT II SPEAKING

12

Conversation practice – Interview – Group Discussion – Introducing oneself and others – Role play – Debate – Presentation – Panel discussion – Neutral accent.

UNIT III READING

10

Different genres of text (literature, media, technical) for comprehension – Reading strategies like note-making – reading graphs, charts and graphic organizer – Sequencing sentences – reading online sources like e-books, e-journals and e-newspapers.

UNIT IV WRITING

12

Blogs – Tweets – Online resume/ – e-mails – SMS and Online texting – Report writing – Describing charts and tables – Writing for media on current events.

UNIT V VOCABULARY

8

Idioms and Phrases – Proverbs – Collocations – Chunks of language.

UNIT VI GRAMMAR

8

Sentence structures – Subject-Verb agreement – Pronoun-Antecedent agreement – Tense forms – Active and passive voices – Direct and Indirect speeches – Cohesive devices.

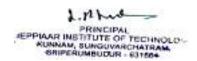
TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Teaching Methods:

- 1. To be totally learner-centric with minimum teacher intervention as the course revolves around practice.
- 2. Suitable audio/video samples from Podcast/YouTube to be used for illustrative purposes.
- 3. Portfolio approach for writing to be followed. Learners are to be encouraged to blog, tweet, text and email employing appropriate language.
- 4. GD/Interview/Role Play/Debate could be conducted off the laboratory (in a regular classroom) but learners are to be exposed to telephonic interview and video conferencing.
- 5. Learners are to be assigned to read/write/listen/view materials outside the classroom as well for graining proficiency and better participation in the class.

Lab Infrastructure:

S. No.	Description of Equipment (minimum configuration)	Qty Required
1	Server	1 No.
	PIV System	
	 1 GB RAM / 40 GB HDD 	



GE2022

TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT

LTPC

3003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definition of quality - Dimensions of manufacturing and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - Definition of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM.

UNIT II TQM PRINCIPLES

9

Leadership – Strategic quality planning, Quality statements - Customer focus – Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement – PDSA cycle, 5s, Kaizen - Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES I

9

The seven traditional tools of quality – New management tools – Six-sigma: Concepts, methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT – Benchmarking – Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process – FMEA – Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES II

9

Quality circles – Quality Function Deployment (QFD) – Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Cost of Quality – Performance measures.

UNIT V QUALITY SYSTEMS

9

Need for ISO 9000- ISO 9000-2000 Quality System – Elements, Documentation, Quality auditing- QS 9000 – ISO 14000 – Concepts, Requirements and Benefits – Case studies of TQM implementation in manufacturing and service sectors including IT.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Dale H.Besterfiled, et at., "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, Indian Reprint (2006).

- 1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 6th Edition, South-Western (Thomson Learning), 2005.
- 2. Oakland, J.S. "TQM Text with Cases", Butterworth Heinemann Ltd., Oxford, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- 3. Suganthi,L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd.,2006.
- 4. Janakiraman,B and Gopal, R.K, "Total Quality Management Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

OBJECTIVE:

• To understand the interdisciplinary applications of Electronics, Electrical, Mechanical and Computer Systems for the Control of Mechanical and Electronic Systems.

UNIT I MECHATRONICS, SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS

9

Introduction to Mechatronics Systems – Measurement Systems – Control Systems – Microprocessor based Controllers. Sensors and Transducers – Performance Terminology – Sensors for Displacement, Position and Proximity; Velocity, Motion, Force, Fluid Pressure, Liquid Flow, Liquid Level, Temperature, Light Sensors – Selection of Sensors

UNIT II ACTUATION SYSTEMS

9

Pneumatic and Hydraulic Systems – Directional Control Valves – Rotary Actuators. Mechanical Actuation Systems – Cams – Gear Trains – Ratchet and pawl – Belt and Chain Drives – Bearings. Electrical Actuation Systems – Mechanical Switches – Solid State Switches – Solenoids – Construction and working principle of DC and AC Motors – speed control of AC and DC drives, Stepper Motors-switching circuitries for stepper motor – AC & DC Servo motors

UNIT III SYSTEM MODELS AND CONTROLLERS

9

Building blocks of Mechanical, Electrical, Fluid and Thermal Systems, Rotational – Transnational Systems, Electromechanical Systems – Hydraulic – Mechanical Systems. Continuous and discrete process Controllers – Control Mode – Two – Step mode – Proportional Mode – Derivative Mode – Integral Mode – PID Controllers – Digital Controllers – Velocity Control – Adaptive Control – Digital Logic Control – Micro Processors Control.

UNIT IV PROGRAMMING LOGIC CONTROLLERS

9

Programmable Logic Controllers – Basic Structure – Input / Output Processing – Programming – Mnemonics – Timers, Internal relays and counters – Shift Registers – Master and Jump Controls – Data Handling – Analogs Input / Output – Selection of a PLC.

UNIT V DESIGN OF MECHATRONICS SYSTEM

9

Stages in designing Mechatronics Systems – Traditional and Mechatronic Design - Possible Design Solutions. Case studies of Mechatronics systems- Pick and place Robot- Autonomous mobile robot-Wireless suriviellance balloon- Engine Management system- Automatic car park barrier.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Bolton,W, "Mechatronics", Pearson education, second edition, fifth Indian Reprint, 2003
- 2. Smaili.A and Mrad.F, "Mechatronics integrated technologies for intelligent machines", Oxford university press, 2008

REFERENCES:

1. Rajput. R.K, A textbook of mechatronics, S. Chand & Co, 2007



- 2. Michael B. Histand and David G. Alciatore, "Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems", McGraw-Hill International Editions, 2000.
- 3. Bradley D. A., Dawson D., Buru N.C. and Loader A.J, "Mechatronics", Chapman and Hall. 1993.
- 4. Dan Necsulesu, "Mechatronics", Pearson Education Asia, 2002 (Indian Reprint).
- 5. Lawrence J. Kamm, "Understanding Electro Mechanical Engineering", An Introduction to Mechatronics, Prentice Hall of India Pvt., Ltd., 2000.
- 6. Nitaigour Premchand Mahadik, "Mechatronics", Tata McGraw-Hill publishing Company Ltd, 2003

ME2402 COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING

LTPC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- This course will enable the student
- To gain knowledge about the basic fundamental of CAD.
- To gain knowledge on how computers are integrated at various levels of planning and manufacturing understand computer aided planning and control and computer monitoring.

UNIT I COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN

9

Concept of CAD as drafting and designing facility, desirable features of CAD package, drawing features in CAD – Scaling, rotation, translation, editing, dimensioning, labeling, Zoom, pan, redraw and regenerate, typical CAD command structure, wire frame modeling, surface modeling and solid modeling (concepts only) in relation to popular CAD packages.

UNIT II COMPONENTS OF CIM

9

CIM as a concept and a technology, CASA/Sme model of CIM, CIM II, benefits of CIM, communication matrix in CIM, fundamentals of computer communication in CIM – CIM data transmission methods – seriel, parallel, asynchronous, synchronous, modulation, demodulation, simplex and duplex. Types of communication in CIM – point to point (PTP), star and multiplexing. Computer networking in CIM – the seven layer OSI model, LAN model, MAP model, network topologies – star, ring and bus, advantages of networks in CIM

UNIT III GROUP TECHNOLOGY AND COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING

9

History Of Group Technology – role of G.T in CAD/CAM Integration – part families-classification and coding – DCLASS and MCLASS and OPTIZ coding systems – facility design using G.T – benefits of G.T – cellular manufacturing. Process planning – role of process planning in CAD/CAM Integration – approaches to computer aided process planning – variant approach and generative approaches – CAPP and CMPP systems.

UNIT IV SHOP FLOOR CONTROL AND INTRODUCTION TO FMS

shop floor control – phases – factory data collection system – automatic identification methods – Bar code technology – automated data collection system.

FMS – components of FMS – types – FMS workstation – material handling and storage system –FMS layout- computer control systems – applications and benefits.



UNIT V COMPUTER AIDED PLANNING AND CONTROL AND COMPUTER MONITORING

Production planning and control – cost planning and control – inventory management – material requirements planning (MRP) – shop floor control. Lean and Agile Manufacturing. Types of production monitoring systems – structure model of manufacturing – process control and strategies – direct digital control.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Mikell. P. Groover "Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Pearson Education 2001.

REFERENCES:

- Mikell. P. Groover and Emory Zimmers Jr., "CAD/CAM", Prentice hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1998.
- 2. James A. Regh and Henry W. Kreabber, "Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Pearson Education second edition, 2005.
- 3. Chris McMahon and Jimmie Browne, "CAD CAM Principles, Practice and Manufacturing Management", Pearson Education second edition, 2005.
- 4. Ranky, Paul G., "Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Prentice hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2005.
- 5. Yorem Koren, "Computer Integrated Manufacturing", McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 6. P N Rao, "CAD/CAM Principles and Applications", TMH Publications, 2007.

ME2403

POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVE:

 To understand the various components, operations and applications of different types of power plants

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO POWER PLANTS AND BOILERS

9

Layout of Steam , Hydel , Diesel , MHD, Nuclear and Gas turbine Power Plants Combined Power cycles – comparison and selection , Load duration Curves Steam boilers and cycles – High pressure and Super Critical Boilers – Fluidised Bed Boilers

UNIT II STEAM POWER PLANT

9

Fuel and ash handling ,Combustion Equipment for burning coal, Mechanical Stokers. Pulveriser, Electrostatic Precipitator, Draught- Different Types, Surface condenser types, cooling Towers

UNIT III NUCLEAR AND HYDEL POWER PLANTS

9

Nuclear Energy-Fission, Fusion Reaction, Types of Reactors, Pressurized water reactor, Boiling water reactor, Waste disposal and safety Hydel Power plant- Essential elements, Selection of turbines, governing of Turbines- Micro hydel developments

UNIT IV DIESEL AND GAS TURBINE POWER PLANT

9

Types of diesel plants, components, Selection of Engine type, applications-Gas turbine power plant- Fuels- Gas turbine material – open and closed cycles- reheating – Regeneration and intercooling – combines cycle



UNIT V OTHER POWER PLANTS AND ECONOMICS OF POWER PLANTS 9

Geo thermal- OTEC- tidel- Pumped storage –Solar central receiver system Cost of electric Energy- Fixed and operating costs-Energy rates- Types tariffs- Economics of load sharing, comparison of various power plants.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Arora S.C and Domkundwar S, "A Course in Power Plant Engineering", Dhanpat Rai. 2001
- 2. Nag P.K, "Power Plant Engineering". Third edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007

REFERENCES:

- 1. EI-Wakil M.M ,Power "Plant Technology," Tata McGraw-Hill 1984
- 2. K.K.Ramalingam, "Power Plant Engineering", Scitech Publications, 2002
- 3. G.R, Nagpal, "Power Plant Engineering", Khanna Publishers 1998
- 4. G.D.Rai, "Introduction to Power Plant technology" Khanna Publishers, 1995

ME2027 PROCESS PLANNING AND COST ESTIMATION

L T PC 3 00 3

OBJECTIVE:

☐ To introduce the process planning concepts To make cost estimation for various products after process planning

UNIT I WORK STUDY AND ERGONOMICS

10

Method study – Definition – Objectives-Motion economy- Principles – Tools and Techniques-Applications – Work measurements- purpose – use – procedure – tools and techniques- Standard time – Ergonomics – principles – applications.

UNIT II PROCESS PLANNING

10

Definition – Objective – Scope – approaches to process planning- Process planning activities – Finished part requirements- operating sequences- machine selection – material selection parameters- Set of documents for process planning- Developing manufacturing logic and knowledge- production time calculation – selection of cost optimal processes.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO COST ESTIMATION

7

Objective of cost estimation- costing – cost accounting- classification of cost- Elements of cost.

UNIT IV COST ESTIMATION

8

Types of estimates – methods of estimates – data requirements and sources- collection of cost- allowances in estimation.



UNIT V PRODUCTION COST ESTIMATION

10

Estimation of material cost, labour cost and over heads, allocation of overheads – Estimation for different types of jobs.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sinha.B.P., "Mechanical Estimating and Costing", Tata McGraw-Hill, Publishing Co., 1995

REFERENCES:

- 1. Phillip.F Ostwalal and Jairo Munez, "Manufacturing Processes and systems", John Wiley, 9th Edition, 1998
- 2. Russell.R.S and Tailor, B.W, "Operations Management", PHI, 4th Edition, 2003.
- 3. Chitale.A.V. and Gupta.R.C., "Product Design and Manufacturing", PHI, 2nd Edition, 2002.

ME2034

NUCLEAR ENGINEERING

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVE

☐ To gain some fundamental knowledge about nuclear physics, nuclear reactor, nuclear fuels, reactors and safe disposal of nuclear wastes.

UNIT I NUCLEAR PHYSICS

9

Nuclear model of an atom-Equivalence of mass and energy-binding- radio activity-half life-neutron interactions-cross sections.

UNIT II NUCLEAR REACTIONS AND REACTION MATERIALS

9

Mechanism of nuclear fission and fusion- radio activity- chain reactions-critical mass and composition-nuclear fuel cycles and its characteristics-uranium production and purification-Zirconium, thorium, beryllium.

UNIT III REPROCESSING

9

Reprocessing: nuclear fuel cycles-spent fuel characteristics-role of solvent extraction in reprocessing-solvent extraction equipment.

UNIT IV NUCLEAR REACTOR

9

Nuclear reactors: types of fast breeding reactors-design and construction of fast breeding reactors-heat transfer techniques in nuclear reactors- reactor shielding. Fusion reactors.

UNIT V SAFETY AND DISPOSAL

9

Safety and disposal: Nuclear plant safety-safety systems-changes and consequences of accident-criteria for safety-nuclear waste-types of waste and its disposal-radiation hazards and their prevention-weapons proliferation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Thomas J.Cannoly, "Fundamentals of nuclear Engineering" John Wiley 1978.

REFERENCES:

1. Collier J.G., and Hewitt G.F, "Introduction to Nuclear power", Hemisphere publishing, New York. 1987

Wakil M.M.El., "Power Plant Technology" – McGraw-Hill International, 1984.

ME2404 COMPUTER AIDED SIMULATION AND ANALYSIS LABORATORY

LTP C 0 0 3 2

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

A. SIMULATION 8

Simulation of Air conditioning system with condenser temperature and evaporator temperatures as input to get COP using C /MAT Lab.

Simulation of Hydraulic / Pneumatic cylinder using C / MAT Lab.

Simulation of cam and follower mechanism using C / MAT Lab.

B. ANALYSIS (SIMPLE TREATMENT ONLY)

37

- 1. Stress analysis of a plate with a circular hole.
- 2. Stress analysis of rectangular L bracket
- 3. Stress analysis of an axi-symmetric component
- 4. Stress analysis of beams (Cantilever, Simply supported, Fixed ends)
- 5. Mode frequency analysis of a 2 D component
- 6. Mode frequency analysis of beams (Cantilever, Simply supported, Fixed ends)
- 7. Harmonic analysis of a 2D component
- 8. Thermal stress analysis of a 2D component
- 9. Conductive heat transfer analysis of a 2D component
- 10. Convective heat transfer analysis of a 2D component

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS

(For a batch of 30 students)

Computer System 30

17" VGA Color Monitor

Pentium IV Processor

40 GB HDD

512 MB RAM

Color Desk Jet Printer 01

Software

Suitable analysis software 30 licenses

C / MATLAB 5 licenses

ME2405 MECHATRONICS LABORATORY L T P C (COMMON TO MECHANICAL AND PRODUCTION VI SEMESTER) 0 0 3 2

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- Design and testing of fluid power circuits to control
 (i) velocity (ii) direction and (iii) force of single and double acting actuators
- 2. Design of circuits with logic sequence using Electro pneumatic trainerkits.
- 3. Simulation of basic Hydraulic, Pneumatic and Electric circuits using software
- 4. Circuits with multiple cylinder sequences in Electro pneumatic using PLC
- 5. Speed Control of AC & DC drives
- 6. Servo controller interfacing for DC motor
- 7. PID controller interfacing
- 8. Stepper motor interfacing with 8051 Micro controller (i) full step resolution (ii) half step resolution
- Modeling and analysis of basic electrical, hydraulic and pneumatic systems using LAB VIEW
- 10. Computerized data logging system with control for process variables like pressure flow and temperature.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT

(For a batch of 30 students)

1.	Basic Pneumatic Trainer Kit with manual and electrical controls/	
	PLC Control each	- 1 No.
2.	Basic Hydraulic Trainer Kit	- 1 No.
3.	Hydraulics and Pneumatics Systems Simulation Software /	
	Automation studio sets	- 10 No
4.	8051 - Microcontroller kit with stepper motor and drive circuit sets	- 2 No.
5.	LAB VIEW software with Sensors to measure Pressure,	
	Flow rate, direction, speed, velocity and force.seats	- 2 No.



MG2451 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS AND COST ANALYSIS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To learn about the basics of economics and cost analysis related to engineering so as to take economically sound decisions.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS

8

Introduction to Economics- Flow in an economy, Law of supply and demand, Concept of Engineering Economics – Engineering efficiency, Economic efficiency, Scope of engineering economics- Element of costs, Marginal cost, Marginal Revenue, Sunk cost, Opportunity cost, Break-even analysis- V ratio, Elementary economic Analysis – Material selection for product Design selection for a product, Process planning.

UNIT II VALUE ENGINEERING

10

Make or buy decision, Value engineering – Function, aims, Value engineering procedure. Interest formulae and their applications –Time value of money, Single payment compound amount factor, Single payment present worth factor, Equal payment series sinking fund factor, Equal payment series payment Present worth factor- equal payment series capital recovery factor-Uniform gradient series annual equivalent factor, Effective interest rate, Examples in all the methods.

UNIT III CASH FLOW

9

Methods of comparison of alternatives – present worth method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram), Future worth method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram, cost dominated cash flow diagram), Annual equivalent method (Revenue dominated cash flow diagram, cost dominated cash flow diagram), rate of return method, Examples in all the methods.

UNIT IV REPLACEMENT AND MAINTENANCE ANALYSIS

9

Replacement and Maintenance analysis – Types of maintenance, types of replacement problem, determination of economic life of an asset, Replacement of an asset with a new asset – capital recovery with return and concept of challenger and defender, Simple probabilistic model for items which fail completely.

UNIT V DEPRECIATION

9

Depreciation- Introduction, Straight line method of depreciation, declining balance method of depreciation-Sum of the years digits method of depreciation, sinking fund method of depreciation/ Annuity method of depreciation, service output method of depreciation-Evaluation of public alternatives- introduction, Examples, Inflation adjusted decisions – procedure to adjust inflation, Examples on comparison of alternatives and determination of economic life of asset.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Panneer Selvam, R, "Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India Ltd, New Delhi, 2001
- 2. Suma Damodaran, "Managerial economics", Oxford university press 2006.



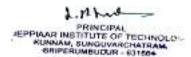
REFERENCES:

- 1. Chan S.Park, "Contemporary Engineering Economics", Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- 2. Donald.G. Newman, Jerome.P.Lavelle, "Engineering Economics and analysis" Engg. Press, Texas, 2002
- 3. Degarmo, E.P., Sullivan, W.G and Canada, J.R, "Engineering Economy", Macmillan, New York, 1984
- 4. Grant.E.L., Ireson.W.G., and Leavenworth, R.S, "Principles of Engineering Economy", Ronald Press, New York, 1976.
- 5. Smith, G.W., "Engineering Economy", Lowa State Press, Iowa, 1973.
- 6. Truett & Truett, "Managerial economics- Analysis, problems & cases "Wiley India 8th edition 2004.
- 7. Luke M Froeb / Brian T Mccann, "Managerail Economics A problem solving approach" Thomson learning 2007.

ME2452 COMPREHENSION LTPC 0021

OBJECTIVE:

- The objective of comprehension is to provide opportunity for the student to apply the knowledge acquired during the earlier semesters to real life problems which he / she may have to face in future as an engineer.
- While learning as how to solve the real life problems, student will receive guidance from the faculty and also review various courses learnt earlier.
- Further this comprehension is to achieve an understanding of the fundamentals of contemporary manufacturing systems including materials, manufacturing process, product and process control, computer integrated manufacture and quality.
- The students work in groups and solve a variety of problems given to them.
- The problems given to the students should be of real like industrial problems selected by a group of faculty members of the concerned department.
- A minimum of three small problems have to be solved by each group of students.
 The evaluation is based on continuous assessment by a group of Faculty Members constituted by the professor in-charge of the course.



- The objective of the project work is to enable the students in convenient groups of not more than 4 members on a project involving theoretical and experimental studies related to the branch of study.
- Every project work shall have a guide who is the member of the faculty of the institution.
- Six periods per week shall be allotted in the time table and this time shall be utilized
 by the students to receive the directions from the guide, on library reading, laboratory
 work, computer analysis or field work as assigned by the guide and also to present in
 periodical seminars on the progress made in the project.
- The aim of the project work is to deepen comprehension of principles by applying them to a new problem which may be the design and manufacture of a device, a research investigation, a computer or management project or a design problem.
- The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews.
- The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department.
- Each student shall finally produce a comprehensive report covering background information, literature survey, problem statement, project work details and conclusion.
- This final report shall be typewritten form as specified in the guidelines.
- The continuous assessment shall be made as prescribed in the regulations (vide clause 10.3 of Regulations 2004 for B.E., B.Tech. programmes)
 Electives

ME2037 MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the student to understand the principles, functions and practices adapted in industry for the successful management of maintenance activities.
- To explain the different maintenance categories like Preventive maintenance, condition monitoring and repair of machine elements.
- To illustrate some of the simple instruments used for condition monitoring in industry.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF MAINTENANCE PLANNING 9Basic Principles of maintenance planning – Objectives and principles of planned maintenance activity – Importance and benefits of sound Maintenance systems – Reliability and machine availability – MTBF, MTTR and MWT – Factors of availability – Maintenance organization – Maintenance economics.

UNIT II MAINTENANCE POLICIES – PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCEMaintenance categories – Comparative merits of each category – Preventive maintenance, maintenance schedules, repair cycle - Principles and methods of lubrication – TPM.

UNIT III CONDITION MONITORING

9

Condition Monitoring – Cost comparison with and without CM – On-load testing and offload testing – Methods and instruments for CM – Temperature sensitive tapes – Pistol thermometers – wear-debris analysis

UNIT IV REPAIR METHODS FOR BASIC MACHINE ELEMENTS

10

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Repair methods for beds, slideways, spindles, gears, lead screws and bearings – Failure analysis – Failures and their development – Logical fault location methods – Sequential fault location.

UNIT V REPAIR METHODS FOR MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT 8 Repair methods for Material handling equipment - Equipment records –Job order systems -Use of computers in maintenance.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Srivastava S.K., "Industrial Maintenance Management", S. Chand and Co., 1981
- 2. Bhattacharya S.N., "Installation, Servicing and Maintenance", S. Chand and Co., 1995

REFERENCES:

- 1. White E.N., "Maintenance Planning", I Documentation, Gower Press, 1979.
- 2. Garg M.R., "Industrial Maintenance", S. Chand & Co., 1986.
- 3. Higgins L.R., "Maintenance Engineering Hand book", McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 1988.
- 4. Armstrong, "Condition Monitoring", BSIRSA, 1988.
- 5. Davies, "Handbook of Condition Monitoring", Chapman & Hall, 1996.
- 6. "Advances in Plant Engineering and Management", Seminar Proceedings IIPE, 1996.

ME2041

ADVANCED I.C. ENGINES

LTP C 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To update the knowledge in engine exhaust emission control and alternate fuels
- To enable the students to understand the recent developments in IC Engines

UNIT I SPARK IGNITION ENGINES

9

Air-fuel ratio requirements, Design of carburetor –fuel jet size and venture size, Stages of combustion-normal and abnormal combustion, Factors affecting knock, Combustion chambers, Introduction to thermodynamic analysis of SI Engine combustion process.

UNIT II COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES

9

Stages of combustion-normal and abnormal combustion – Factors affecting knock, Direct and Indirect injection systems, Combustion chambers, Turbo charging, Introduction to Thermodynamic Analysis of CI Engine Combustion process.

UNIT III ENGINE EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL

9

Formation of NO_X , HC/CO mechanism, Smoke and Particulate emissions, Green House Effect, Methods of controlling emissions, Three way catalytic converter and Particulate Trap, Emission (HC,CO, NO and NO_{X_+}) measuring equipments, Smoke and Particulate measurement, Indian Driving Cycles and emission norms

UNIT IV ALTERNATE FUELS

9

Alcohols , Vegetable oils and bio-diesel, Bio-gas, Natural Gas , Liquefied Petroleum Gas ,Hydrogen , Properties , Suitability, Engine Modifications, Performance , Combustion and Emission Characteristics of SI and CI Engines using these alternate fuels.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS

9

Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition Engine, Lean Burn Engine, Stratified Charge Engine, Surface Ignition Engine, Four Valve and Overhead cam Engines, Electronic Engine Management, Common Rail Direct Injection Diesel Engine, Gasoline Direct Injection Engine, Data Acquisition System –pressure pick up, charge amplifier PC for Combustion and Heat release analysis in Engines.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Heinz Heisler, 'Advanced Engine Technology," SAE International Publications, USA,1998

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2. Ganesan V.." Internal Combustion Engines", Third Edition, Tata Mcgraw-Hill ,2007

REFERENCES:

- 1. John B Heywood," Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals", Tata McGraw-Hill1988
- 2. Patterson D.J. and Henein N.A, "Emissions from combustion engines and their control," Ann Arbor Science publishers Inc, USA, 1978
- 3. Gupta H.N, "Fundamentals of Internal Combustion Engines" ,Prentice Hall of India, 2006
- 4. Ultrich Adler ," Automotive Electric / Electronic Systems, Published by Robert Bosh GmbH,1995

IT

- To enable learners of Engineering and Technology develop their basic communication skills in English.
- To emphasize specially the development of speaking skills amongst learners of Engineering and Technology.
- To ensure that learners use the electronic media such as internet and supplement the learning materials used in the classroom.
- To inculcate the habit of reading and writing leading to effective and efficient communication.

UNIT I 9+3

Listening - Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening to audio (verbal & sounds), Speaking - Speaking about one's place, important festivals etc. - Introducing oneself, one's family / friend; Reading - Skimming a reading passage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing - Free writing on any given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.) - Sentence completion - Autobiographical writing (writing about one's leisure time activities, hometown, etc.); Grammar - Prepositions - Reference words - Wh-questions - Tenses (Simple), Vocabulary - Word formation - Word expansion (root words / etymology); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar & Vocabulary - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to audio files and answering questions.

UNIT II

Listening - Listening and responding to video lectures / talks, Speaking - Describing a simple process (filling a form, etc.) - Asking and answering questions - Telephone skills - Telephone etiquette, Reading - Critical reading - Finding key information in a given text - Sifting facts from opinions; Writing - Biographical writing (place, people) - Process descriptions (general/specific) - Definitions - Recommendations - Instructions; Grammar - Use of imperatives - Subject-verb agreement, Vocabulary - Compound words - Word Association (connotation); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening exercises with sample telephone conversations / lectures - Picture-based activities.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to specific task - focused audio tracks, Speaking - Role-play - Simulation - Group interaction - Speaking in formal situations (teachers, officials, foreigners); Reading - Reading and interpreting visual material; Writing - Jumbled sentences - Coherence and cohesion in writing - Channel conversion (flowchart into process) - Types of paragraph (cause and effect / compare and contrast / narrative / analytical) - Informal writing (letter/e-mail/blogs) - Paraphrasing, Grammar - Tenses (Past) - Use of sequence words - Adjectives; Vocabulary - Different forms and uses of words, Cause and effect words; E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Excerpts from films related to the theme and follow up exercises - Pictures of flow charts and tables for interpretations.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Watching videos / documentaries and responding to questions based on them; Speaking - Responding to questions - Different forms of interviews - Speaking at different types of interviews, Reading - Making inference from the reading passage - Predicting the content of a reading passage; Writing - Interpreting visual materials (line graphs, pie charts etc.) - Essay writing - Different types of essays; Grammar - Adverbs - Tenses - future time reference; Vocabulary - Single word substitutes - Use of abbreviations and acronyms, E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sample interviews - film scenes - dialogue writing.

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UNITV 9+3

Listening - Listening to different accents, Listening to Speeches/Presentations, Listening to broadcast and telecast from Radio and TV; Speaking - Giving impromptu talks, Making presentations on given topics; Reading - Email communication - Reading the attachment files having a poem/joke/proverb - Sending their responses through email, Writing - Creative writing, Poster making, Grammar - Direct and indirect speech; Vocabulary - Lexical items (fixed / semi fixed expressions); E-materials - Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Sending emails with attachment - Audio / video excerpts of different accents - Interpreting posters.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to:

- Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents.

TEXTBOOKS:

- Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- Raman, Meenakshi & Sangeetha Sharma, Technical Communication, Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011
- Regional Institute of English. English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press, New Delhi. 2006
- Rizvi, Ashraf. M. Effective Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2005
- 4. Rutherford, Andrea. J Basic Communication Skills for Technology. Pearson, New Delhi, 2001
- Viswamohan, Aysha. English for Technical Communication. Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. 2008

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

Kalam, Abdul. Wings of Fire. Universities Press, Hyderabad. 1999.

WEBSITES:

- http://www.usingenglish.com
- http://www.uefap.com

TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like self introduction, peer introduction, group poster making, grammar and vocabulary games, etc.
- Discussions
- Role play activities
- Short presentations
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussion, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc.



EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Reviews
- Creative writing
- Poster making, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

Speaking assessment: Individual speaking activities, Pair work activities like role play, Interview, Group discussions

Reading assessment. Reading passages with comprehension questions graded from simple to complex, from direct to inferential

Writing assessment: Writing paragraphs, essays etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.

Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6151 MATHEMATICS - I

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop the use of matrix algebra techniques this is needed by engineers for practical applications.
- To make the student knowledgeable in the area of infinite series and their convergence so that he/ she will be familiar with limitations of using infinite series approximations for solutions arising in mathematical modeling.
- To familiarize the student with functions of several variables. This is needed in many branches
 of engineering.
- To introduce the concepts of improper integrals, Gamma, Beta and Error functions which are needed in engineering applications.
- To acquaint the student with mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple integrals and their usage.

UNIT I MATRICES 9+3

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Statement and applications of Cayley-Hamilton Theorem – Diagonalization of matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms.

UNIT II SEQUENCES AND SERIES

9+3

LTPC

310

Sequences: Definition and examples — Series. Types and Convergence — Series of positive terms — Tests of convergence: Comparison test, Integral test and D"Alembert's ratio test — Alternating series — Leibnitz's test — Series of positive and negative terms — Absolute and conditional convergence.

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UNIT III APPLICATIONS OF DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

9+3

Curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates – Centre and radius of curvature – Circle of curvature – Evolutes – Envelopes - Evolute as envelope of normals.

UNIT IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

9+3

Limits and Continuity – Partial derivatives – Total derivative – Differentiation of implicit functions – Jacobian and properties – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

9+3

Double integrals in cartesian and polar coordinates – Change of order of integration – Area enclosed by plane curves – Change of variables in double integrals – Area of a curved surface - Triple integrals – Volume of Solids.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

 This course equips students to have basic knowledge and understanding in one fields of materials, integral and differential calculus.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- Grewal, B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011
- Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012
- 3. Peter V. O"Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, (2012).
- Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

PH6151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS - I

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

 To enhance the fundamental knowledge in Physics and its applications relevant to various streams of Engineering and Technology.

UNIT I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

9

Lattice — Unit cell — Bravais lattice — Lattice planes — Miller indices — d spacing in cubic lattice — Calculation of number of atoms per unit cell — Atomic radius — Coordination number — Packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures — Diamond and graphite structures (qualitative treatment)—Crystal growth techniques —solution, melt (Bridgman and Czochralski) and vapour growth techniques (qualitative)



UNIT II PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND THERMAL PHYSICS

Elasticity- Hooke's law - Relationship between three modulii of elasticity (qualitative) – stress -strain diagram – Poisson's ratio –Factors affecting elasticity –Bending moment – Depression of a cantilever –Young's modulus by uniform bending- I-shaped girders

Modes of heat transfer- thermal conductivity- Newton's law of cooling - Linear heat flow - Lee's disc method - Radial heat flow - Rubber tube method - conduction through compound media (series and parallel)

UNIT III QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation — Planck's theory (derivation) — Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh — Jeans' Law from Planck's theory — Compton effect. Theory and experimental verification — Properties of Matter waves — G.P Thomson experiment -Schrödinger's wave equation — Time independent and time dependent equations — Physical significance of wave function — Particle in a one dimensional box - Electron microscope - Scanning electron microscope - Transmission electron microscope.

UNIT IV ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS

9

Classification of Sound- decibel- Weber-Fechner law - Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method - Absorption Coefficient and its determination -factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing - pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C scan displays, Medical applications - Sonogram

UNIT V PHOTONICS AND FIBRE OPTICS 9 Spontaneous and stimulated emission- Population inversion -Einstein's A and B coefficients -

derivation. Types of lasers – Nd.YAG, CO₂, Semiconductor lasers (homojunction & heterojunction)-Industrial and Medical Applications.

Principle and propagation of light in optical fibres – Numerical aperture and Acceptance angle - Types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – attenuation, dispersion, bending - Fibre Optical Communication system (Block diagram) - Active and passive fibre sensors- Endoscope.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will have knowledge on the basics of physics related to properties of matter, Optics, acoustics etc., and they will apply these fundamental principles to solve practical problems related to materials used for engineering applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- Arumugam M. Engineering Physics. Anuradha publishers, 2010.
- Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L. Engineering Physics. Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2009.
- Mani Naidu S. Engineering Physics, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- Searls and Zemansky. University Physics, 2009
- 2. Mani P. Engineering Physics I. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009.
- Palanisamy P.K. Engineering Physics. SCITECH Publications, 2011.
- Rajagopal K. Engineering Physics. PHI, New Delhi, 2011.
- Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics I. VRB Publishers, 2011.

EPPERATE DE TECHNOLOS ACTIONS ACTIONS

- To make the students conversant with basics of polymer chemistry.
- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of second law of thermodynamics and second law based derivations of importance in engineering applications in all disciplines.
- To acquaint the student with concepts of important photophysical and photochemical processes and spectroscopy.
- To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.
- To acquaint the students with the basics of nano materials, their properties and applications.

UNIT I POLYMER CHEMISTRY

9

Introduction: Classification of polymers – Natural and synthetic, Thermoplastic and Thermosetting. Functionality – Degree of polymerization. Types and mechanism of polymerization. Addition (Free Radical, cationic and anionic); condensation and copolymerization. Properties of polymers: Tg, Tacticity, Molecular weight – weight average, number average and polydispersity index. Techniques of polymerization: Bulk, emulsion, solution and suspension. Preparation, properties and uses of Nylon 6,6, and Epoxy resin.

UNIT II CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS

9

Terminology of thermodynamics - Second law. Entropy - entropy change for an ideal gas, reversible and irreversible processes, entropy of phase transitions, Clausius inequality. Free energy and work function. Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy functions (problems), Criteria of spontaneity, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation (problems), Clausius-Clapeyron equation, Maxwell relations — Van't Hoff isotherm and isochore(problems).

UNIT III PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY

9

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Quantum efficiency - determination- Photo processes - Internal Conversion, Inter-system crossing, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescence and Photo-sensitization. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - Absorption of radiation - Electronic, Vibrational and rotational transitions. UV-visible and IR spectroscopy - principles, instrumentation (Block diagram only).

UNIT IV PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS

9

Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, One Component System- water system - Reduced phase rule - Two Component Systems- classification - lead-silver system, zinc-magnesium system. Alloys: Introduction- Definition- Properties of alloys- Significance of alloying, Functions and effect of alloying elements- Ferrous alloys- Nichrome and Stainless steel - heat treatment of steel, Non-ferrous alloys - brass and bronze.

UNIT V NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Basics - distinction between molecules, nanoparticles and bulk materials, size-dependent properties, nanoparticles: nano cluster, nano rod, nanotube(CNT) and nanowire. Synthesis: precipitation, thermolysis, hydrothermal, solvothermal, electrodeposition, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation; Properties and applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

 The knowledge gained on polymer chemistry, thermodynamics, spectroscopy, phase rule and nano materials will provide a strong platform to understand the concepts on these subjects for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Jain P.C. and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2010
- Kannan P., Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- Dara S.S, Umare S.S, "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi 2010
- Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
- Gowariker V.R., Viswanathan N.V. and JayadevSreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International P (Ltd.,), Chennai, 2006.
- Ozin G. A. and Arsenault A. C., "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", RSC Publishing, 2005.

GE6151

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Learn the organization of a digital computer.
- Be exposed to the number systems.
- Learn to think logically and write pseudo code or draw flow charts for problems.
- · Be exposed to the syntax of C.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use arrays, strings, functions, pointers, structures and unions in C.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Generation and Classification of Computers- Basic Organization of a Computer -Number System -Binary - Decimal - Conversion - Problems. Need for logical analysis and thinking - Algorithm -Pseudo code - Flow Chart.

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING BASICS

10

Problem formulation – Problem Solving - Introduction to "C" programming –fundamentals – structure of a "C" program – compilation and linking processes – Constants, Variables – Data Types – Expressions using operators in "C" – Managing Input and Output operations – Decision Making and Branching – Looping statements – solving simple scientific and statistical problems.

UNIT IIIARRAYS AND STRINGS

9

Arrays – Initialization – Declaration – One dimensional and Two dimensional arrays, String-String operations – String Arrays. Simple programs-sorting-searching – matrix operations.



UNIT IV FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS

9

Function – definition of function – Declaration of function – Pass by value – Pass by reference – Recursion – Pointers - Definition – Initialization – Pointers arithmetic – Pointers and arrays- Example Problems.

UNIT V STRUCTURES AND UNIONS

9

Introduction – need for structure data type – structure definition – Structure declaration – Structure within a structure - Union - Programs using structures and Unions – Storage classes, Pre-processor directives.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design C Programs for problems.
- Write and execute C programs for simple applications

TEXTBOOKS:

- Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, 2011.
- Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Fundamentals of Computing and Programming in C", First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2009
- Yashavant P. Kanetkar, "Let Us C", BPB Publications, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- Byron S Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum"s Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- Dromey R.G., "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint, 2007.
- Kernighan, B.W and Ritchie, D.M., "The C Programming language", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

GE6152

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

LT PC

20 34

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop in students, graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of Engineering products
- To expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

1

Importance of graphics in engineering applications – Use of drafting instruments – BIS conventions and specifications – Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets – Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT I PLANE CURVES AND FREE HAND SKETCHING

5+9

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices. Conics – Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method – Construction of cycloid – construction of involutes of square and circle – Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves, Scales; Construction of Diagonal and Vernier scales.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching. Visualization principles -Representation of Three Dimensional objects - Layout of views- Free hand sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

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UNIT II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACES

5+ 9

Orthographic projection- principles-Principal planes-First angle projection-projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and traces Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.

UNIT III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

5+9

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.

UNIT IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

5+9

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes

UNIT V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6+9 Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale –Isometric projections of simple solids and

truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones- combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions and miscellaneous problems. Perspective projection of simple solids-Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING (Demonstration Only)

3

Introduction to drafting packages and demonstration of their use.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Perform free hand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of objects.
- Do orthographic projection of lines and plane surfaces.
- Draw projections and solids and development of surfaces.
- Prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.
- Demonstrate computer aided drafting

TEXT BOOK:

 Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 50th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2007.
- Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2008.
- Natrajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2009.
- Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.



Publication of Bureau of Indian Standards:

- IS 10711 2001: Technical products Documentation Size and lay out of drawing sheets.
- IS 9609 (Parts 0 & 1) 2001: Technical products Documentation Lettering.
- IS 10714 (Part 20) 2001 & SP 46 2003: Lines for technical drawings.
- IS 11669 1986 & SP 46 2003. Dimensioning of Technical Drawings.
- IS 15021 (Parts 1 to 4) 2001. Technical drawings Projection Methods.

Special points applicable to University Examinations on Engineering Graphics:

- There will be five questions, each of either or type covering all units of the syllabus.
- 2. All questions will carry equal marks of 20 each making a total of 100.
- The answer paper shall consist of drawing sheets of A3 size only. The students will be permitted to use appropriate scale to fit solution within A3 size.
- The examination will be conducted in appropriate sessions on the same day

GE6161

COMPUTER PRACTICES LABORATORY

LTPC 0 032

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- . Be familiar with the use of Office software.
- Be exposed to presentation and visualization tools.
- Be exposed to problem solving techniques and flow charts.
- Be familiar with programming in C.
- Learn to use Arrays, strings, functions, structures and unions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- Search, generate, manipulate data using MS office/ Open Office
- Presentation and Visualization graphs, charts, 2D, 3D
- 3. Problem formulation, Problem Solving and Flowcharts
- C Programming using Simple statements and expressions.
- Scientific problem solving using decision making and looping.
- Simple programming for one dimensional and two dimensional arrays.
- Solving problems using String functions
- 8. Programs with user defined functions Includes Parameter Passing
- Program using Recursive Function and conversion from given program to flow chart.
- Program using structures and unions.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Apply good programming design methods for program development.
- Design and implement C programs for simple applications.
- Develop recursive programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

(or)

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

A PLANT TO PROCESS OF THE PROCESS OF

 To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)

CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

9

Buildings:

 (a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions, valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.

(e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise.

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints and tee joints.
- (b) Gas welding practice

Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending.
- (b) Model making Trays, funnels, etc.
- (c) Different type of joints.

Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

- (a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending. Example

 Exercise Production of hexagonal headed bolt.
- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting Exercises Preparation of square fitting and vee fitting models.

SOURCE IN TECHNICO - CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY O

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

III ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

10

- Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.
- 2. Fluorescent lamp wiring.
- 3. Stair case wiring
- Measurement of electrical quantities voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.
- Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.
- Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.

IVELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

13

- Study of Electronic components and equipments Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, rms period, frequency) using CR.
- Study of logic gates AND, OR, EOR and NOT.
- 3. Generation of Clock Signal.
- Soldering practice Components Devices and Circuits Using general purpose PCB
- Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

- Ability to fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
- Ability to use welding equipments to join the structures.
- · Ability to fabricate electrical and electronics circuits.

Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

CIVIL

plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs	and
other fittings.	15 Sets.
Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench)	15 Nos.
Standard woodworking tools	15 Sets.
4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints	5 each
5. Power Tools. (a) Rotary Hammer	2 Nos
(b) Demolition Hammer	2 Nos
(c) Circular Saw	2 Nos
(d) Planer	2 Nos
(e) Hand Drilling Machine	2 Nos
(f) Jigsaw	2 Nos
MECHANICAL	
Arc welding transformer with cables and holders	5 Nos.
Welding booth with exhaust facility	5 Nos.
3. Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer,	
wire brush, etc.	5 Sets.
Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other	
welding outfit.	2 Nos.
5. Centre lathe	2 Nos.
6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools	2 Sets.
7. Moulding table, foundry tools	2 Sets.
17	



8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder	2 Nos
9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner	One each.
ELECTRICAL	
Assorted electrical components for house wiring	15 Sets
Electrical measuring instruments	10 Sets
3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emerge	ncy lamp 1 each
4 Megger (250V/500V)	1 No.
5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder	2 Nos
(b) Digital Live-wire detector	2 Nos
ELECTRONICS	
1. Soldering guns	10 Nos.
2. Assorted electronic components for making circuits	50 Nos.
3. Small PCBs	10 Nos.
4 Multimeters	10 Nos.
Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage p supply	

REFERENCES:

- Jeyachandran K., Natarajan S. & Balasubramanian S., "A Primer on Engineering Practices Laboratory", Anuradha Publications, (2007).
- 2. Jeyapoovan T., Saravanapandian M. & Pranitha S., "Engineering Practices Lab Manual", Vikas
- Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, (2007).
- Rajendra Prasad A. & Sarma P.M.M.S., "Workshop Practice", Sree Sai Publication, (2002).
- Kannaiah P. & Narayana K.L., "Manual on Workshop Practice", Scitech Publications, (1999).

GE6163

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - I

LT PC

PHYSICS LABORATORY - I

OBJECTIVES:

To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- (a) Determination of Wavelength, and particle size using Laser
 - (b) Determination of acceptance angle in an optical fiber.
- Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic Interferometer.
- 3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectrum spectrometer grating
- Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Lee's Disc method.
- 5. Determination of Young's modulus by Non uniform bending method
- Determination of specific resistance of a given coil of wire Carey Foster's Bridge

OUTCOMES:

The hands on exercises undergone by the students will help them to apply physics principles of optics and thermal physics to evaluate engineering properties of materials.

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LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- Diode laser, lycopodium powder, glass plate, optical fiber.
- 2. Ultrasonic interferometer
- 3. Spectrometer, mercury lamp, grating
- Lee's Disc experimental set up
- Traveling microscope, meter scale, knife edge, weights
- Carey foster's bridge set up (vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY-I

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Any FIVE Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric and instrumental analysis.
- To acquaint the students with the determination of molecular weight of a polymer by vacometry.
- Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
- 2 Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method
- 3 Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter
- 4 Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter
- 5 Estimation of iron content of the water sample using spectrophotometer (1,10- phenanthroline / thiocyanate method)
- 6 Determination of molecular weight of polyvinylalcohol using Ostwald viscometer
- 7 Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be outfitted with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters

REFERENCES:

- Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Yor 2001.
- Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J., Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry", LBS Singapore 1994.
- Jeffery G.H., Bassett J., Mendham J.and Denny vogel's R.C, "Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- Kolthoff I.M., Sandell E.B. et al. "Quantitative chemical analysis", Mcmillan, Madras 1980.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

 1. lodine flask
 30 Nos

 2. pH meter
 5 Nos

 3. Conductivity meter
 5 Nos

 4. Spectrophotometer
 5 Nos

 5. Ostwald Viscometer
 10 Nos

Common Apparatus: Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (each 30 Nos.)



- To make learners acquire listening and speaking skills in both formal and informal contexts.
- To help them develop their reading skills by familiarizing them with different types of reading strategies.
- To equip them with writing skills needed for academic as well as workplace contexts.
- To make them acquire language skills at their own pace by using e-materials and language lab components.

UNIT1 9+3

Listening - Listening to informal conversations and participating; Speaking - Opening a conversation (greetings, comments on topics like weather) - Turn taking - Closing a conversation (excuses, general wish, positive comment, thanks), Reading - Developing analytical skills, Deductive and Inductive reasoning - Extensive reading, Writing - Effective use of SMS for sending short notes and messages - Using "emoticons" as symbols in email messages, Grammar - Regular and irregular verbs - Active and passive voice; Vocabulary - Homonyms (e.g. "can") - Homophones (e.g. "some", "sum"); Ematerials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary — blogging; Language Lab - Listening to different types of conversation and answering questions.

UNIT II 9+3

Listening - Listening to situation based dialogues; Speaking - Conversation practice in real life situations, asking for directions (using polite expressions), giving directions (using imperative sentences), Purchasing goods from a shop, Discussing various aspects of a film (they have already seen) or a book (they have already read); Reading - Reading a short story or an article from newspaper, Critical reading, Comprehension skills, Writing - Writing a review / summary of a story / article, Personal letter (Inviting your friend to a function, congratulating someone for his / her success, thanking one's friends / relatives); Grammar - modal verbs, Purpose expressions, Vocabulary - Phrasal verbs and their meanings, Using phrasal verbs in sentences, E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and vocabulary, Extensive reading activity (reading stories / novels), Posting reviews in blogs - Language Lab - Dialogues (Fill up exercises), Recording students' dialogues.

UNIT III 9+3

Listening - Listening to the conversation - Understanding the structure of conversations, Speaking - Conversation skills with a sense of stress, intonation, pronunciation and meaning - Seeking information - expressing feelings (affection, anger, regret, etc.); Reading - Speed reading - reading passages with time limit - Skimming; Writing - Minutes of meeting - format and practice in the preparation of minutes - Writing summary after reading articles from journals - Format for journal articles - elements of technical articles (abstract, introduction, methodology, results, discussion, conclusion, appendices, references) - Writing strategies; Grammar - Conditional clauses - Cause and effect expressions; Vocabulary - Words used as nouns and verbs without any change in the spelling (e.g. "rock", "train", "ring"); E-materials - Interactive exercise on Grammar and vocabulary - Speed Reading practice exercises, Language Lab - Intonation practice using EFLU and RIE materials - Attending a meeting and writing minutes.

UNIT IV 9+3

Listening - Listening to a telephone conversation, Viewing model interviews (face-to-face, telephonic and video conferencing); Speaking - Role play practice in telephone skills - listening and responding, - asking questions, -note taking - passing on messages, Role play and mock interview for grasping interview skills; Reading - Reading the job advertisements and the profile of the company concerned - scanning; Writing - Applying for a job - cover letter - résumé preparation - vision, mission and goals of the candidate; Grammar - Numerical expressions - Connectives (discourse markers);



Vocabulary - Idioms and their meanings - using idioms in sentences, E-materials - Interactive exercises on Grammar and Vocabulary - Different forms of résumés- Filling up a résumé / cover letter, Language Lab - Telephonic interview - recording the responses - e-résumé writing.

UNIT V 9+3

Listening - Viewing a model group discussion and reviewing the performance of each participant - Identifying the characteristics of a good listener, Speaking - Group discussion skills - initiating the discussion - exchanging suggestions and proposals - expressing dissent/agreement - assertiveness in expressing opinions - mind mapping technique, Reading - Note making skills - making notes from books, or any form of written materials - Intensive reading, Writing - Checklist - Types of reports - Feasibility / Project report - report format - recommendations / suggestions - interpretation of data (using charts for effective presentation), Grammar - Use of clauses; Vocabulary - Collocation, E-materials - Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises - Sample GD - Pictures for discussion, Interactive grammar and vocabulary exercises, Language Lab - Different models of group discussion.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Learners should be able to:

- Speak convincingly, express their opinions clearly, initiate a discussion, negotiate, argue using appropriate communicative strategies.
- write effectively and persuasively and produce different types of writing such as narration, description, exposition and argument as well as creative, critical, analytical and evaluative writing.
- read different genres of texts, infer implied meanings and critically analyse and evaluate them for ideas as well as for method of presentation.
- listen/view and comprehend different spoken excerpts critically and infer unspoken and implied meanings.

TEXTBOOKS:

- Department of English, Anna University. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2012
- Dhanavel, S.P. English and Communication Skills for Students of Science and Engineering. Orient Blackswan, Chennai. 2011

REFERENCES:

- Anderson, Paul V. Technical Communication: A Reader-Centered Approach. Cengage. New Delhi. 2008
- Muralikrishna, & Sunita Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers. Pearson, New Delhi. 2011
- Riordan, Daniel. G. Technical Communication. Cengage Learning, New Delhi. 2005
- Sharma, Sangeetha & Binod Mishra. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists. PHI Learning, New Delhi. 2009
- Smith-Worthington, Darlene & Sue Jefferson. Technical Writing for Success. Cengage, Mason USA. 2007

EXTENSIVE Reading (Not for Examination)

1. Khera, Shiv. You can Win. Macmillan, Delhi. 1998.

Websites

- http://www.englishclub.com
- http://owl.english.purdue.edu



TEACHING METHODS:

- Lectures
- Activities conducted individually, in pairs and in groups like individual writing and presentations, group discussions, interviews, reporting, etc
- Long presentations using visual aids
- Listening and viewing activities with follow up activities like discussions, filling up worksheets, writing exercises (using language lab wherever necessary/possible) etc
- Projects like group reports, mock interviews etc using a combination of two or more of the language skills

EVALUATION PATTERN:

Internal assessment: 20%

3 tests of which two are pen and paper tests and the other is a combination of different modes of assessment like

- Project
- Assignment
- Report
- Creative writing, etc.

All the four skills are to be tested with equal weightage given to each.

- Speaking assessment: Individual presentations, Group discussions
- Reading assessment. Reading passages with comprehension questions graded following Bloom's taxonomy
- Writing assessment: Writing essays, CVs, reports etc. Writing should include grammar and vocabulary.
 - Listening/Viewing assessment: Lectures, dialogues, film clippings with questions on verbal as well as audio/visual content graded following Bloom's taxonomy.

End Semester Examination: 80%

MA6251 MATHEMATICS – II

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire sound knowledge of techniques in solving ordinary differential
 equations that model engineering problems.
- To acquaint the student with the concepts of vector calculus, needed for problems in all
 engineering disciplines.
- To develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable theory so as to
 enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat
 conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow the of electric current.
- To make the student appreciate the purpose of using transforms to create a new domain in which it is easier to handle the problem that is being investigated.

UNIT I VECTOR CALCULUS

9+3

LTPC

310

Gradient, divergence and curl – Directional derivative – Irrotational and solenoidal vector fields – Vector integration – Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes' theorem (excluding proofs) – Simple applications involving cubes and rectangular parallelopipeds.

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UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

9+3

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients – Method of variation of parameters – Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT III LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Laplace transform – Sufficient condition for existence – Transform of elementary functions – Basic properties – Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse functions – Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform -Statement of Convolution theorem – Initial and final value theorems – Solution of linear ODE of second order with constant coefficients using Laplace transformation techniques.

UNIT IV ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions of a complex variable – Analytic functions. Necessary conditions – Cauchy-Riemann equations and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs) – Harmonic and orthogonal properties of analytic function – Harmonic conjugate – Construction of analytic functions – Conformal mapping: w = z+k, kz, 1/z, z², e^z and bilinear transformation.

UNIT V COMPLEX INTEGRATION

9+3

Complex integration — Statement and applications of Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula — Taylor's and Laurent's series expansions — Singular points — Residues — Cauchy's residue theorem — Evaluation of real definite integrals as contour integrals around unit circle and semi-circle (excluding poles on the real axis).

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The subject helps the students to develop the fundamentals and basic concepts in vector calculus, ODE, Laplace transform and complex functions. Students will be able to solve problems related to engineering applications by using these techniques

TEXT BOOKS:

- Bali N. P and Manish Goyal, "A Text book of Engineering Mathematics", Eighth Edition, Laxmi Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011.
- Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 41st Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- Dass, H.K., and Er. Rajnish Verma," Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand Private Ltd., 2011
- Glyn James, "Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012
- Peter V. O'Neil," Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, 2012.
- Ramana B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- Sivarama Krishna Das P. and Rukmangadachari E., "Engineering Mathematics" Volume II, Second Edition, PEARSON Publishing 2011.



 To enrich the understanding of various types of materials and their applications in engineering and technology.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Conductors — classical free electron theory of metals — Electrical and thermal conductivity — Wiedemann — Franz law — Lorentz number — Draw backs of classical theory — Quantum theory — Fermi distribution function — Effect of temperature on Fermi Function — Density of energy states — carrier concentration in metals.

UNIT II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS

q

Intrinsic semiconductor – carrier concentration derivation – Fermi level – Variation of Fermi level with temperature – electrical conductivity – band gap determination – compound semiconductors -direct and indirect band gap- derivation of carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor – variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration — Hall effect –Determination of Hall coefficient – Applications.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS

9

Origin of magnetic moment – Bohr magneton – comparison of Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism – Domain theory – Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – antiferromagnetic materials – Ferrites and its applications

Superconductivity: properties - Type I and Type II superconductors - BCS theory of superconductivity(Qualitative) - High T_c superconductors - Applications of superconductors - SQUID, cryotron, magnetic levitation.

UNIT IV DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

9

Electrical susceptibility – dielectric constant – electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization – frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation – internal field – Claussius – Mosotti relation (derivation) – dielectric loss – dielectric breakdown – uses of dielectric materials (capacitor and transformer) – ferroelectricity and applications.

UNIT V ADVANCED ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Metallic glasses: preparation, properties and applications. Shape memory alloys (SMA): Characteristics, properties of NiTi alloy, application, Nanomaterials— Preparation -pulsed laser deposition – chemical vapour deposition – Applications – NLO materials –Birefringence- optical Kerr effect – Classification of Biomaterials and its applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will have the knowledge on physics of materials and that knowledge will be used by them in different engineering and technology applications

TEXT BOOKS:

- Arumugam M., Materials Science. Anuradha publishers, 2010
- Pillai S.O., Solid State Physics. New Age International(P) Ltd., publishers, 2009

REFERENCES:

- Palanisamy P.K. Materials Science. SCITECH Publishers, 2011.
- Senthilkumar G. Engineering Physics II. VRB Publishers, 2011.
- Mani P. Engineering Physics II. Dhanam Publications, 2011.
- 4. Marikani A. Engineering Physics. PHI Learning Pvt., India, 2009

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- To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.
- Principles of electrochemical reactions, redox reactions in corrosion of materials and methods for corrosion prevention and protection of materials.
- Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.
- · Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

UNIT I WATER TECHNOLOGY

9

Introduction to boiler feed water-requirements-formation of deposits in steam boilers and heat exchangers- disadvantages (wastage of fuels, decrease in efficiency, boiler explosion) prevention of scale formation -softening of hard water -external treatment zeolite and demineralization - internal treatment- boiler compounds (phosphate, calgon, carbonate, colloidal) - caustic embrittlement-boiler corrosion-priming and foaming- desalination of brackish water -reverse osmosis.

UNIT II ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION

9

Electrochemical cell - redox reaction, electrode potential- origin of electrode potential- oxidation potential- reduction potential, measurement and applications - electrochemical series and its significance - Nernst equation (derivation and problems). Corrosion- causes- factors- types-chemical, electrochemical corrosion (galvanic, differential aeration), corrosion control - material selection and design aspects - electrochemical protection - sacrificial anode method and impressed current cathodic method. Paints- constituents and function. Electroplating of Copper and electroless plating of nickel.

UNIT III ENERGY SOURCES

9

Introduction- nuclear energy- nuclear fission- controlled nuclear fission- nuclear fusion- differences between nuclear fission and fusion- nuclear chain reactions- nuclear reactor power generator-classification of nuclear reactor- light water reactor- breeder reactor- solar energy conversion- solar cells- wind energy. Batteries and fuel cells. Types of batteries- alkaline battery- lead storage battery-nickel-cadmium battery- lithium battery- fuel cell H₂ -O₂ fuel cell- applications.

UNIT IV ENGINEERING MATERIALS

9

Abrasives: definition, classification or types, grinding wheel, abrasive paper and cloth. Refractories, definition, characteristics, classification, properties – refractoriness and RUL, dimensional stability, thermal spalling, thermal expansion, porosity, Manufacture of alumina, magnesite and silicon carbide, Portland cement- manufacture and properties - setting and hardening of cement, special cement-waterproof and white cement-properties and uses. Glass - manufacture, types, properties and uses.

UNIT V FUELS AND COMBUSTION

9

Fuel: Introduction- classification of fuels- calorific value- higher and lower calorific values- coalanalysis of coal (proximate and ultimate)- carbonization- manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum- manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process)- knocking- octane number - diesel oil- cetane number - natural gas- compressed natural gas(CNG)- liquefied petroleum gases(LPG)- producer gas- water gas. Power alcohol and bio diesel. Combustion of fuels: introduction- theoretical calculation of calorific value- calculation of stoichiometry of fuel and air ratioignition temperature- explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Vairam S, Kalyani P and Suba Ramesh., "Engineering Chemistry"., Wiley India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi., 2011
- Dara S.S and Umare S.S. "Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi , 2010

REFERENCES:

- Kannan P. and Ravikrishnan A., "Engineering Chemistry", Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd. Chennai. 2009
- AshimaSrivastava and Janhavi N N., "Concepts of Engineering Chemistry", ACME Learning Private Limited., New Delhi., 2010.
- 3. RenuBapna and Renu Gupta., "Engineering Chemistry", Macmillan India Publisher Ltd., 2010.
- 4. Pahari A and Chauhan B., "Engineering Chemistry", Firewall Media., New Delhi., 2010.

CS6201 DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND SYSTEM DESIGN

LT PC 30 03

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the various number systems.
- Learn Boolean Algebra
- Understand the various logic gates.
- Be familiar with various combinational circuits.
- Be familiar with designing synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits.
- Be exposed to designing using PLD

UNIT I BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC GATES

9

Review of Number Systems – Arithmetic Operations – Binary Codes – Boolean Algebra and Theorems – Boolean Functions – Simplification of Boolean Functions using Karnaugh Map and Tabulation Methods – Logic Gates – NAND and NOR Implementations.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL LOGIC

9

Combinational Circuits – Analysis and Design Procedures – Circuits for Arithmetic Operations, Code Conversion – Decoders and Encoders – Multiplexers and Demultiplexers – Introduction to HDL – HDL Models of Combinational circuits.

UNIT III SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

9

Sequential Circuits – Latches and Flip Flops – Analysis and Design Procedures – State Reduction and State Assignment – Shift Registers – Counters – HDL for Sequential Logic Circuits.

UNIT IV ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL LOGIC

9

Analysis and Design of Asynchronous Sequential Circuits – Reduction of State and Flow Tables – Race-free State Assignment – Hazards.



UNIT V MEMORY AND PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC

RAM and ROM – Memory Decoding – Error Detection and Correction – Programmable Logic Array – Programmable Array Logic – Sequential Programmable Devices – Application Specific Integrated Circuits.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

- Perform arithmetic operations in any number system.
- Simplify the Boolean expression using K-Map and Tabulation techniques.
- Use boolean simplification techniques to design a combinational hardware circuit.
- Design and Analysis of a given digital circuit combinational and sequential.
- Design using PLD.

TEXT BOOK:

Morris Mano M. and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", IV Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- Charles H. Roth Jr, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", Fifth Edition Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai, 2003.
- 3. Donald D. Givone, "Digital Principles and Design", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2003.
- 4. Kharate G. K., "Digital Electronics", Oxford University Press, 2010.

CS6202

PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES I

L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- · Be familiar with the basics of C programming language.
- Be exposed to the concepts of ADTs
- Learn linear data structures list, stack, and queue.
- Be exposed to sorting, searching, hashing algorithms

UNIT I C PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS- A REVIEW

9

Conditional statements – Control statements – Functions – Arrays – Preprocessor - Pointers - Variation in pointer declarations – Function Pointers – Function with Variable number of arguments

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING ADVANCED FEATURES

9

Structures and Unions - File handling concepts - File read - write - binary and Stdio - File Manipulations

UNIT III LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES - LIST

9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – List ADT – array-based implementation – linked list implementation — singly linked lists- circularly linked lists- doubly-linked lists – applications of lists –Polynomial Manipulation – All operation (Insertion, Deletion, Merge, Traversal)

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UNIT IV LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – STACKS, QUEUES

Stack ADT – Evaluating arithmetic expressions- other applications- Queue ADT – circular queue implementation – Double ended Queues – applications of queues

UNIT V SORTING, SEARCHING AND HASH TECHNIQUES

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Sorting algorithms: Insertion sort - Selection sort - Shell sort - Bubble sort - Quick sort - Merge sort - Radix sort - Searching: Linear search - Binary Search Hashing: Hash Functions - Separate Chaining - Open Addressing - Rehashing - Extendible Hashing

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- · Use the control structures of C appropriately for problems.
- Implement abstract data types for linear data structures.
- Apply the different linear data structures to problem solutions.
- Critically analyse the various algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 1988.
- Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 1997.

REFERENCES:

- Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L.Rivest, Clifford Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Second Edition, Mcgraw Hill, 2002.
- Reema Thareja, "Data Structures Using C", Oxford University Press, 2011.
- Aho, Hopcroft and Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, 1983.
- Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", 3rd edition, Pearson Ed.,

GE6262

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY LABORATORY - II

L T P C

PHYSICS LABORATORY - II

OBJECTIVES:

 To introduce different experiments to test basic understanding of physics concepts applied in optics, thermal physics and properties of matter.

(Any FIVE Experiments)

- 1. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method
- Determination of band gap of a semiconductor
- 3. Determination of Coefficient of viscosity of a liquid -- Poiseuille's method
- 4. Determination of Dispersive power of a prism Spectrometer
- Determination of thickness of a thin wire Air wedge method
- Determination of Rigidity modulus Torsion pendulum.

OUTCOMES:

 The students will have the ability to test materials by using their knowledge of applied physics principles in optics and properties of matter.

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LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

- 1. Traveling microscope, meter scale, Knife edge, weights
- Band gap experimental set up
- 3. Burette, Capillary tube, rubber tube, stop clock, beaker and weighing balance
- 4. spectrometer, prism, sodium vapour lamp.
- Air-wedge experimental set up.
- Torsion pendulum set up.

(vernier Caliper, Screw gauge, reading lens are required for most of the experiments)

CHEMISTRY LABORATORY -II (Any FIVE Experiments)

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the student acquire practical skills in the wet chemical and instrumental methods for quantitative estimation of hardness, alkalinity, metal ion content, corrosion in metals and cement analysis.
- Determination of alkalinity in water sample
- 2 Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method
- 3 Estimation of copper content of the given solution by EDTA method
- 4 Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer
- 5 Estimation of sodium present in water using flame photometer
- 6 Corrosion experiment weight loss method
- 7 Conductometric precipitation titration using BaCl₂ and Na₂SO₄
- 8 Determination of CaO in Cement.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be conversant with hands-on knowledge in the quantitative chemical analysis of water quality related parameters, corrosion measurement and cement analysis.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Daniel R. Palleros, "Experimental organic chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York (2001).
- Furniss B.S. Hannaford A.J., Smith P.W.G and Tatchel A.R., "Vogel's Textbook of practical organic chemistry, LBS Singapore (1994).
- Jeffery G.H, Bassett J., Mendham J. and Denny R.C., "Vogel"s Text book of quantitative analysis chemical analysis", ELBS 5th Edn. Longman, Singapore publishers, Singapore, 1996.
- Kolthoff I.M. and Sandell E.B. et al. Quantitative chemical analysis, Mcmillan, Madras 1980.
- Laboratory classes on alternate weeks for Physics and Chemistry.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

 1. Potentiometer
 5 Nos

 2. Flame photo meter
 5 Nos

 3. Weighing Balance
 5 Nos

 4. Conductivity meter
 5 Nos

Common Apparatus : Pipette, Burette, conical flask, percelain tile, dropper (30 Nos each)

PROGRAM

PRO

The student should be made to:

- Understand the various logic gates.
- Be familiar with various combinational circuits.
- Understand the various components used in the design of digital computers.
- Be exposed to sequential circuits
- Learn to use HDL

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Verification of Boolean Theorems using basic gates.
- Design and implementation of combinational circuits using basic gates for arbitrary functions, code converters.
- Design and implementation of combinational circuits using MSI devices:
 - 4 bit binary adder / subtractor
 - Parity generator / checker
 - Magnitude Comparator
 - Application using multiplexers
- 4. Design and implementation of sequential circuits.
 - Shift –registers
 - Synchronous and asynchronous counters
- Coding combinational / sequential circuits using HDL.
- Design and implementation of a simple digital system (Mini Project).

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

- Use boolean simplification techniques to design a combinational hardware circuit.
- Design and Implement combinational and sequential circuits.
- Analyze a given digital circuit combinational and sequential.
- Design the different functional units in a digital computer system.
- Design and Implement a simple digital system.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS HARDWARE:

- Digital trainer kits 30
- Digital ICs required for the experiments in sufficient numbers 96

SOFTWARE:

1. HDL simulator.

176212 PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY I

LTPC 0 032

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- Be familiar with c programming
- Be exposed to implementing abstract data types
- · Learn to use files
- Learn to implement sorting and searching algorithms.

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C Programs using Conditional and Control Statements

C Programs using Arrays, Strings and Pointers and Functions

Representation of records using Structures in C – Creation of Linked List – Manipulation of records in a Linked List

File Handling in C - Sequential access - Random Access

Operations on a Stack and Queue – infix to postfix – simple expression evaluation using stacks - Linked Stack Implementation – Linked Queue Implementation Implementation of Sorting algorithms

Implementation of Linear search and Binary Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

Design and implement C programs for implementing stacks, queues, linked lists. Apply good programming design methods for program development. Apply the different data structures for implementing solutions to practical problems. Develop searching and sorting programs.

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C compiler 30 Nos.

(or)

Server with C compiler supporting 30 terminals or more.

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COMPUTER NETWORKS

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES

CS6551

The student should be made to:

Understand the division of network functionalities into layers.

Be familiar with the components required to build different types of networks.

Be exposed to the required functionality at each layer.

Learn the flow control and congestion control algorithms.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS & LINK LAYER

9

Building a network - Requirements - Layering and protocols - Internet Architecture - Network software - Performance; Link layer Services - Framing - Error Detection - Flow control

UNIT II MEDIA ACCESS & INTERNETWORKING

Q.

Media access control - Ethernet (802.3) - Wireless LANs - 802.11 - Bluetooth - Switching and bridging - Basic Internetworking (IP, CIDR, ARP, DHCP,ICMP)

UNIT III ROUTING

9

Routing (RIP, OSPF, metrics) – Switch basics – Global Internet (Areas, BGP, IPv6), Multicast – addresses – multicast routing (DVMRP, PIM)

UNIT IV TRANSPORT LAYER

9

Overview of Transport layer - UDP - Reliable byte stream (TCP) - Connection management - Flow control - Retransmission - TCP Congestion control - Congestion avoidance (DECbit, RED) - QoS - Application requirements

UNIT VAPPLICATION LAYER

Traditional applications -Electronic Mail (SMTP, POP3, IMAP, MIME) - HTTP - Web Services - DNS - SNMP

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

Identify the components required to build different types of networks

Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application

Identify solution for each functionality at each layer

Trace the flow of information from one node to another node in the network

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TEXT BOOK:

 Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A systems approach", Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- Nader, F. Mir, "Computer and Communication Networks", Pearson Prentice Hall Publishers, 2010.
- Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang, Fred Baker, "Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach", Mc Graw Hill Publisher, 2011.
- Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data communication and Networking", Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill. 2011.

IT6501

GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Develop an understanding and awareness of how issues such as content, information architecture, motion, sound, design, and technology merge to form effective and compelling interactive experiences for a wide range of audiences and end users.
- Be familiar with various software programs used in the creation and implementation of multimedia (interactive, motion/animation, presentation, etc.).
- Be aware of current issues relative between new emerging electronic technologies and graphic design (i.e. social, cultural, cognitive, etc).
 understand the relationship between critical analysis and the practical application of design.
- Appreciate the importance of technical ability and creativity within design practice.

UNIT I OUTPUT PRIMITIVES 9 Basic - Line - Curve and ellipse drawing algorithms - Examples - Applications - Attributes -

Two- Dimensional geometric transformations - Two-Dimensional clipping and viewing - Input techniques.

UNIT II THREE-DIMENSIONAL CONCEPTS

9

Three-Dimensional object representations – Three-Dimensional geometric and modeling transformations – Three-Dimensional viewing – Hidden surface elimination – Color models – Virtual reality - Animation.

UNIT III MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS DESIGN

9

Multimedia basics – Multimedia applications – Multimedia system architecture – Evolving technologies for multimedia – Defining objects for multimedia systems – Multimedia data interface standards – Multimedia databases.

UNIT IV MULTIMEDIA FILE HANDLING

3

Compression and decompression – Data and file format standards – Multimedia I/O technologies – Digital voice and audio – Video image and animation – Full motion video – Storage and retrieval technologies.

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UNIT V HYPERMEDIA

9

Multimedia authoring and user interface – Hypermedia messaging – Mobile messaging – Hypermedia message component – Creating hypermedia message – Integrated multimedia message standards – Integrated document management – Distributed multimedia systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- · Effectively and creatively solve a wide range of graphic design problems
- Form effective and compelling interactive experiences for a wide range of audiences.
- Use various software programs used in the creation and implementation of multi-media (interactive, motion/animation, presentation, etc.).
- Discuss issues related to emerging electronic technologies and graphic design

TEXT BOOKS:

- Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics C Version", Pearson Education, 2003.
- Andleigh, P. K and Kiran Thakrar, "Multimedia Systems and Design", PHI, 2003.

REFERENCES:

- Judith Jeffcoate, "Multimedia in practice: Technology and Applications", PHI, 1998.
- Foley, Vandam, Feiner and Huges, "Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

CS6502

OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

LTP C 3 00 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the basics of OO analysis and design skills
- Learn the UML design diagrams
- · Learn to map design to code
- Be exposed to the various testing techniques.

UNIT I UML DIAGRAMS

9

Introduction to OOAD – Unified Process - UML diagrams – Use Case – Class Diagrams – Interaction Diagrams – State Diagrams – Activity Diagrams – Package, component and Deployment Diagrams

Cohesion – Controller - Design Patterns – creational - factory method - structural – Bridge – Adapter behavioral – Strategy – observer

UNIT III CASE STUDY

9

Case study – the Next Gen POS system, Inception -Use case Modeling - Relating Use cases – include, extend and generalization - Elaboration - Domain Models - Finding conceptual classes and description classes – Associations – Attributes – Domain model refinement – Finding conceptual class Hierarchies - Aggregation and Composition

A PLANT TO PROCESS OF THE PROCESS OF

UNIT IV APPLYING DESIGN PATTERNS

9

System sequence diagrams - Relationship between sequence diagrams and use cases Logical architecture and UML package diagram - Logical architecture refinement - UML class diagrams - UML interaction diagrams - Applying GoF design patterns

UNIT VCODING AND TESTING

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Mapping design to code – Testing: Issues in OO Testing – Class Testing – OO Integration Testing – GUI Testing – OO System Testing

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- · Design and implement projects using OO concepts
- Use the UML analysis and design diagrams
- Apply appropriate design patterns
- · Create code from design
- Compare and contrast various testing techniques

TEXT BOOK:

 Craig Larman, "Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development", Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- Simon Bennett, Steve Mc Robb and Ray Farmer, "Object Oriented Systems Analysis and Design Using UML", Fourth Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Education, 2010.
- Erich Gamma, a n d Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, "Design patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software", Addison-Wesley, 1995.
- Martin Fowler, "UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language", Third edition, Addison Wesley, 2003.
- Paul C. Jorgensen, "Software Testing:- A Craftsman"s Approach", Third Edition, Auerbach Publications, Taylor and Francis Group, 2008.

IT6502

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce discrete Fourier transform and its applications.
- To teach the design of infinite and finite impulse response filters for filtering undesired signals.
- To introduce signal processing concepts in systems having more than one sampling frequency.

UNIT I SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

9

Basic elements of DSP – concepts of frequency in Analog and Digital Signals – sampling theorem – Discrete – time signals, systems – Analysis of discrete time LTI systems – Z transform – Convolution – Correlation.

UNIT II FREQUENCY TRANSFORMATIONS

9

Introduction to DFT – Properties of DFT – Circular Convolution - Filtering methods based on DFT – FFT Algorithms - Decimation – in – time Algorithms, Decimation – in – frequency Algorithms – Use of FFT in Linear Filtering – DCT – Use and Application of DCT.



UNIT III IIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of IIR – Analog filter design – Discrete time IIR filter from analog filter – IIR filter design by Impulse Invariance, Bilinear transformation, Approximation of derivatives – (LPF, HPF, BPF, BRF) filter design using frequency translation.

UNIT IV FIR FILTER DESIGN

9

Structures of FIR - Linear phase FIR filter - Fourier Series - Filter design using windowing techniques (Rectangular Window, Hamming Window, Hanning Window), Frequency sampling techniques

UNIT V FINITE WORD LENGTH EFFECTS IN DIGITAL FILTERS

q

Binary fixed point and floating point number representations — Comparison - Quantization noise truncation and rounding — quantization noise power- input quantization error- coefficient quantization error — limit cycle oscillations-dead band- Overflow error-signal scaling.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- · Perform frequency transforms for the signals.
- Design IIR and FIR filters.
- Finite word length effects in digital filters

TEXT BOOK:

 John G. Proakis and Dimitris G.Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms & Applications", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- Emmanuel C.Ifeachor, and Barrie.W.Jervis, "Digital Signal Processing", Second Edition, Pearson Education, Prentice Hall, 2002.
- Sanjit K. Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing A Computer Based Approach", Third Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2007.
- A.V.Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer and J.R. Buck, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, 8th Indian Reprint, Pearson, 2004.
- Andreas Antoniou, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

IT6503 WEB PROGRAMMING LTPC 3104

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the technologies used in Web Programming.
- Know the importance of object oriented aspects of Scripting.
- Understand creating database connectivity using JDBC.
- · Learn the concepts of web based application using sockets.

UNIT I SCRIPTING.

9

Web page Designing using HTML, Scripting basics- Client side and server side scripting. Java Script-Object, names, literals, operators and expressions- statements and features- events - windows documents - frames - data types - built-in functions- Browser object model - Verifying forms.-HTML5-CSS3- HTML 5 canvas - Web site creation using tools.



UNIT II JAVA 9

Introduction to object oriented programming-Features of Java – Data types, variables and arrays – Operators – Control statements – Classes and Methods – Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces – Exception Handling – Multithreaded Programming – Input/Output – Files – Utility Classes – String Handling.

UNIT III JDBC 9

JDBC Overview – JDBC implementation – Connection class – Statements - Catching Database Results, handling database Queries. Networking– InetAddress class – URL class- TCP sockets - UDP sockets, Java Beans –RMI.

UNIT IV APPLETS 9

Java applets- Life cycle of an applet – Adding images to an applet – Adding sound to an applet. Passing parameters to an applet. Event Handling, Introducing AWT; Working with Windows Graphics and Text. Using AWT Controls, Layout Managers and Menus. Servlet – life cycle of a servlet. The Servlet API, Handling HTTP Request and Response, using Cookies, Session Tracking, Introduction to JSP.

UNIT VXML AND WEB SERVICES

9

Xml – Introduction-Form Navigation-XML Documents- XSL – XSLT- Web services-UDDI-WSDL-Java web services – Web resources.

TOTAL (L:45+T:15): 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- · Design web pages.
- Use technologies of Web Programming.
- · Apply object oriented aspects to Scripting.
- Create databases with connectivity using JDBC.
- · Build web based application using sockets.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Harvey Deitel, Abbey Deitel, Internet and World Wide Web. How To Program 5th Edition.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition. Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- Michael Morrison XML Unleashed Tech media SAMS.

REFERENCES:

- John Pollock, Javascript A Beginners Guide, 3rd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill Edition.
- 2. Keyur Shah, Gateway to Java Programmer Sun Certification, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.

EC6801

WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

LTPC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Know the characteristic of wireless channel
- · Learn the various cellular architectures
- Understand the concepts behind various digital signaling schemes for fading channels
- Be familiar the various multipath mitigation techniques
- Understand the various multiple antenna systems

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UNIT I WIRELESS CHANNELS

9

Large scale path loss – Path loss models: Free Space and Two-Ray models -Link Budget design – Small scale fading- Parameters of mobile multipath channels – Time dispersion parameters-Coherence bandwidth – Doppler spread & Coherence time, Fading due to Multipath time delay spread – flat fading – frequency selective fading – Fading due to Doppler spread – fast fading – slow fading.

UNIT II CELLULAR ARCHITECTURE

9

Multiple Access techniques - FDMA, TDMA, CDMA - Capacity calculations-Cellular concept-Frequency reuse - channel assignment- hand off- interference & system capacity- trunking & grade of service - Coverage and capacity improvement.

UNIT III DIGITAL SIGNALING FOR FADING CHANNELS

Q

Structure of a wireless communication link, Principles of Offset-QPSK, p/4-DQPSK, Minimum Shift Keying, Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying, Error performance in fading channels, OFDM principle – Cyclic prefix, Windowing, PAPR.

UNIT IV MULTIPATH MITIGATION TECHNIQUES

9

Equalisation – Adaptive equalization, Linear and Non-Linear equalization, Zero forcing and LMS Algorithms. Diversity – Micro and Macrodiversity, Diversity combining techniques, Error probability in fading channels with diversity reception, Rake receiver,

UNIT V MULTIPLE ANTENNA TECHNIQUES

9

MIMO systems – spatial multiplexing -System model -Pre-coding - Beam forming - transmitter diversity, receiver diversity- Channel state information-capacity in fading and non-fading channels.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Characterize wireless channels
- Design and implement various signaling schemes for fading channels
- Design a cellular system
- Compare multipath mitigation techniques and analyze their performance
- Design and implement systems with transmit/receive diversity and MIMO systems and analyze their performance

TEXTBOOKS:

- Rappaport, T.S., "Wireless communications", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.
- Andreas F. Molisch, "Wireless Communications", John Wiley India, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, "Fundamentals of Wireless Communication", Cambridge University Press, 2005.
- Upena Dalal, "Wireless Communication", Oxford University Press, 2009.
- Van Nee, R. and Ramji Prasad, "OFDM for wireless multimedia communications", Artech House, 2000.



OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn socket programming.
- Be familiar with simulation tools.
- Have hands on experience on various networking protocols.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and Sliding Window Protocol.
- 2. Study of Socket Programming and Client Server model
- Write a code simulating ARP /RARP protocols.
- 4. Write a code simulating PING and TRACEROUTE commands
- Create a socket for HTTP for web page upload and download.
- Write a program to implement RPC (Remote Procedure Call)
- Implementation of Subnetting .
- 8. Applications using TCP Sockets like
 - a. Echo client and echo server.
 - b. Chat
 - c. File Transfer
- 9. Applications using TCP and UDP Sockets like
 - d. DNS
 - e. SNMP
 - f. File Transfer
- 10. Study of Network simulator (NS).and Simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS
- Perform a case study about the different routing algorithms to select the network path with its optimum and economical during data transfer.
 - i. Link State routing
 - ii. Flooding
 - iii. Distance vector

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE:

spoken-tutorial.org

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Use simulation tools
- Implement the various protocols.
- · Analyse the performance of the protocols in different layers.
- Analyze various routing algorithms

LIST OF EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS SOFTWARE

C / C++ / Java / Equivalent Compiler

30

 Network simulator like NS2/Glomosim/OPNET/ Equivalent

HARDWARE

Standalone desktops

30 Nos

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LAB EXERCISES

(For IT branch)

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be familiar with Web page design using HTML / DHTML and style sheets
- Be exposed to creation of user interfaces using Java frames and applets.
- Learn to create dynamic web pages using server side scripting.
- Learn to write PHP database functions.
- Learn .Net frame work and RMI

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- Write a html program for Creation of web site with forms, frames, links, tables etc.
- Design a web site using HTML and DHTML. Use Basic text Formatting, Images,
- Create a script that asks the user for a name, then greets the user with "Hello" and the user name on the page
- Create a script that collects numbers from a page and then adds them up and prints them to a blank field on the page.
- Create a script that prompts the user for a number and then counts from 1 to that number displaying only the odd numbers.
- Create a script that will check the field in Assignment 1 for data and alert the user if it is blank. This script should run from a button.
- Using CSS for creating web sites
- Creating simple application to access data base using JDBC Formatting HTML with CSS.
- Program for manipulating Databases and SQL.
- 10. Program using PHP database functions.
- Write a web application that functions as a simple hand calculator, but also keeps a "paper trail" of all your previous work
- 12. Install Tomcat and use JSP and link it with any of the assignments above
- 13. Reading and Writing the files using .Net
- 14. Write a program to implement web service for calculator application
- Implement RMI concept for building any remote method of your choice.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- · Design Web pages using HTML/DHTML and style sheets
- Design and Implement database applications.
- Create dynamic web pages using server side scripting.
- Write Client Server applications.

LAB REQUIREMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

SOFTWARE:

Java, Dream Weaver or Equivalent, MySQL or Equivalent, Apache Server

HARDWARE:

Standalone desktops

30 Nos

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OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the basics of OO analysis and design skills.
- Be exposed to the UML design diagrams.
- Learn to map design to code.
- Be familiar with the various testing techniques

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

To develop a mini-project by following the 9 exercises listed below.

- To develop a problem statement.
- Identify Use Cases and develop the Use Case model.
- 3. Identify the conceptual classes and develop a domain model with UML Class diagram.
- Using the identified scenarios, find the interaction between objects and represent them using UML Sequence diagrams.
- Draw relevant state charts and activity diagrams.
- Identify the User Interface, Domain objects, and Technical services. Draw the partial layered, logical architecture diagram with UML package diagram notation.
- Develop and test the Technical services layer.
- 8. Develop and test the Domain objects layer.
- 9. Develop and test the User interface layer.

Suggested domains for Mini-Project:

- Passport automation system.
- 2. Book bank
- 3. Exam Registration
- Stock maintenance system.
- Online course reservation system
- E-ticketing
- Software personnel management system
- Credit card processing
- 9. e-book management system
- 10. Recruitment system
- 11. Foreign trading system
- 12. Conference Management System
- 13. BPO Management System
- 14. Library Management System
- 15. Student Information System

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Design and implement projects using OO concepts.
- Use the UML analysis and design diagrams.
- Apply appropriate design patterns.
- Create code from design.
- Compare and contrast various testing techniques

LAB EQUIPMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

SUGGESTED SOFTWARETOOLS:

Rational Suite (or) Argo UML (or) equivalent, Eclipse IDE and Junit

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SOFTWARE TOOLS

30 user License

Rational Suite

Open Source Alternatives: ArgoUML, Visual

Paradigm

Eclipse IDE and JUnit

PCs 30

CS6601 DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand foundations of Distributed Systems
- · Introduce the idea of peer to peer services and file system
- Understand in detail the system level and support required for distributed system
- Understand the issues involved in studying process and resource management

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

7

Introduction – Examples of Distributed Systems–Trends in Distributed Systems – Focus on resource sharing – Challenges. Case study: World Wide Web.

UNIT II COMMUNICATION IN DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM

10

System Model – Inter process Communication - the API for internet protocols – External data representation and Multicast communication. Network virtualization: Overlay networks. Case study: MPI Remote Method Invocation And Objects: Remote Invocation – Introduction - Request-reply protocols - Remote procedure call - Remote method invocation. Case study: Java RMI - Group communication - Publish-subscribe systems - Message queues - Shared memory approaches - Distributed objects - Case study: Enterprise Java Beans - from objects to components

UNIT III PEER TO PEER SERVICES AND FILE SYSTEM

10

Peer-to-peer Systems – Introduction - Napster and its legacy - Peer-to-peer – Middleware - Routing overlays. **Overlay case studies:** Pastry, Tapestry- Distributed File Systems –Introduction - File service architecture – Andrew File system. **File System:** Features-File model -File accessing models - File sharing semantics **Naming:** Identifiers, Addresses, Name Resolution – Name Space Implementation – Name Caches – LDAP.

UNIT IV SYNCHRONIZATION AND REPLICATION

9

Introduction - Clocks, events and process states - Synchronizing physical clocks- Logical time and logical clocks - Global states - Coordination and Agreement - Introduction - Distributed mutual exclusion - Elections - Transactions and Concurrency Control - Transactions - Nested transactions - Locks - Optimistic concurrency control - Timestamp ordering - Atomic Commit protocols - Distributed deadlocks - Replication - Case study - Coda.

UNIT V PROCESS & RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

9

Process Management: Process Migration: Features, Mechanism - Threads, Models, Issues, Implementation. Resource Management: Introduction- Features of Scheduling Algorithms -Task Assignment Approach - Load Balancing Approach - Load Sharing Approach.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

CPPAGE MEDITAL OF TECHNOLIS - ACCORDANCE AND THE THEOLOGY - COMMISSION - COMMISSION

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Discuss trends in Distributed Systems.
- Apply network virtualization.
- Apply remote method invocation and objects.
- Design process and resource management systems.

TEXT BOOK:

 George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, "Distributed Systems Concepts and Design", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- Pradeep K Sinha, "Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design", Prentice Hall of India, 2007.
- Tanenbaum A.S., Van Steen M., "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Liu M.L., "Distributed Computing, Principles and Applications", Pearson Education, 2004.
- 4. Nancy A Lynch, "Distributed Algorithms", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, USA, 2003.

IT6601 MOBILE COMPUTING LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the basic concepts of mobile computing.
- Be familiar with the network protocol stack.
- Learn the basics of mobile telecommunication system.
- Be exposed to Ad-Hoc networks.
- · Gain knowledge about different mobile platforms and application development .

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Mobile Computing – Mobile Computing Vs wireless Networking – Mobile Computing Applications – Characteristics of Mobile computing – Structure of Mobile Computing Application. MAC Protocols – Wireless MAC Issues – Fixed Assignment Schemes – Random Assignment Schemes – Reservation Based Schemes.

UNIT II MOBILE INTERNET PROTOCOL AND TRANSPORT LAYER

9

Overview of Mobile IP – Features of Mobile IP – Key Mechanism in Mobile IP – route Optimization, Overview of TCP/IP – Architecture of TCP/IP- Adaptation of tCP Window – Improvement in TCP Performance.

UNIT IIIMOBILE TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM

9

Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) – General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) – Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS).

UNIT IV MOBILE AD-HOC NETWORKS

9

Ad-Hoc Basic Concepts – Characteristics – Applications – Design Issues – Routing – Essential of Traditional Routing Protocols –Popular Routing Protocols – Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET) – MANET Vs VANET – Security .

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UNIT V MOBILE PLATFORMS AND APPLICATIONS 9 Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constrains & Requirements – Commercial Mobile

Operating Systems - Software Development Kit. iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone - M-Commerce - Structure - Pros & Cons - Mobile Payment System - Security Issues.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- · Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication system
- Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application
- · Identify solution for each functionality at each layer
- Use simulator tools and design Ad hoc networks
- Develop a mobile application.

TEXT BOOK:

 Prasant Kumar Pattnaik, Rajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Mobile Computing", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi – 2012.

REFERENCES:

- Jochen H. Schller, "Mobile Communications", Second Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2007
- Dharma Prakash Agarval, Qing and An Zeng, "Introduction to Wireless and Mobile systems", Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd. 2005.
- Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing", Springer, 2003.
- William.C.Y.Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications-Analog and Digital Systems", Second Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Edition, 2006.
- C.K.Toh, "AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- Android Developers : http://developer.android.com/index.html
- Apple Developer : https://developer.apple.com/
- 8. Windows Phone Dev Center: http://developer.windowsphone.com
- BlackBerry Developer : http://developer.blackberry.com/

CS6659

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Study the concepts of Artificial Intelligence.
- Learn the methods of solving problems using Artificial Intelligence.
- Introduce the concepts of Expert Systems and machine learning.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO AI AND PRODUCTION SYSTEMS

9

Introduction to AI-Problem formulation, Problem Definition -Production systems, Control strategies, Search strategies. Problem characteristics, Production system characteristics -Specialized production system- Problem solving methods - Problem graphs, Matching, Indexing and Heuristic functions -Hill Climbing-Depth first and Breath first, Constraints satisfaction - Related algorithms, Measure of performance and analysis of search algorithms.



UNIT IIREPRESENTATION OF KNOWLEDGE

9

Game playing - Knowledge representation, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic-Structured representation of knowledge.

UNIT IIIKNOWLEDGE INFERENCE

9

Knowledge representation -Production based system, Frame based system, Inference - Backward chaining, Forward chaining, Rule value approach, Fuzzy reasoning - Certainty factors, Bayesian Theory-Bayesian Network-Dempster - Shafer theory.

UNIT IV PLANNING AND MACHINE LEARNING

9

Basic plan generation systems - Strips -Advanced plan generation systems - K strips -Strategic explanations -Why, Why not and how explanations. Learning- Machine learning, adaptive Learning.

UNIT V EXPERT SYSTEMS

9

Expert systems - Architecture of expert systems, Roles of expert systems - Knowledge Acquisition - Meta knowledge, Heuristics, Typical expert systems - MYCIN, DART, XOON, Expert systems shells.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Identify problems that are amenable to solution by Al methods.
- Identify appropriate AI methods to solve a given problem.
- Formalise a given problem in the language/framework of different AI methods.
- Implement basic AI algorithms.
- Design and carry out an empirical evaluation of different algorithms on a problem formalisation, and state the conclusions that the evaluation supports.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", McGraw Hill- 2008. (Unit-1.2.4.5).
- Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to AI and ES", Pearson Education, 2007. (Unit-III)

REFERENCES:

- Peter Jackson, "Introduction to Expert Systems", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig "Al A Modern Approach", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education 2007
- Deepak Khemani "Artificial Intelligence", Tata Mc Graw Hill Education 2013.
- 4. http://nptel.ac.in/

CS6660 COMPILER DESIGN

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the design principles of a Compiler.
- Learn the various parsing techniques and different levels of translation.
- Learn how to optimize and effectively generate machine codes.

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UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPILERS

5

Translators-Compilation and Interpretation-Language processors -The Phases of Compiler-Errors Encountered in Different Phases-The Grouping of Phases-Compiler Construction Tools - Programming Language basics.

UNIT II LEXICAL ANALYSIS

9

Need and Role of Lexical Analyzer-Lexical Errors-Expressing Tokens by Regular Expressions-Converting Regular Expression to DFA- Minimization of DFA-Language for Specifying Lexical Analyzers-LEX-Design of Lexical Analyzer for a sample Language.

UNIT III SYNTAX ANALYSIS

10

Need and Role of the Parser-Context Free Grammars -Top Down Parsing -General Strategies-Recursive Descent Parser Predictive Parser-LL(1) Parser-Shift Reduce Parser-LR Parser-LR (0)Item-Construction of SLR Parsing Table -Introduction to LALR Parser - Error Handling and Recovery in Syntax Analyzer-YACC-Design of a syntax Analyzer for a Sample Language.

UNIT IV SYNTAX DIRECTED TRANSLATION & RUN TIME ENVIRONMENT

12

Syntax directed Definitions-Construction of Syntax Tree-Bottom-up Evaluation of S-Attribute Definitions- Design of predictive translator - Type Systems-Specification of a simple type checker-Equivalence of Type Expressions-Type Conversions.

RUN-TIME ENVIRONMENT: Source Language Issues-Storage Organization-Storage Allocation-Parameter Passing-Symbol Tables-Dynamic Storage Allocation-Storage Allocation in FORTAN.

UNIT V CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Principal Sources of Optimization-DAG- Optimization of Basic Blocks-Global Data Flow Analysis-Efficient Data Flow Algorithms-Issues in Design of a Code Generator - A Simple Code Generator Algorithm.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and implement a prototype compiler.
- Apply the various optimization techniques.
- · Use the different compiler construction tools.

TEXTBOOK:

 Alfred V Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi and Jeffrey D Ullman, "Compilers – Principles, Techniques and Tools", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, "Optimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependencebased Approach", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2002.
- Steven S. Muchnick, "Advanced Compiler Design and Implementation", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers - Elsevier Science, India, Indian Reprint 2003.
- Keith D Cooper and Linda Torczon, "Engineering a Compiler", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Elsevier Science, 2004.
- Charles N. Fischer, Richard. J. LeBlanc, "Crafting a Compiler with C", Pearson Education, 2008.



T6602

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURES

LTPC 3003

OBJECTIVES:

- · Understand software architectural requirements and drivers
- Be exposed to architectural styles and views
- Be familiar with architectures for emerging technologies.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND ARCHITECTURAL DRIVERS

9

Introduction – What is software architecture? – Standard Definitions – Architectural structures – Influence of software architecture on organization-both business and technical – Architecture Business Cycle-Introduction – Functional requirements – Technical constraints – Quality Attributes.

UNIT II QUALITY ATTRIBUTE WORKSHOP

9

Quality Attribute Workshop - Documenting Quality Attributes - Six part scenarios - Case studies.

UNIT III ARCHITECTURAL VIEWS

0

Introduction – Standard Definitions for views – Structures and views - Representing views-available notations – Standard views – 4+1 view of RUP, Siemens 4 views, SEI's perspectives and views – Case studies

UNIT IVARCHITECTURAL STYLES

9

Introduction – Data flow styles – Call-return styles – Shared Information styles - Event styles – Case studies for each style.

UNIT VDOCUMENTING THE ARCHITECTURE

9

Good practices – Documenting the Views using UML – Merits and Demerits of using visual languages – Need for formal languages - Architectural Description Languages – ACME – Case studies. Special topics: SOA and Web services – Cloud Computing – Adaptive structures

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explain influence of software architecture on business and technical activities
- Identify key architectural structures
- · Use styles and views to specify architecture
- Design document for a given architecture

TEXT BOOKS:

- Len Bass, Paul Clements, and Rick Kazman, "Software Architectures Principles and Practices", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2003.
- Anthony J Lattanze, "Architecting Software Intensive System. A Practitioner's Guide", Auerbach Publications, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- Paul Clements, Felix Bachmann, Len Bass, David Garlan, James Ivers, Reed Little, Paulo Merson, Robert Nord, and Judith Stafford, "Documenting Software Architectures. Views and Beyond", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2010.
- Paul Clements, Rick Kazman, and Mark Klein, "Evaluating software architectures: Methods and case studies. Addison-Wesley, 2001.
- Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, and Andrzej Goscinski, "Cloud Computing. Principles and Paradigms", John Wiley & Sons, 2011
- Mark Hansen, "SOA Using Java Web Services", Prentice Hall, 2007.

SOURCE IN TECHNICO - COMPANION COMPA

OBJECTIVES To facilitate the understanding of Quality Management principles and process.

UNIT INTRODUCTION

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Quality statements - Customer focus -Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention -Costs of quality

UNIT II TQM 9

Leadership - Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils - Employee involvement -Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Quality circles Recognition and Reward. Performance appraisal

Continuous process improvement - PDCA cycle, 5S, Kaizen - Supplier partnership -Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES 19

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking -Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

UNIT IV TOM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES II

9

Control Charts - Process Capability - Concepts of Six Sigma - Quality Function Development (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures.

UNITV QUALITY SYSTEMS

9

Need for ISO 9000 - ISO 9001-2008 Quality System - Elements, Documentation, Quality Auditing - QS 9000 - ISO 14000 - Concepts, Requirements and Benefits - TQM Implementation in manufacturing and service sectors...

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The student would be able to apply the tools and techniques of quality management to manufacturing and services processes.

TEXTBOOK:

Dale H. Besterfiled, et at., "Total quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Third Edition, Indian Reprint 2006.

REFERENCES:

James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8th Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.

Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt.

Janakiraman. B and Gopal .R.K., "Total Quality Management - Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

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 David Garlan, Bradley Schmerl, and Shang-Wen Cheng, "Software Architecture-Based Self-Adaptation," 31-56. Mieso K Denko, Laurence Tianruo Yang, and Yan Zang (eds.), "Autonomic Computing and Networking". Springer Verlag, 2009

IT6611 MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY

LTPC 0032

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Know the components and structure of mobile application development frameworks for Android and windows OS based mobiles.
- Understand how to work with various mobile application development frameworks.
- Learn the basic and important design concepts and issues of development of mobile applications.
- Understand the capabilities and limitations of mobile devices.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Develop an application that uses GUI components, Font and Colours
- Develop an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.
- Develop a native calculator application.
- Write an application that draws basic graphical primitives on the screen.
- Develop an application that makes use of database.
- Develop an application that makes use of RSS Feed.
- 7. Implement an application that implements Multi threading
- 8. Develop a native application that uses GPS location information.
- Implement an application that writes data to the SD card.
- Implement an application that creates an alert upon receiving a message.
- 11. Write a mobile application that creates alarm clock

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Design and Implement various mobile applications using emulators.
- Deploy applications to hand-held devices

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

Standalone desktops with Windows or Android or

iOS or Equivalent Mobile Application Development

Tools with appropriate emulators and debuggers - 30 Nos.

TT6612 COMPILER LABORATORY LTPC

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Be exposed to compiler writing tools.
- · Learn to implement the different Phases of compiler
- Be familiar with control flow and data flow analysis
- Learn simple optimization techniques

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LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- Implementation of Symbol Table
- 2. Develop a lexical analyzer to recognize a few patterns in
 - C. (Ex. identifiers, constants, comments, operators etc.)
- Implementation of Lexical Analyzer using Lex Tool
- Generate YACC specification for a few syntactic categories.
 - a) Program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that usesoperator +, -, * and /.
 - b) Program to recognize a valid variable which starts with a letterfollowed by any number of letters or digits.
 - d)Implementation of Calculator using LEX and YACC
- Convert the BNF rules into Yacc form and write code to generate Abstract Syntax Tree.
- Implement type checking
- 7. Implement control flow analysis and Data flow Analysis
- 8. Implement any one storage allocation strategies(Heap, Stack, Static)
- 9. Construction of DAG
- 10. Implement the back end of the compiler which takes the three address code and produces the 8086 assembly language instructions that can be assembled and run using a 8086 assembler. The target assembly instructions can be simple move, add, sub, jump. Also simple addressing modes are used.
- Implementation of Simple Code Optimization Techniques (Constant Folding., etc.)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- · Implement the different Phases of compiler using tools
- · Analyze the control flow and data flow of a typical program
- Optimize a given program
- Generate an assembly language program equivalent to a source language program

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

Standalone desktops with C / C++ compiler and Compiler writing tools 30 Nos.
(or)

Server with C / C++ compiler and Compiler writing tools supporting 30 terminals or

more. LEX and YACC

GE6674 COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS- LABORATORY COURSE

LTPC 0 042

OBJECTIVES:

To enable learners to.

- Develop their communicative competence in English with specific reference to speaking and listening
- Enhance their ability to communicate effectively in interviews.
- Strengthen their prospects of success in competitive examinations.

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UNIT I LISTENING AND SPEAKING SKILLS

12

Conversational skills (formal and informal)- group discussion- making effective presentations using computers, listening/watching interviews conversations, documentaries, Listening to lectures, discussions from TV/ Radio/ Podcast.

UNIT II READING AND WRITING SKILLS

12

Reading different genres of tests ranging from newspapers to creative writing. Writing job applications- cover letter- resume- emails- letters- memos- reports. Writing abstracts- summaries-interpreting visual texts.

UNIT III ENGLISH FOR NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS AND

PLACEMENTS 12 International English Language Testing System (IELTS) - Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) - Civil Service(Language related)- Verbal Ability.

UNIT IV INTERVIEW SKILLS

12

Different types of Interview format- answering questions- offering information- mock interviews-body language(paralinguistic features)- articulation of sounds- intonation.

UNITY SOFT SKILLS

12

Motivation- emotional intelligence-Multiple intelligences- emotional intelligence- managing changes-time management-stress management-leadership straits-team work- career planning - intercultural communication- creative and critical thinking

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

Teaching Methods:

- To be totally learner-centric with minimum teacher intervention as the course revolves around practice.
- Suitable audio/video samples from Podcast/YouTube to be used for illustrative purposes.
- Portfolio approach for writing to be followed. Learners are to be encouraged to blog, tweet, text and email employing appropriate language.
- GD/Interview/Role Play/Debate could be conducted off the laboratory (in a regular classroom) but learners are to be exposed to telephonic interview and video conferencing.
- Learners are to be assigned to read/write/listen/view materials outside the classroom as well for graining proficiency and better participation in the class.

Lab Infrastructure:

S. No.	Description of Equipment (minimum configuration)	Qty Required
1	Server	1 No.
	PIV System	
	1GBRAM/40GBHDD	
	OS: Win 2000 server	
	Audio card with headphones	
	• JRE 1.3	

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2	Client Systems	60 Nos.
	Pill or above	1
	 256 or 512 MB RAM / 40 GB HDD]
	OS. Win 2000]
	Audio card with headphones]
	• JRE 1.3	1
3	Handicam	1 No.
4	Television 46"	1 No.
5	Collar mike	1 No.
6	Cordless mike	1 No.
7	Audio Mixer	1 No.
8	DVD recorder/player	1 No.
9	LCD Projector with MP3/CD/DVD provision for Audio/video facility	1 No.

Evaluation:

Internal: 20 marks

Record maintenance: Students should write a report on a regular basis on the activities conducted, focusing on the details such as the description of the activity, ideas emerged, learning outcomes and so on. At the end of the semester records can be evaluated out of 20 marks.

External: 80 marks

 Online Test
 - 35 marks

 Interview
 - 15 marks

 Presentation
 - 15 marks

 Group Discussion
 - 15 marks

- Interview mock interview can be conducted on one-on-one basis.
- Speaking example for role play:
 - Marketing engineer convincing a customer to buy his product.
 - Telephonic conversation- fixing an official appointment / placing an order / enquiring and so on.
- Presentation should be extempore on simple topics.
- Discussion topics of different kinds, general topics, and case studies.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners should be able to

- Take international examination such as IELTS and TOEFL
- Make presentations and Participate in Group Discussions.
- Successfully answer questions in interviews.

REFERENCES:

- Business English Certificate Materials, Cambridge University Press.
- Graded Examinations in Spoken English and Spoken English for Work downloadable materials from Trinity College, London.
- International English Language Testing System Practice Tests, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Interactive Multimedia Programs on Managing Time and Stress.
- Personality Development (CD-ROM), Times Multimedia, Mumbai.
- Robert M Sherfield and et al. "Developing Soft Skills" 4th edition, New Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009.



30 03

OBJECTIVES:

To gain understanding of the basic principles of service orientation

To learn service oriented analysis techniques

To learn technology underlying the service design

To learn advanced concepts such as service composition, orchestration and Choreography

To know about various WS-* specification standards

UNIT I

Roots of SOA – Characteristics of SOA - Comparing SOA to client-server and distributed internet architectures – Anatomy of SOA- How components in an SOA interrelate - Principles of service orientation

UNIT II 9

Web services – Service descriptions – Messaging with SOAP –Message exchange Patterns – Coordination –Atomic Transactions – Business activities – Orchestration – Choreography - Service layer abstraction – Application Service Layer – Business Service Layer – Orchestration Service Layer

UNIT III 9

Service oriented analysis – Business-centric SOA – Deriving business services- service modeling - Service Oriented Design – WSDL basics – SOAP basics – SOA composition guidelines – Entity-centric business service design – Application service design – Taskcentric business service design

UNIT IV 9

SOA platform basics – SOA support in J2EE – Java API for XML-based web services (JAX-WS) - Java architecture for XML binding (JAXB) – Java API for XML Registries (JAXR) - Java API for XML based RPC (JAX-RPC)- Web Services Interoperability Technologies (WSIT) - SOA support in .NET – Common Language Runtime - ASP.NET web forms – ASP.NET web services – Web Services Enhancements (WSE)

UNIT V 9

WS-BPEL basics – WS-Coordination overview - WS-Choreography, WS-Policy, WS-Security

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

 Thomas Erl, "Service-Oriented Architecture: Concepts, Technology, and Design", Pearson Education, 2005.

REFERENCES:

- Thomas Erl, "SOA Principles of Service Design "(The Prentice Hall Service-Oriented Computing Series from Thomas Erl), 2005.
- Newcomer, Lomow, "Understanding SOA with Web Services", Pearson Education, 2005.
- Sandeep Chatterjee, James Webber, "Developing Enterprise Web Services, An Architect's Guide", Pearson Education, 2005.
- Dan Woods and Thomas Mattern, "Enterprise SOA Designing IT for Business Innovation" O'REILLY, First Edition, 2006

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UNIT I WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

7

Cellular systems- Frequency Management and Channel Assignment- types of handoff and their characteristics, dropped call rates & their evaluation -MAC - SDMA - FDMA - TDMA - CDMA - Cellular Wireless Networks

UNIT II WIRELESS NETWORKS

9

Wireless LAN - IEEE 802.11 Standards - Architecture - Services - Mobile Ad hoc Networks- WiFi and WiMAX - Wireless Local Loop

UNIT III MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

11

GSM-architecture-Location tracking and call setup- Mobility management- Handover-Security-GSM SMS -International roaming for GSM- call recording functions-subscriber and service data mgt --Mobile Number portability -VoIP service for Mobile Networks --GPRS --Architecture-GPRS procedures-attach and detach procedures-PDP context procedure-combined RA/LA update procedures-Billing

UNIT IV MOBILE NETWORK AND TRANSPORT LAYERS

9

Mobile IP – Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol-Mobile Ad Hoc Routing Protocols— Multicast routing-TCP over Wireless Networks – Indirect TCP – Snooping TCP – Mobile TCP – Fast Retransmit / Fast Recovery – Transmission/Timeout Freezing-Selective Retransmission – Transaction Oriented TCP-TCP over 2.5 / 3G wireless Networks

UNIT V APPLICATION LAYER

9

WAP Model- Mobile Location based services -WAP Gateway -WAP protocols - WAP user agent profile- caching model-wireless bearers for WAP - WML - WMLScripts - WTA - iMode- SyncML

TOTAL: 45PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 200UNIT III
- William Stallings, "Wireless Communications and Networks", Pearson Education, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- Kaveh Pahlavan, Prasanth Krishnamoorthy, "Principles of Wireless Networks", First Edition, Pearson Education, 200UNIT III
- Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing", Springer, 200UNIT III
- 3. C.K.Toh, "AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

CS2401

COMPUTER GRAPHICS

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Output primitives - Line, Circle and Ellipse drawing algorithms - Attributes of output primitives – Two dimensional Geometric transformation - Two dimensional viewing – Line, Polygon, Curve and Text clipping algorithms.

UNIT II 3D CONCEPTS

9

Parallel and Perspective projections - Three dimensional object representation -Polygons, Curved lines, Splines, Quadric Surfaces - Visualization of data sets - 3D transformations - Viewing - Visible surface identification.

UNIT III GRAPHICS PROGRAMMING

Color Models - RGB, YIQ, CMY, HSV - Animations - General Computer Animation, Raster, Keyframe - Graphics programming using OPENGL - Basic graphics primitives -Drawing three dimensional objects - Drawing three dimensional scenes

UNIT IV RENDERING

Introduction to Shading models - Flat and Smooth shading - Adding texture to faces -Adding shadows of objects - Building a camera in a program - Creating shaded objects Rendering texture – Drawing Shadows.

UNITV FRACTALS

Fractals and Self similarity - Peano curves - Creating image by iterated functions -Mandelbrot sets - Julia Sets - Random Fractals - Overview of Ray Tracing -Intersecting rays with other primitives - Adding Surface texture - Reflections and Transparency - Boolean operations on Objects

TOTAL: 45PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

- Donald Hearn, Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics C Version, second edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- F.S. Hill, Computer Graphics using OPENGL, Second edition. Pearson Education, 200UNIT III

REFERENCES:

 James D. Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K. Feiner, John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics- Principles and practice, Second Edition in C, Pearson Education, 2007.

IT2403 SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

LTPC

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INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Definition - Contract Management - Activities Covered By Software Project

Management - Overview Of Project Planning - Stepwise Project Planning.

PROJECT EVALUATION

Strategic Assessment - Technical Assessment - Cost Benefit Analysis - Cash Flow Forecasting - Cost Benefit Evaluation Techniques - Risk Evaluation.

UNIT III **ACTIVITY PLANNING**

Objectives - Project Schedule - Sequencing and Scheduling Activities - Network Planning Models - Forward Pass - Backward Pass - Activity Float - Shortening Project Duration - Activity on Arrow Networks - Risk Management - Nature Of Risk - Types Of

> 1.11had PRINCIPAL STREET, STR

UNIT IV MONITORING AND CONTROL

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FUNCTION CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

Creating Framework – Collecting The Data – Visualizing Progress – Cost Monitoring – Earned Value – Priortizing Monitoring – Getting Project Back To Target – Change Control – Managing Contracts – Introduction – Types Of Contract – Stages In Contract Placement – Typical Terms Of A Contract – Contract Management – Acceptance.

UNIT V MANAGING PEOPLE AND ORGANIZING TEAMS

Introduction – Understanding Behavior – Organizational Behaviour: A Background – Selecting The Right Person For The Job – Instruction In The Best Methods – Motivation – The Oldman – Hackman Job Characteristics Model – Working In Groups – Becoming A Team –Decision Making – Leadership – Organizational Structures – Stress –Health And Safety – Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45PERIODS

TEXT BOOK

 Bob Hughes, Mikecotterell, "Software Project Management", Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

REFERENCES

- Ramesh, Gopalaswamy, "Managing Global Projects", Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- Royce, "Software Project Management", Pearson Education, 1999.
- Jalote, "Software Project Management in Practice", Pearson Education, 2002.

IT2032 SOFTWARE TESTING

LTPC 300 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

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Testing as an Engineering Activity – Role of Process in Software Quality – Testing as a Process – Basic Definitions – Software Testing Principles – The Tester's Role in a Software Development Organization – Origins of Defects – Defect Classes – The Defect Repository and Test Design – Defect Examples – Developer/Tester Support for Developing a Defect Repository.

UNIT II TEST CASE DESIGN

Introduction to Testing Design Strategies – The Smarter Tester – Test Case Design Strategies – Using Black Box Approach to Test Case Design Random Testing – Requirements based testing – positive and negative testing — Boundary Value Analysis – decision tables - Equivalence Class Partitioning state-based testing – cause-effect graphing – error guessing - compatibility testing – user documentation testing – domain testing Using White–Box Approach to Test design – Test Adequacy Criteria – static testing vs. structural testing – code functional testing - Coverage and Control Flow Graphs – Covering Code Logic – Paths – Their Role in White–box Based Test Design – code complexity testing – Evaluating Test Adequacy Criteria.

UNIT III LEVELS OF TESTING

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The Need for Levels of Testing – Unit Test – Unit Test Planning –Designing the Unit Tests. The Test Harness – Running the Unit tests and Recording results – Integration tests – Designing Integration Tests – Integration Test Planning – scenario testing – defect bash elimination -System Testing – types of system testing - Acceptance testing – performance testing - Regression Testing – internationalization testing – ad-hoc testing - Alpha – Beta Tests – testing OO systems – usability and accessibility testing

UNIT IV TEST MANAGEMENT

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